Senate Standing Committee on Environment and Communications Legislation Committee

Answers to questions on notice **Environment and Energy portfolio**

Question No: 123

Hearing: Additional Estimates

Outcome: Outcome 2

Program: Domestic Emissions Reduction Division (DERD)

Topic: Carbon

Hansard Page:

Question Date: 2 March 2017

Question Type: Written

Senator Roberts asked:

Why has your department, staffed by carbon based life forms, use the term carbon pollution in describing carbon dioxide?

By carbon do you mean carbon dioxide? Does the department have some agenda that prevents you from using the correct terms?

Will your department now stop using the term carbon pollution?

Answer:

The terms 'carbon' and 'carbon pollution' are internationally recognised terms when referring to greenhouse gas emissions. The gases that are collectively known as greenhouse gases and reportable in the national greenhouse gas inventory are:

- carbon dioxide, CO₂
- methane, CH₄
- nitrous oxide, N₂O
- hydrofluorocarbons, HFC-23, HFC-32, HFC-41, HFC-43-10mee, HFC-125, HFC-134, HFC-134a, HFC-143a, HFC-152, HFC-152a, HFC-161, HFC-227ea, HFC-236cb, HFC-236ea, HFC-236fa, HFC-245ca, HFC-245fa, HFC-365mfc
- perfluorocarbons, CF₄, C₂F₆, C₃F₈, C₄F₁₀, C-C₄F₈, C₅F₁₂, C₆F₁₄, C₁₀F₁₈, c-C₃F₆
- sulphur hexafluoride, SF₆
- nitrogen trifluoride, NF₃