Senate Community Affairs Committee

ANSWERS TO ESTIMATES QUESTIONS ON NOTICE

HEALTH PORTFOLIO

Supplementary Budget Estimates 2016 - 2017, 19 October 2016

Ref No: SQ16-000573

OUTCOME: 5 - Regulation, Safety and Protection

Topic: GM Categorisation

Type of Question: Written Question on Notice

Senator: Rice, Janet

Ouestion:

- a) Which of the following techniques does the OGTR consider to be gene technology at this point?
- * Pioneer Hi-Bred International's proprietary seed production technology (SPT); * reverse breeding;
- * Cisgenesis and intragenesis;
- * GM rootstock grafting;
- * Oligo-directed mutagenesis (ODM);
- * Zinc-finger nuclease (ZFN) technology;
- * accelerated breeding following induction of early flowering;
- *) Transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs);
- * Type II clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeats (CRISPR) /Cas systems;
- * Meganucleases:
- * Triplex-forming oligonucleotides; and/or
- * Agro-infiltration.
- b) Which of the following techniques does the OGTR consider result in GMOs at this point?
- * Pioneer Hi-Bred International's proprietary seed production technology (SPT);
- * reverse breeding;
- * Cisgenesis and intragenesis;
- * GM rootstock grafting;
- * Oligo-directed mutagenesis (ODM);
- * Zinc-finger nuclease (ZFN) technology;
- * accelerated breeding following induction of early flowering:
- * Transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs);
- * Type II clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeats (CRISPR) /Cas systems;
- * Meganucleases;
- * Triplex-forming oligonucleotides; and/or
- * Agro-infiltration.
- c) Has the OGTR issued any advice regarding whether any of these techniques are considered gene technology or not?
- i. Please table this advice.
- ii. if advice has been issued, does the OGTR consider that the recipient of the advice may legally act upon this advice?
- iii. if yes to ii., is the OGTR aware whether any of the recipients of advice have acted upon this advice?

- iv. if yes to iii., please describe
- v. If no to iii., would the OGTR act to prevent to a recipient of advice from acting on that advice?
- vi.) Would the OGTR agree that a court is unlikely to reverse an action by a recipient based on advice received from the OGTR?
- d) Has the OGTR issued any advice regarding whether any of these techniques result in GMOs or not?
- i. Please table this advice.
- ii. if advice has been issued, does the OGTR consider that the recipient of the advice may legally act upon this advice?
- iii. if yes to ii., is the OGTR aware whether any of the recipients of advice have acted upon this advice?
- iv. if yes to iii., please describe
- v. If no to iii., would the OGTR act to prevent to a recipient of advice from acting on that advice?
- vi. Would the OGTR agree that a court is unlikely to reverse an action by a recipient based on advice received from the OGTR?

Answer:

- a) OGTR considers the following techniques to be gene technology:
- Pioneer Hi-Bred International's proprietary seed production technology
- cisgenesis and intragenesis
- oligo-directed mutagenesis
- agro-infiltration.

OGTR would require more detailed information on the specific technique in question to answer whether the following are gene technology:

- Zinc-finger nuclease technology
- accelerated breeding following induction of early flowering
- Transcription activator-like effector nucleases
- Type II clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeats/Cas systems
- Meganucleases
- Triplex-forming oligonucleotides.
- b) OGTR considers the following techniques to result in GMOs:
- Pioneer Hi-Bred International's proprietary seed production technology, when genetic modifications or their resulting traits are present
- cisgenesis and intragenesis
- GM rootstock grafting
- oligo-directed mutagenesis
- agro-infiltration, when genetically modified *Agrobacterium* or a trait resulting from genetic modification is present.

OGTR would require more detailed information on the specific technique in question to answer whether the following result in GMOs:

- reverse breeding
- Zinc-finger nuclease technology;
- accelerated breeding following induction of early flowering
- Transcription activator-like effector nucleases
- Type II clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeats/Cas systems
- Meganucleases
- Triplex-forming oligonucleotides.

- c) Yes.
 - i. To provide this information would involve an unreasonable diversion of departmental resources.
 - ii. The OGTR does not give legal advice.
 - iii. Not applicable.
 - iv. Not applicable.
 - v. Not applicable
 - vi. The OGTR cannot speculate upon the outcome of matters that may go before a court.

d) Yes.

- i. To provide this information would involve an unreasonable diversion of departmental resources.
- ii-vi. See c) ii-vi above.