SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ON LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL AFFAIRS AUSTRALIAN FEDERAL POLICE

Question No. 27

Senator Singh asked the following question at the hearing on 18 November 2013:

Senator SINGH: ... How many programs does the AFP run in partnership with the Indonesian police or government?

Mr Negus: A substantial amount. We have around 30 people working in Indonesia at the moment. That varies day by day, but it is around 30 people. That covers the full gamut—from people smuggling, which has 10 full-time people attached to it, through to counterterrorism and transnational crime issues. We also have a liaison officer down in Bali and a couple of people posted at the Jakarta centre for enforcement operations, which is a training facility in Semarang. It is quite a wide range of roles and responsibilities. As I said, we could provide you a list on notice—that would be easier than trying to step our way through it—but it is a substantial program.

Senator SINGH: How does that compare to other countries? Is 30 quite a lot? **Mr Negus:** It is the largest secondment from a liaison officer perspective. We have over 100 in the Solomon Islands, for instance; but in a liaison officer sense, it is the largest by far. I think the next largest would be about

Senator SINGH: What is the total cost of that operation in Indonesia? It would potentially be the largest cost as well?

Mr Negus: It certainly would—the largest offshore cost—not counting those peacekeeping and capacity-building measures that I mentioned before, such as RAMSI in the Solomon Islands.

Senator SINGH: Do you have that figure?

Mr Negus: We do not have the Indonesian cost with us; it goes across a range of different programs that we would have to aggregate back into one.

Senator SINGH: Can you take that on notice.

Mr Negus: Yes.

five or six.

Senator SINGH: How many Indonesian officers has the AFP trained in the last 12 months?

Mr Negus: Again, it is a difficult question to answer precisely. The Jakarta centre for law enforcement has trained about 14,000 officers from the region from about 49 different countries. Many of those are Indonesian, but many are from other countries as well. The 10 officers who work on people smuggling, for instance, work with these people on a day-to-day basis. They provide on-the-job training, expertise and advice. We have also got formal training courses around cybercrime and a range of other things. As I said, it would be quite a bit of work to pull that all together, but we have those figures on the number of people we have trained, in AFP programs at least, in that context in the last 12 months. But it extends far beyond the normal classroom training environment. We have officers seconded into the cybercrime centre, for instance, and it is a day-to-day mentoring relationship with them to help them understand the work in those environments. It is not classroom based specifically, but there are other programs where we will train in a classroom environment.

Senator SINGH: Maybe you could provide the committee with a summary of those programs—a quantum. **Mr Negus:** Yes, absolutely. We will do our best to pull that together into something meaningful for you, and the cost attached to it.

..

CHAIR: Commissioner, regarding the programs in Indonesia that you are going to get on notice for Senator Singh, can you indicate, perhaps in brackets, when those programs commenced?

Mr Negus: Yes. Many of them are longstanding and they have been renewed. They have had four-year funding and have again been renewed or given additional funds. We will try to give an account of when the programs started.

The answer to the honourable senator's question is as follows:

The Australian Federal Police ran 19 programs in partnership with the Indonesian police or government during the 2012-13 financial year.

The total cost of operations in Indonesia for 2012-13 was \$16.6m.

The total number of Indonesian officers trained during the 2012-13 financial year was 1264.

A summary of the programs run by the AFP in partnership with the Indonesian police or government during the 2012-13 financial year and the year of commencement is as follows:

| PROGRAM | COMMENCEMENT |
|---|---------------|
| Transnational Crime Program | Since 1980 |
| People Smuggling Program | Since 2000 |
| Transnational Crime Centre | Since 2002 |
| International Management of Serious | Since 2004 |
| Crime Training | |
| Disaster Victim Identification Training | Since 2005 |
| Casse Management and Intelligence | Since 2006 |
| System Training | |
| Financial Investigations Training | Since 2006 |
| Regional Executive Leadership Program | Since 2007 |
| Training | |
| Intelligence Training | Since 2008 |
| People Smuggling Training | Since 2008 |
| Surveillance Training | Since 2009 |
| Australian Bomb Data Centre | Since 2009 |
| Workshops | |
| Narcotic Sampling Analysis | Since 2009 |
| Prison Monitoring Program | December 2011 |
| Cyber Crime Training | Since 2012 |
| Terrorism Financing Training | Since 2012 |
| Interviewing (People Smuggling) | Since 2012 |
| Narcotics Investigations Training | Since 2012 |
| Human Source Training | Since 2012 |