

Correspondence to: **FASSTT** P.O. Box 96 Parkville, VIC 3052

**ASeTTS: Association of Services** to Torture and Trauma Survivors

Address: 3rd Floor, Bon Marche Arcade, 80 Barrack Street, Perth, WA 6000 Telephone: 08 9325 6272

**Companion House** 

Address: 41 Fairfax Street. O'Connor, ACT 2602 Telephone: 02 6247 7227

**Phoenix Support Service for** Survivors of Torture and Trauma

Address: 49 Molle Street. Hobart, TAS 7000 Telephone: 03 6234 9330 and 03 6234 9138

**QPASTT: Queensland Program of Assistance to Survivors of Torture** and Trauma

> Postal Address: P. O. Box 6254, Fairfield, QLD 4103 Telephone: 07 3391 6677

STARTTS: Service for the Treatment and Rehabilitation of **Torture and Trauma Survivors** Postal Address:

> P. O. Box 203, Fairfield, NSW 2165 Telephone: 02 9794 1900

STTARS: Survivors of Torture and Trauma Assistance and **Rehabilitation Service** 

Address: 12 Hawker Street. Bowden, SA 5007 Telephone: 08 8346 5433

Melaleuca Refugee Centre: Torture and Trauma Survivors Service of the Northern Territory

Postal Address: P. O. Box 1226, Nightcliff, NT 0814 Telephone: 08 8985 3311

VFST: Victorian Foundation for **Survivors of Torture** 

Postal Address: P.O. Box 96. Parkville, VIC 3052 Telephone: 03 9388 0022 Ms Jenny Cochran Joint Standing Committee on Treaties Parliament of Australia Parliament House Canberra ACT 2600

January 30 2004

Dear Ms Cochran,

OPCAT Submission No: ...J.Q......

RE: Submission to the Inquiry of the Joint Standing Committee on Treaties into the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment

Please find enclosed a submission to the aforementioned inquiry from the Forum of Australian Services for Survivors of Torture and Trauma (FASSTT).

FASSTT welcomes the opportunity to provide comments to this important inquiry and as mentioned in the submission itself, would be pleased to attend a hearing to elaborate the basis of our view if this should be required.

I can be contacted on (03) 9388 0022 should this be necessary.

Sincerely,

Paris Aristotle AM Co-Convenor

**FASSTT** 



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Submission to the Inquiry of the Joint Standing Committee on Treaties into the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment

ASeTTS: Association of Services to Torture and Trauma Survivors Address: 3rd Floor, Bon Marche Arcade The Forum of Australian Services for Survivors of Torture and Trauma (FASSTT) welcomes the opportunity to make this submission to the Joint Standing Committee on Treaties.

Address: 3rd Floor, Bon Marche Arcade, 80 Barrack Street, Perth, **WA** 6000 Telephone: 08 9325 6272

FASSTT is a coalition of eight agencies – one in each state and territory - that respond to the needs of survivors of torture and trauma who have come to Australia from overseas. Member agencies seek to combat the impact of torture on the individual, the family and the community through health assessment and referral, information provision, counselling and advocacy, training of other service providers, research and service innovation. The agencies have been delivering these services for between eight and 16 years and their work is considered to be expert nationally and internationally. FASSTT agencies are currently the principal contractors to the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs to provide services to refugees in the initial period of their settlement and the only agencies funded to provide health care to people released from immigration detention on health grounds.

## Companion House Address: 41 Fairfax Street.

O'Connor, **ACT** 2602 Telephone: 02 6247 7227

**Phoenix Support Service for** 

Survivors of Torture and Trauma Address: 49 Molle Street, Hobart, TAS 7000

Telephone: 03 6234 9330 and 03 6234 9138

During the last decade, Australia has received more than 100,000 people through its humanitarian program. Research suggests that a majority of refugees coming to Australia have physical and mental health problems related directly to torture experiences or associated refugee related trauma. Thousands have been clients of member agencies of FASSTT.

## QPASTT: Queensland Program of Assistance to Survivors of Torture and Trauma

Postal Address: P. O. Box 6254, Fairfield, **QLD** 4103 Telephone: 07 3391 6677

FASSTT commends successive Australian governments that have assisted survivors of torture and trauma through the humanitarian program and the provision of assistance to those who have settled in this country. The humanitarian program and the services for refugees are a concrete manifestation of Australia's abhorrence of the practice of torture and its willingness to contribute to the international community's efforts to assist people who right to be free of torture have been violated. We believe that consistent with these core values, Australia could also make a significant contribution to stopping and preventing torture and ill-treatment by ratifying the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.

## STARTTS: Service for the Treatment and Rehabilitation of Torture and Trauma Survivors

Postal Address: P. O. Box 203, Fairfield, **NSW** 2165 Telephone: 02 9794 1900

In the course of our work, members of FASSTT have learned much from survivors of torture and trauma about diverse forms of torture and ill treatment and about circumstances which contribute to the widespread occurrence and persistence of these human rights violations. People who are deprived of their liberty are most at risk of being subjected to torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment because their well being is utterly dependent on the officials detaining them and their plight is hidden from the outside world.

## STTARS: Survivors of Torture and Trauma Assistance and Rehabilitation Service

Address: 12 Hawker Street, Bowden, **SA** 5007 Telephone: 08 8346 5433

and Trauma Survivors Service of the Northern Territory Postal Address: P. O. Box 1226, Nightcliff, NT 0814 Telephone: 08 8985 3311

Melaleuca Refugee Centre: Torture

VFST: Victorian Foundation for Survivors of Torture

Postal Address: P.O. Box 96, Parkville, VIC 3052 Telephone: 03 9388 0022 Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishments are commonly thought of as arising from deliberate acts which are officially approved or condoned. While there are indeed states and institutions in which physical and mental harm is intentionally inflicted at the instigation of officials or with their knowledge, people deprived of their liberty in other states and institutions are also frequently harmed as a result of neglect or ignorance by officials.

Many people who are detained in prisons, psychiatric institutions, detention facilities for asylum seekers and other institutions are particularly at risk because of factors such as their youth or because they have experienced traumatic events.

FASSTT has no doubt that independent scrutiny of places of detention – which the Optional Protocol is concerned to strengthen - is a critical component of measures essential to stop and prevent torture and deliberate or inadvertent cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. The Optional Protocol constitutes an innovative mechanism to assist states throughout the world to take concrete steps to prevent these violations occurring.

We are mindful of the weaknesses of the Optional Protocol, for example that it will not apply to countries with appalling human rights records which decline to ratify it. The Protocol will however contribute to enhancing safeguards against torture and ill-treatment in every country that does ratify it. Australia has systems of inspection of various types of institutions in which people deprived of liberty are detained. The activities of these inspection systems would be complemented, not duplicated, by the work of the panel of international, multi-disciplinary experts established to implement the Optional Protocol. That is the view taken by the UK Government, which ratified the Optional Protocol although its places of detention are subject to scrutiny by domestic bodies and the European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. Other European countries including Austria, Denmark, Finland, Italy, Norway and Sweden have signed the Optional Protocol, indicating that they also consider the additional inspection regime to be an important initiative for improved protection of human rights.

In the year in which Australia has the honour of chairing the United Nations Human Rights Commission, ratification of the Optional Protocol would provide a strong demonstration of the country's commitment to strengthening the international human rights machinery. It would enhance our authority in human rights discussions that take place bilaterally and in multilateral forums such as the Commonwealth. We could represent an influential example in the Asia-Pacific region where, at the time of writing, only New Zealand has signed the Optional Protocol.

The functioning of the Subcommittee and secretariat established under the Optional Treaty will be funded from the regular budget of the UN, which will assist developing states willing to ratify the treaty but who would not otherwise have the resources to obtain detailed advice from international experts about their detention systems. FASSTT understands that the cost of establishing the Subcommittee and its work over a two year period has been estimated as approximately \$US two million dollars, which is less than 0.1% of the UN regular budget.

If increasing numbers of countries signal their determination to combat torture by ratifying the Protocol, even when they consider their current domestic mechanisms to be adequate, this will strengthen international and internal pressure on governments which do want to avoid exposure of their institutions. Australia's refusal to ratify the Optional Protocol would certainly provide a useful precedent for other governments to cite in support of their refusal to ratify.

The Optional Protocol does not impose any legal obligations on Australia which are inconsistent with the nation's commitment under other international instruments, to take effective action to stop and prevent torture and ill-treatment. Nor does it impose any undue financial obligations on Australia with respect to either national or international inspections by experts.

FASSTT is therefore persuaded that there are strong domestic and international reasons for Australia to ratify the Optional Protocol. If the Committee desires, we would be pleased to attend a hearing to elaborate the basis of our view.