ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 56

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Relationship with ANU

Proof Hansard page: 64

Senator RICE asked:

Senator RICE: Being based in Canberra, what has your relationship been like with ANU? Have you done work with them?

Ms Arthy: We probably have, but I would have to take that on notice in terms of what scientific work we have done. We do more work with CSIRO because they have more science that is relevant to us.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) works with consultants including academics from universities, depending on the nature of the expertise required for the work being undertaken.

As an example, the APVMA contracted the Centre of Excellence for Biosecurity Risk Analysis at the University of Melbourne to develop a risk assessment framework where the level of regulatory intervention is proportional to the risks associated with the application or chemical product.

The APVMA has no formal working relationship with the Australian National University.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 57

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: CSIRO

Proof Hansard page: 64-65

Senator RICE asked:

Senator RICE: Where is the CSIRO's expertise relevant to you? Where is that based?

Ms Arthy: That I do not know. I shall just check. I have just got advice that some of the expertise is here in Canberra, but we deal with such a wide variety of issues that we tend to work with agencies across Australia.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority utilises scientific expertise in relation to emerging technologies as required. In this regard, the CSIRO provides expertise in interference RNA (Perth, Western Australia location) and Gene Drive Technologies (Australian Animal Health Laboratories, Geelong Victoria location).

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 58

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Application timeframes

Proof Hansard page: 68

Senator CAROL BROWN asked:

Senator CAROL BROWN: Ms Arthy, what is the statutory time frame in which the APVMA must process applications?

Ms Arthy: There are actually 29 items and each one has a different time frame. To make things even more complicated, a couple of those items are known as modular, which means it depends on how much analysis we do. So there is not one answer for you, but it is in schedule 6 of our regulations, which we can provide you with.

Answer:

The statutory timeframes for assessment of applications under the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code 1994 are set out in Part 2 of Schedule 6 of the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemical Code Regulations 1995 which can be accessed through the Federal Register of Legislative Instruments https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/F2016C00660 and provides:

	Table of fees	and assessmer	nt periods		
Item	Item Description of application		Extended Assessment period (months)	Maximum pre application assistance rebate (\$)	Fee from 1 January 2015 (\$)
1	Application for approval of an active constituent contained in a chemical product, registration of the associated chemical product and approval of the product label requiring a full assessment of the active constituent and chemical product (other than a timeshift application)		25	1 400	96 135
2	Application for approval of an active constituent contained in a chemical product, registration of the associated chemical product and approval of the product label requiring less than full assessment of the active constituent	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment period, rounded up to the	1 400	The modular assessment fee

and chemical product (other than	nearest
timeshift application)	whole
	month, plus
	1 month

	ations for registration of a chemical produ product label	ict containing a	n approved acti	ve constituent a	and approval
3	Application for registration of a chemical product containing an approved active constituent, and approval of the product label (other than a timeshift application), if: (a) there is no registered chemical product containing the active constituent; and (b) a full assessment of the chemical product is required	18	25	1 050	64 620
4	Application (other than a timeshift application) for registration of a chemical product containing an approved active constituent, and approval of the product label, if: (a) there is a registered chemical product containing the active constituent; and (b) a full assessment of the chemical product is required; and (c) there are no relevant maximum residue limits; and (d) poison schedule classification is required	18	25	1 050	36 675
5	Application for registration of a chemical product containing an approved active constituent, and approval of the product label, if: (a) the chemical product is similar to a registered chemical product; and (b) chemistry and manufacture, efficacy or target species safety data is the only data required to demonstrate the similarity of the chemical product to the registered chemical product	8	12	700	4 870
6	Application for registration of a chemical product containing an approved active constituent, and approval of the product label, if: (a) the chemical product is closely similar to a registered chemical product; and (b) efficacy and safety data are not required to demonstrate the similarity of the chemical product to the registered chemical product; and (c) chemistry and manufacture data are required	8	12	700	4 290

7	Application for registration of a	3	5	350	1 755
'	chemical product containing an	3	3	330	1 /33
	approved active constituent, and				
	approval of the product label, if:				
	(a) the chemical product is closely				
	similar to a registered chemical				
	product; and				
	(b) efficacy and safety data are not				
	required to demonstrate the				
	similarity of the chemical product				
	to the registered chemical				
	product; and				
	(c) chemistry and manufacture data				
	are not required				
8	Application for registration of a	3	5	350	1 655
	chemical product containing an				
	approved active constituent, and				
	approval of the product label, if:				
	(a) the chemical product is the same as				
	a registered chemical product; and				
	(b) the chemical product is to be				
	registered with a different name				
9	Application for registration of a listed	2	4	350	1 595
	chemical product and approval of a				
	product label where the product and				
	label comply with an established				
	standard that has been approved in				
	accordance with section 8U of the				
	Code				
10	Application for registration of a	The modular	One and one	350	The modular
	chemical product containing an	assessment	third of the		assessment
	approved active constituent (or an	period	modular		fee
	active constituent for which the		assessment		
APVMA has received an application for			period,		
approval) and approval of the product			rounded up		
label for all situations other than those			to the		
described in items 3 to 9			nearest		
			whole		
			month, plus		
			1 month		
10A	Application for approval of a label for	The modular	One and one	350	The modular
	containers for a registered chemical	assessment	third of the		assessment
	product	period	modular		fee
			assessment		
			period,		
			rounded up		
			to the		
			nearest		
			whole		
			month, plus		
			1 month		
Applica	litions to vary a registration or label appro	val	2		ı
11	Application to vary particulars or	10	15	1 050	28 610
	conditions of registration or label				
	approval where a full assessment of				
	the chemical product is required				
					i l

12	Application to vary particulars or	1 2		350	1 170
12	Application to vary particulars or	3	5	350	1 170
	conditions of registration or label				
	approval if: (a) the variation is to allow a minor				
	(a) the variation is to allow a minor change; and				
	(b) no data of a technical nature is				
	required				
13	Application to vary particulars or	3	5	Nil	Nil
13	conditions of registration or label			14	14
	approval if:				
	(a) the variation is to allow a minor				
	change; and				
	(b) no data of a technical nature is				
	required; and				
	(c) the variation is a change required				
	by the APVMA				
13A	Application to vary a relevant	1	Not	Nil	175
	particular of an approval or		applicable		
	registration where the variation of the				
	relevant particular is a prescribed				
	variation under section 26B of the				
	Code				
14	Application to vary particulars or	The modular	One and one	350	The modular
	conditions of registration or label	assessment	third of the		assessment
	approval if the application is not of a	period	modular		fee
	kind described in any of items 11 to		assessment		
	13A		period,		
			rounded up		
			to the		
			nearest		
			whole		
			month, plus		
			1 month		
	ations for approval of an active constituer		1		
15	Application for approval of an active	14	20	1 400	30 550
	constituent requiring a full assessment				
	(other than a timeshift application)				
16	Application for approval of an active	9	13	700	18 805
	constituent requiring less than full				
	assessment but requiring a				
	toxicological assessment	_		700	2.45-
17	Application for approval of an active	7	11	700	3 155
	constituent requiring less than full				
	assessment but not requiring a				
Annlie	toxicological assessment	constituent			
18	ations for variation to an approved active Application to vary particulars or	7	11	700	2 465
10	conditions of an approved active	/	11	,00	2 403
	constituent				
Applic	ations for permits				
19	Application for a permit, or extension	3	5	350	350
	of a permit, to possess or supply, other				
	than for use in Australia, an active				
	constituent that is not an approved				
	active constituent or a chemical				
	product that is not a registered				
	chemical product, where no data of a				
	technical nature is required				
	common nature is required	1	1		_1

20	Application for a permit, or extension of a permit, where a previous assessment remains valid and no data	mit, where a previous ent remains valid and no data	5	350	350
21	of a technical nature is required Application for a permit, or extension of a permit, where the proposed use is a minor use	The modular assessment period	The modular assessment period, plus 6 months (unless the APVMA and the applicant agree to a shorter	350	350
22	Application for a permit, or extension of a permit, in respect of a chemical product or an active constituent if the proposed use of the chemical product or active constituent is determined by the APVMA to be an emergency use	Not applicable— (see sub- regulation 76(4))	period) Not applicable	Nil (see paragraph 70 (8)(b))	Nil (see paragraph 70(8)(b))
23	Application for a permit, or extension of a permit, in respect of a chemical product or an active constituent if the application is not of a kind described in any of items 19 to 22	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment period, rounded up to the nearest whole month, plus 1 month	350	The modular assessment fee
24	Application made under section 10 of the Code (other than those of the kinds described in any of items 1 to 10, 15, 16 or 17) requiring assessment of a technical nature	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment period, rounded up to the nearest whole month, plus 1 month	350	The modular assessment fee
25	Application for a technical assessment made under regulation 8AS	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment period, rounded up to the nearest whole month, plus 1 month	Nil	The modular assessment fee, plus GST
27	Timeshift application	The modular assessment period	Not applicable	1400	The modular assessment fee
28	Application made under subclause 10(1) of Schedule 3AA to make or vary an ingredient determination	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment	Nil	The modular assessment fee

			period, rounded up to the nearest whole month, plus 1 month		
29	Application made under regulation 19AEB to make an interchangeable constituent determination	The modular assessment period	One and one third of the modular assessment period, rounded up to the nearest whole month, plus 1 month	Nil	The modular assessment fee

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question 59

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Applications timeframe

Proof Hansard page: 68

Senator CAROL BROWN asked:

Senator CAROL BROWN: On that 83 per cent, are the applications on the less complex end? Can you give me some more information about that?

Ms Arthy: We can provide that information. We are about to publish the September quarter figures.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority publishes performance statistics for:

- a. major assessments, which have assessment periods over three months and require one or more technical assessments.
- b. non-technical assessments, which have assessment periods of three months or less.

For the period July to September 2016, timeframe performance for major and non-technical assessments was:

	Major Assessments	Non-technical assessments
Pesticides	64 per cent	95 per cent
Veterinary medicines	68 per cent	99 per cent
Total	66 per cent	97 per cent

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 60

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

In July 2014 (http://apvma.gov.au/node/97), the APVMA indicated that it was in the process of developing detailed guidelines to address issues of nanomaterials being used in agricultural products.

- a) Have detailed guidelines been developed?
- b) If no to a) are they being developed?
- c) If no to b) why not?
- d) If no to a), and advice (questions 3-5) has been provided to companies, on what basis was the advice provided if no guidelines were in place?
- e) If yes to a), when are they expected to be finalised?

Answer:

- a) No
- b) Guidelines are being developed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC), both of which the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) participates in.
- c) Not applicable.
- d) General advice on nanomaterials has been provided using existing APVMA guidelines for conventional products where applicable and guidance material from OECD and IUPAC.
- e) Not applicable.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 61

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

In September 2015, the APVMA noted that "relatively few applications have been commercialised in these sectors globally and only one product has been registered in Australia." (http://apvma.gov.au/sites/default/files/publication/15626-nanotechnologies-pesticides-veterinary-medicines_regulatory-considerations_july2015.pdf., p. 20

How many applications have been received by the APVMA since that time? (please provide details of the applications)

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority is not aware of receiving any applications for products containing nanomaterials since September 2015.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 62

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Glyphosate

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

In response to Senate Estimate question 3000, the APVMA noted that "The IARC report did not include an assessment of the risk of the formulated products when used as directed." Does the APVMA have any data on the level of compliance with glyphosate directions by:

- a) Primary producers
- b) Local councils
- c) Individuals

Answer:

No. The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority's legislative powers extend up to the point of retail sale - any issues of non-compliance with directions for use of glyphosate products are a matter for state control-of-use authorities.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 63

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Glyphosate

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

When were the current use directions for glyphosate put in place?

Answer:

Directions for use are set at the time of each individual product registration based on the comprehensive risk assessment undertaken by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) and reflecting the use patterns approved for each product.

Details of registered products are available on the APVMA website (apvma.gov.au) which show the registration date and approved directions for use for all registered products.

A number of glyphosate products were originally registered under state and territory regulatory frameworks and transitioned to the National Registration Scheme for Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals from 1994 to be managed by the APVMA.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 64

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Glyphosate

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

Has the level of human and environmental exposure to glyphosate increased since that time as a result of increased usage and higher dosages?

Answer:

Available evidence indicates that human and environmental exposure to glyphosate is not significant. The National Residue Survey undertaken by the Department of Agriculture and Water Resources rarely finds glyphosate above the legally permissible level (the Maximum Residue Limit – MRL). The most recent dietary survey conducted by Food Standards Australia New Zealand indicated that public exposure to glyphosate residues in food is well below the safe health limits. Glyphosate is short-lived in the environment and does not tend to be detected in soil or water. The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority is not aware of any environmental monitoring data to indicate that environmental exposure has increased.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 65

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Glyphosate

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

Can the APVMA provide a list of water supplies that have been tested for and have found to have traces of glyphosate in them?

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority does not undertake environmental testing or maintain a list of water supplies that have been tested for glyphosate. State catchment authorities and water bodies are responsible for monitoring the quality of the water supply, including drinking water, for the presence of microbiological and chemical agents.

The National Health and Medical Research Council maintains the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines, which indicates that glyphosate is generally not reported in analysis of Australian waters and is unlikely to be found in drinking water at levels that may cause health concerns.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 66
Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority
Topic: Glyphosate
Proof Hansard page: Written
Senator RICE asked:
Is there a federal body that collates pesticide pollution of water supplies gathered from federa testing and state testing?
Answer:
No.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 67

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Relocation

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator XENOPHON asked:

Has APVMA surveyed staff as to how many will shift to Armidale?

a) If so, by what category of management/staff type, what percentage of staff will move?

b) If not, why not?

Answer:

Yes, the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority surveyed staff in July 2015 about their willingness to move to Armidale and Toowoomba. The survey was completed by 158 staff, with 14 staff indicating their willingness to move to Armidale and/or Toowoomba.

The survey did not provide percentages of staff by category willing to move only to Armidale. However, the percentages of staff by category willing to move to Armidale and/or Toowoomba is in the table below.

	Risk Managers Pesticide	Risk Managers Veterinary Medicines	Technical specialists	Legal, Compliance, Licensing	Case Management, Corporate	Total
APS 1-6 staff willing to relocate	3 (14%)	1 (7%)	1 (3%)	1 (4%)	4 (6%)	10
SES/EL staff willing to relocate	0	0	2 (6%)	1 (4%)	1 (2%)	4
Total survey respondents	22	15	31	28	62	158

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

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Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 68

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Florentine Gold

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator XENOPHON asked:

With respect to the small South Australian company, Florentine Gold, who have been advised that their insect repellent cannot be advertise due to of ss. 75 and 78 of the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994 (Agvet Code) and s. 88 of the Agvet Code:

Noting their product is said to be made up of 100% natural content and contains no chemicals, how does it fall within the bounds of Act?

Answer:

The Florentine Gold is a personal insect repellent. Personal insect repellents are declared to be agricultural chemical products under Schedule 3, Part 2 of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Regulations 1995*, and therefore require Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) registration before they can be sold or advertised.

Possession with intent to supply (section.75), the supply (section.78) and advertising (section.88) of agricultural chemical products that are not registered are possible contraventions of the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code Act 1994*.

A number of personal insect repellent products containing naturally derived chemicals such as citronella oil, eucalyptus oil and melaleuca oil have been registered by the APVMA.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 69

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

How many of those companies were advised that they should apply for approval?

Please table the advice provided to each of these companies.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) is aware of contact from three companies and organisations regarding agricultural and/or veterinary chemical products that contain nanomaterials. General advice about the regulatory environment and the APVMA application process was provided to these companies and organisations.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 70

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Average length of service by staff

Proof Hansard page: 47

Senator BACK asked:

Senator BACK: What number of FTE staff do you have now?

Ms Arthy: At the moment we have 190 FTE.

Senator BACK: Are they represented by 190 people, or are they—

Ms Arthy: The head count is 195 people.

Senator BACK: And length of service: what is the average length of service? Do you have that

figure, or can you take it on notice?

Ms Arthy: I will have to take that on notice.

Answer:

The average length of service for all Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) employees as at 18 October 2016 was 5.8 years. The average length of services for all on-going APVMA employees as at 18 October 2016 was 6.5 years.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 71

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Face to face meetings

Proof Hansard page: 66

Senator RICE asked:

Senator RICE: Do you have regular meetings with Canberra bureaucrats and ministers and ministers' staff?

Ms Arthy: Certainly we meet with the department. We would meet weekly on several issues. We also work very closely with our regulatory partners—counterparts like the TGA, the industrial chemicals regulator and Food Standards. We do work fairly closely with them as well.

Senator RICE: How many face-to-face meetings in Canberra would staff currently have?

Ms Arthy: I would have to take that on notice if you wanted an exact figure, but I would say we would have meetings nearly daily on a few of these things.

Senator RICE: How many staff would have meetings daily in Canberra?

Ms Arthy: I do not know. I would be plucking a number out of the air. I would have to take that on notice if you want something more accurate.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) surveyed SES and EL2 staff on the total number of face-to-face meetings held with external stakeholders in Canberra (at the APVMA or off-site) between 1 July to 30 September 2016. The APVMA also reviewed the number of face-to-face meetings held under the pre-application assistance program.

Based on this, on average, the APVMA had 109 face-to-face meetings with external stakeholders per month in Canberra (at the APVMA or off-site) between 1 July to 30 September 2016.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 72

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

According to the APVMA website until March 2014, "Assessment of agricultural and veterinary chemicals and chemical products currently registered in Australia has not identified any to contain engineered nanomaterials."

That claim has now been removed.

Has the APVMA identified any agricultural or veterinary chemicals in use in Australia that contain nanomaterials?

- a) If yes, please identify those chemicals.
- b) If no, please indicate what steps have been taken between March 2014 and the present to determine whether any agricultural or veterinary chemicals are in use in Australia.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) is aware of one veterinary chemicals product and no agricultural chemical products registered for use by the APVMA in Australia that contain nanomaterials.

- a) The registered product is Propoclear (product Number. 62710).
- b) Not applicable.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 73

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

In reply to Senate Question 882 asked on 26th September 2014, the Minister for Agriculture indicated that - in relation to products that contain nanomaterials - "applicants are advised to contact the APVMA to discuss their specific requirements before making an application."

Does this mean that the APVMA no longer maintains that "existing substances reformulated at the nanoscale would be considered as new substances" as the APVMA indicated in its 2008 publication The APVMA and Nanotechnology?

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority maintains that existing substances reformulated at the nanoscale would be considered as new substances.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 74

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

How many companies have contacted the APVMA regarding:

- a) agricultural products containing nanomaterials?
- b) veterinary products containing nanomaterials?

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority is aware of contact from three companies and organisations regarding agricultural and/or veterinary chemical products that contain nanomaterials, two for agricultural products and one for a veterinary medicine product.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 75

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

How many companies were advised that no application was necessary?

a) Please table advice provided to each of these companies.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority is not aware of any companies being advised that no registration application is necessary for products containing nanomaterials.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

Supplementary Budget Estimates October 2016

Agriculture and Water Resources

Question: 76

Division/Agency: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority

Topic: Nanomaterials

Proof Hansard page: Written

Senator RICE asked:

How many of these products are now commercially available in Australia?

a) Please identify the products.

Answer:

The Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority is aware of one agricultural or veterinary chemicals in use in Australia that contain nanomaterials.

a) Propoclear, Product No. 62710