

Inquiry into Integration of Regional Rail and Road Networks and their Interface with Ports

The Rail Perspective

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Role of Rail

The Issues







Role of Rail

 Table 1
 Estimated road/rail market share of export grain transport task

state	export volume	% on rail	volume (mt)		average distance (kms)		total ntks	
	(mt)		rail	road	rail	road	rail	road
NSW	3.00	95%	2.85	0.15	400	250	1.14	0.04
Qld	1.00	80%	0.80	0.20	300	150	0.24	0.03
Vic	4.00	75%	3.00	1.00	350	200	1.05	0.20
SA	5.00	60%	3.00	2.00	250	100	0.75	0.20
WA	10.00	60%	6.00	4.00	250	100	1.50	0.40
Total (mt)	23.00		15.65	7.35			4.68	0.87
			68%	32%			84%	16%



The Issues

- Grain Handling
 Inefficiencies
- AWB Charter
- Rail Inefficiencies
- Under Investment in Track and Rollingstock
- Failure of Competition





Grain System

Scenario 1 – pre competitive





Grain System

Scenario 2 – post-competitive





Rail Revenues

Table 2 Comparison of rail revenue earning outcomes from pre- and post-competitive network scenarios

	Silos											
	G	В	RS	Ν	BC	L	WW	Т	W	Q	С	Total
Scenario 1												
tonnes ('000s)	150	150	150	100	80	120	150	200	120	80	80	1,380
rate (\$/tonne)	30	28	30	30	30	30	27	25	28	25	23	27.86
revenue (\$000)	4,500	4,200	4,500	3,000	2,400	3,600	4,050	5,000	3,360	2,000	1,840	38,450
Scenario 2												
tonnes ('000s)	180	180	90	95	80	80	100	250	140	100	85	1,380
rate (\$/tonne)	25	22	32	32	25	32	25	20	22	20	18	23.95
revenue (\$000)	4,500	3,960	2,880	3,040	2,000	2,560	2,500	5,000	3,080	2,000	1,530	33,050



Efficiency Drivers for Grain Rail

Characteristics	Efficient Operations	Traditional Operations		
Silo Load Rate	1,000 tph	200 tph		
Siding Length	42 wagons	15 wagons		
Silo Operating Hours	24 hours 7 days per week	Mostly 8 Hours 5 days per week		
Track	23t axle loads	15t – 19t axle loads		
Track Speed	80 kmph	30 kmph		
Wagon Capacity	67t - 72t	< 50 t		



Grain Storage Sites

State	Owner	Number of Locations		
	GrainCorp	52		
QLD	AWB GrainFlow	4		
	GrainCorp	193		
NSW	AWB GrainFlow	9		
IN SVV	Australian Bulk Alliance	3		
	Other	3		
	GrainCorp	116		
VIC	AWB GrainFlow	5		
VIC	Australian Bulk Alliance	6		
	Other	3		
	ABB Grain	117		
SA	AWB GrainFlow	4		
J SA	GrainCorp	1		
	Other	3		
WA	Cooperative Bulk Handling	198		
TOTAL	717			

✤ 47 > 1000 tph➢ 20 WA

➢ 19 AWB



AWB Charter

- Monopoly powers both external and internal.
- AWB is rewarded as a marketing organisation for continually driving costs out of the supply chain.
- Competition is encouraged to provide greater leverage.
- Who is responsible for sustainability?





Rail Inefficiencies

- Operating on Lines that are not Economically Viable
- Small Locos & Wagons, Low Speeds due to Track Condition
- Industrial conditions that do not Allow Flexibility during Seasonal Fluctuations



Inherited Maintenance Deficit

- Significant on Many Lines
- Costs of Rectification is Above any Viable Economic Return
- Low Volume Branch Lines Must Close to Allow Sustainable Investment





Productivity / Competition

- Road / Rail Pricing Lacks Transparency and Equity
- Rail's Competition is Road not Rail
- Cost of Road and Grain Transfer Across to Road is Masked
- Economic Regulation Away from Economic Service Provision to Sustainable Investment Capacity



Negative Spiral

- No Certainty No Return – No Investment – More on Road
- Increase Road Maintenance – More Trucks
- Community Concerns Increase Cost
- Not Sustainable



'CSO's expire 2007'



What Needs to Be Done

- Reduce number of Depots
- Close Low Volume Branch Lines
- Improve Loading Rates at Depots
- Improve Asset Utilisation and Operating Hours
- Establish a Planned and Coordinated Road/Rail System



Integrated Supply Chain

- Participants Start Working Together Rather Than Self Interest
- Industry as a Whole can Force the Required Change
- Commit to Supply Chain Model
- Government can Have Confidence it is Investing in an Optimised Network
- \$ required from Grain, Rail, Road and Governments at all levels





Provide Government with a Solution Not a Problem

