2010-2011

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Presented and read a first time

Extradition and Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Legislation Amendment Bill 2011

No. , 2011

(Justice)

A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to extradition and mutual assistance in criminal matters, and for related purposes

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Extradition and Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Legislation Amendment Bill 2011
 No. , 2011

A Bill for an Act to amend the law relating to

2 extradition and mutual assistance in criminal

³ matters, and for related purposes

⁴ The Parliament of Australia enacts:

5 1 Short title

6

7

This Act may be cited as the *Extradition and Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Legislation Amendment Act 2011.*

8 2 Commencement

9	(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table
10	commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with
11	column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect
12	according to its terms.
13	

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Commencement information		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day after this Act receives the Royal Assent.	
2. Schedule 1	A single day to be fixed by Proclamation.	
	However, if the provision(s) do not commence within the period of 6 months beginning on the day this Act receives the Royal Assent, they commence on the day after the end of that period.	
3. Schedule 2, items 1 to 34	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
4. Schedule 2, item 35	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
	However, if item 20 of Schedule 1 to the <i>Migration Amendment (Complementary Protection) Act 2011</i> commences before that time, the provision(s) do not commence at all.	
5. Schedule 2, items 36 to 139	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
6. Schedule 3, items 1 to 49	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
7. Schedule 3, item 50	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
	However, if item 2 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2011 has not commenced before that time, the provision(s) do not commence at all.	
8. Schedule 3, items 51 and 52	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
9. Schedule 3, item 53	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
	However, if item 2 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2011 has not commenced before that time, the provision(s) do not commence at all.	
10. Schedule 3, items 54 to 168	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
11. Schedule 4,	The later of:	
item 1	(a) the commencement of the provision(s) covered by table item 2; and	
	(b) immediately after the commencement of item 20 of Schedule 1 to the <i>Migration</i> <i>Amendment (Complementary Protection)</i> <i>Act 2011.</i>	
	However, the provision(s) do not commence at all if the event mentioned in paragraph (b) does not occur.	
12. Schedule 4, item 2	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	
	However, if item 2 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2011 commences before that time, the provision(s) do not commence at all.	
13. Schedule 4, item 3	Immediately after the commencement of item 2 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment Act 2011</i> .	
	However, if item 2 of Schedule 2 to the <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment Act</i> 2011 does not commence, the provision(s) do not commence at all.	
14. Schedule 4, item 4	At the same time as the provision(s) covered by table item 2.	

Commencement i	nformation	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provision(s)	Commencement	Date/Details
	However, if item 2 of Schedule 2 to <i>Cybercrime Legislation Amendment</i> 2011 commences before that time, t provision(s) do not commence at all	at Act the
Note:	This table relates only to the provisio enacted. It will not be amended to dea this Act.	
Infor	2) Any information in column 3 of the table is not part of this Act. Information may be inserted in this column, or information in it may be edited, in any published version of this Act.	
3 Schedule(s)		
repea conce	Act that is specified in a Schedule ed as set out in the applicable item rned, and any other item in a Sche ding to its terms.	ns in the Schedule

Scl	nedule 1—General amendments relating to extradition and mutual assistance in criminal matters
Par	t 1—Amendments relating to Federal Magistrates
Extr	radition Act 1988
1 S	ection 5
	Insert:
	<i>Federal Magistrate</i> , other than in section 45A, means a Federal Magistrate in relation to whom a consent under subsection $45A(1)$ and a nomination under subsection $45A(2)$ are in force.
2 S	ection 5 (before paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>magistrate</i>)
	Insert:
	(aa) a Federal Magistrate; or
3 S	ubsection 21(1)
	Omit "of a State or Territory".
4 S	ubsection 35(1)
	Omit "of a State or Territory".
5 A	fter section 45
	Insert:
45A	Federal Magistrates—consent to nomination
	(1) A Federal Magistrate may, by writing, consent to be nominated by the Attorney-General under subsection (2).
	(2) The Attorney-General may, by writing, nominate a Federal Magistrate in relation to whom a consent is in force under subsection (1) to be a magistrate for the purposes of this Act.
	(3) A nomination under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.

Schedule 1 General amendments relating to extradition and mutual assistance in criminal matters

Part 1 Amendments relating to Federal Magistrates

45B	Magistrates—personal capacity
	(1) A function or power conferred on a magistrate by this Act is
	conferred on the magistrate:
	(a) in a personal capacity; and
	(b) not as a court or a member of a court.
	(2) A magistrate (other than a Federal Magistrate) need not accept a function or power conferred.
	(3) A magistrate has, in relation to the performance or exercise of a function or power conferred on the magistrate by this Act, the sam protection and immunity as if he or she were exercising that function or power as, or as a member of, the court of which the magistrate is a member.
6 5	Subparagraph 55(c)(vii)
	Omit "of magistrates,".
Mu	tual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
78	Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	<i>Federal Magistrate</i> , other than in section 38ZC, means a Federal Magistrate in relation to whom a consent under subsection 38ZC(1) and a nomination under subsection 38ZC(2) are in force
8 5	Subsection 3(1) (before paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>Magistrate</i>)
	Insert:
	(aa) except in Division 2 of Part VI—a Federal Magistrate; or
9 A	At the end of section 38C
	Add:
	(8) To avoid doubt, subsections (6) and (7) do not apply if the
	Magistrate is a Federal Magistrate.
10	Magistrate is a Federal Magistrate. Before section 39

1	38ZC Federal Magistrates—consent to nomination
2	(1) A Federal Magistrate may, by writing, consent to be nominated by
3	the Attorney-General under subsection (2).
4	(2) The Attorney-General may, by writing, nominate a Federal
5 6	Magistrate in relation to whom a consent is in force under subsection (1) to be a Magistrate for the purposes of this Act.
7	(3) A nomination under subsection (2) is not a legislative instrument.
8	38ZD Magistrates—personal capacity
9	(1) A function or power conferred on a Magistrate by this Act is
10	conferred on the Magistrate:
11	(a) in a personal capacity; and
12	(b) not as a court or a member of a court.
13	(2) A Magistrate (other than a Federal Magistrate) need not accept a
14	function or power conferred.
15	(3) A Magistrate has, in relation to the performance or exercise of a
16	function or power conferred on the Magistrate by this Act, the
17	same protection and immunity as if he or she were exercising that
18	function or power as, or as a member of, the court of which the
19	Magistrate is a member.
20	11 Paragraph 44(c)
21	Omit "of Magistrates,".
22	

Schedule 1 General amendments relating to extradition and mutual assistance in criminal matters

Part 2 Amendments relating to information sharing

Part 2—Amendments relating to information sharing

2	Extradition	Act	1988
2	LAHUUUUU	AU	1/00

- 3 **12** After section 54
 - Insert:

1

4

5

6

54A Collection, use or disclosure of personal information for extradition purposes—the *Privacy Act 1988*

(1) The collection, use or disclosure of personal information about an
individual is taken to be authorised by law for the purposes of the
Privacy Act 1988 if the collection, use or disclosure is reasonably
necessary for the purposes of the extradition of one or more
persons to or from Australia, including making, or considering
whether to make, an extradition request.

- 13 (2) In this section:
- *personal information* has the same meaning as in the *Privacy Act 1988.*

16 *Migration Act 1958*

17	13 After paragraph 336E(2	2)(ga)
18	Insert:	
19	(gb) is for the purpo	ses of the extradition of persons to or from
20	Australia, inclu	ding the making of, or the consideration of
21	whether to make	te, a request for extradition; or
22	(gc) is for the purpo	ses of:
23	(i) the provis	ion, or proposed provision, of international
24	assistance	in criminal matters by the Attorney-General,
25	or an offic	er of his or her Department, to a foreign
26	country; c	r
27	(ii) the obtain	ing, or proposed obtaining, of international
28	assistance	in criminal matters by the Attorney-General,
29		er of his or her Department, from a foreign
30	country; c	r

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Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987 1 14 After section 43C 2 Insert: 3 43D Collection, use or disclosure of personal information for 4 international assistance purposes-the Privacy Act 1988 5 (1) The collection, use or disclosure of personal information about an 6 individual is taken to be authorised by law for the purposes of the 7 Privacy Act 1988 if the collection, use or disclosure is reasonably 8 necessary for the purposes of: 9 (a) the provision, or proposed provision, of international 10 assistance in criminal matters by the Attorney-General, or an 11 officer of his or her Department, to a foreign country; or 12 (b) the obtaining, or proposed obtaining, of international 13 assistance in criminal matters by the Attorney-General, or an 14 officer of his or her Department, from a foreign country. 15 (2) In this section: 16 personal information has the same meaning as in the Privacy Act 17 1988. 18 19

S	chedule 2—Amendments relating to extradition
Part 1—Statutory appeal of extradition decisions	
D	ivision 1—Amendments
E.	xtradition Act 1988
1	Subsection 21(1) Omit ", or to the Supreme Court of the State or Territory,".
2	Subsection 21(2) Before "Court", insert "Federal".
3	Subsections 21(3) and (4) Omit "or the Supreme Court".
4	At the end of paragraph 21(6)(a) Add "or".
5	Paragraph 26(5)(c) Omit "or the Supreme Court of the State or Territory in which the person is in custody".
6	Subsections 26(5) and (6) Omit "the Court" (wherever occurring), substitute "the Federal Court".
7	Subsection 35(1) Omit ", or to the Supreme Court of the State or Territory,".
8	Subsection 35(2) Before "Court", insert "Federal".
9	Subsections 35(3) and (4) Omit "or the Supreme Court".

10 Paragraph 38(7)(c)

2 Omit "or the Supreme Court of the State or Territory in which the 3 person is in custody".

4 **11 Subsections 38(7) and (8)**

Omit "the Court" (wherever occurring), substitute "the Federal Court".

6 **12 Subsection 51(1)**

5

7

8

11

Repeal the subsection.

Note: The heading to section 51 is replaced by the heading "Application of section 38 of the *Judiciary Act 1903*".

10 **13 Subsection 51(2)**

Omit "(2)".

12 **Division 2—Application and transitional provisions**

- 13 14 Application of amendments made by items 1, 3 and 12
- (1) The amendments made by items 1, 3 and 12 of this Schedule apply in
 relation to an order made after the commencement of this item under
 subsection 19(9) or (10) of the *Extradition Act 1988*.
- 17(2)Section 21 and subsection 51(1) of the *Extradition Act 1988*, as in force18immediately before the commencement of this item, continue to apply19in relation to an order made before that commencement under20subsection 19(9) or (10) of that Act as if those amendments had not21happened.

15 Application of amendment made by item 5

- (1) The amendment made by item 5 of this Schedule applies in relation to a
 surrender warrant or a temporary surrender warrant issued after the
 commencement of this item under Part II of the *Extradition Act 1988*.
- (2) Section 26 of the *Extradition Act 1988*, as in force immediately before
 the commencement of this item, continues to apply in relation to a
 surrender warrant or a temporary surrender warrant issued before that
 commencement under Part II of that Act as if that amendment had not
 happened.

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1 16 Application of amendments made by items 7, 9 and 12

2 3 4	(1)	The amendments made by items 7, 9 and 12 of this Schedule apply in relation to an order made after the commencement of this item under section 34 of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> .
5 6 7 8	(2)	Section 35 and subsection 51(1) of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> , as in force immediately before the commencement of this item, continue to apply in relation to an order made before that commencement under section 34 of that Act as if those amendments had not happened.
9	17	Application of amendment made by item 10
10 11 12	(1)	The amendment made by item 10 of this Schedule applies in relation to a surrender warrant or a temporary surrender warrant issued after the commencement of this item under Part III of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> .
13 14 15 16 17 18	(2)	Section 38 of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> , as in force immediately before the commencement of this item, continues to apply in relation to a surrender warrant or a temporary surrender warrant issued after that commencement under Part III of that Act as if that amendment had not happened.

1	Part 2—Waiver of extradition	
2	Extradition Act 1988	
3	18 Section 5 (definition of surrend	ler offence)
4	Before "22(2)", insert "15B(2) or".	
5 6	19 Section 5 (paragraph (b) of the offence)	definition of surrender
7 8	Before "any", insert "in the case of a 22(2)—".	a determination under subsection
9 10	20 Section 5 (at the end of subpar definition of <i>surrender warra</i>	
11	Add "or".	
12 13 14	21 Subsection 15(2) Omit "section 18 or 19, or both,", su sections 15A, 18 and 19".	bstitute "one or more of
15	22 Subsection 15(4)	
16	Omit "section 18", substitute "section	n 15A, 18".
17	23 Subsection 15(5)	
18 19	Omit "section 18 or 19, or both,", su sections 15A, 18 and 19".	bstitute "one or more of
20	24 After section 15	
21	Insert:	
22	15A Waiver of extradition	
23 24	Application of section—before a whether or not to give section 1	
25 26 27	-	who is on remand under section 15 <i>time</i>) if, as at the waiver time, the ade a decision as to whether or not
	<u> </u>	

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1	to give a notice in relation to the person under subsection 16(1) in
2	relation to one or more extradition offences.
3	Application of section—after section 16 notice given
4	(2) This section also applies to a person who is on remand under
5	section 15 at a particular time (the <i>waiver time</i>) if:
6	(a) before the waiver time, the Attorney-General gave a notice in
7	relation to the person under subsection 16(1) in relation to
8	one or more extradition offences; and
9	(b) as at the waiver time, a magistrate has not done either of the
10	following:
11	(i) advised the Attorney-General under subparagraph
12	18(2)(b)(ii) that the person has consented to be
13	surrendered in relation to the extradition offence or all of the extradition offences;
14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15	(ii) determined under subsection 19(1) that the person is
16	eligible for surrender in relation to any of the extradition offences.
17	offences.
18	Person may inform a magistrate that he or she wishes to waive
19	extradition
20	(3) The person may inform a magistrate that he or she wishes to waive
21	extradition in relation to:
22	(a) if an extradition request has not been made for the surrender
23	of the person-the extradition offence or all of the extradition
24	offences specified in the extradition arrest warrant to which
25	the remand relates; or
26	(b) if an extradition request has been made for the surrender of
27	the person—the extradition offence or all of the extradition
28	offences for which surrender of the person is sought.
29	Magistrate must make order etc. if satisfied of matters
30	(4) If a magistrate is satisfied of the matters in subsections (5)(a), (c)
31	and (d) in relation to the person, and has informed the person as
32	mentioned in paragraph (5)(b), the magistrate must:
33	(a) by warrant in the statutory form, order that the person be
34	committed to prison pending a determination by the
35	Attorney-General under subsection $15B(2)$ that the person be

1	surrendered, or not be surrendered, in relation to the
2	extradition offence or extradition offences mentioned in
3	paragraph (3)(a) or (b), as the case may be; and
4	(b) advise the Attorney-General in writing that the person wishes
5	to waive extradition for those offences.
6	(5) Before making an order under paragraph $(4)(a)$ in relation to a
7	person, the magistrate:
8	(a) must be satisfied that the person voluntarily informed a
9	magistrate under subsection (3); and
10	(b) must inform the person:
11	(i) that, once the order is made, the person cannot apply for
12	the order to be revoked; and
13	(ii) of the consequences of the fact that the extradition
14	country concerned may not have given, and if the order
15	is made will not be required to give, a speciality
16	assurance (of a kind mentioned in subsection $22(4)$) in
17	relation to the person; and
18	(iii) that certain requirements in this Act that would
19	otherwise apply in respect of the person will not apply if
20	the order is made (including, but not limited to,
21	requirements relating to extradition objections); and
22	(iv) that, after the order is made, the person will be
23	surrendered to the extradition country concerned if the
24	Attorney-General determines under subsection 15B(2)
25	that the person is to be so surrendered; and
26	(c) having informed the person as mentioned in paragraph (b)—
27	must be satisfied that the person has confirmed that he or she
28	wishes to waive extradition as mentioned in subsection (3);
29	and
30	(d) must be satisfied that the person is legally represented, or was
31	given an adequate opportunity to be legally represented, in
32	the proceedings before the magistrate.
33	Rules that apply until magistrate decides not to make an order
34	(6) After a person informs a magistrate under subsection (3) that the
35	person wishes to waive extradition in relation to an extradition
36	offence or extradition offences, the following rules apply unless
37	and until a magistrate decides not to make an order under
38	paragraph $(4)(a)$ in relation to the person:

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1	
	(a) if a decision as to whether or not to give a notice under
2	subsection $16(1)$ had not, as at the waiver time, been made in
3	relation to the person in relation to the extradition offence or
4	extradition offences-the Attorney-General must not decide
5	whether or not to give such a notice;
6	(b) if, before the waiver time, a notice under subsection 16(1)
7	had been given in relation to the person in relation to the
8	extradition offence or extradition offences:
9	(i) sections 18 and 19 do not apply to the person in relation
10	to the extradition offence or extradition offences; and
11	(ii) any proceedings that were on foot as at the waiver time
12	under section 18 or 19 in relation to the person in
13	relation to the extradition offence or extradition offences
14	are stayed.
15	Magistrate must advise Attorney-General if not satisfied of matters
16	(7) If a magistrate is not satisfied of the matters in paragraphs $(5)(a)$,
17	(c) and (d) in relation to the person, the magistrate must advise the
18	Attorney-General in writing that the magistrate has decided not to
19	make an order under paragraph $(4)(a)$ in relation to the person.
20	15B Attorney-General must make surrender determination
20 21	
	(1) This section applies if a magistrate has advised the
21	
21 22 23	 (1) This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences.
21 22 23 24	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable,
21 22 23 24 25	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not
21 22 23 24 25 26	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned
21 22 23 24 25	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not
21 22 23 24 25 26	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if:
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if: (a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if: (a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for believing that, if the person were surrendered to the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if: (a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for believing that, if the person were surrendered to the extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and (b) the Attorney-General is satisfied that, on surrender to the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if: (a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for believing that, if the person were surrendered to the extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and (b) the Attorney-General is satisfied that, on surrender to the extradition country, there is no real risk that the death penalty
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 This section applies if a magistrate has advised the Attorney-General under paragraph 15A(4)(b) that a person wishes to waive extradition in relation to one or more extradition offences. The Attorney-General must, as soon as is reasonably practicable, having regard to all the circumstances, determine whether or not the person is to be surrendered to the extradition country concerned in relation to the extradition offences. The Attorney-General may only determine that the person be surrendered to the extradition country concerned if: (a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for believing that, if the person were surrendered to the extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and (b) the Attorney-General is satisfied that, on surrender to the

1 2 3 4		(4) If the Attorney-General determines that the person is not to be surrendered, the Attorney-General must, by notice in writing in the statutory form, direct a magistrate to order the release of the person from custody.
5	25	At the end of section 17
6		Add:
7		(4) Subsection (2) does not apply to a person at any time after the
8		person has informed a magistrate under subsection $15A(3)$ that the
9		person wishes to waive extradition, unless and until a magistrate
10 11		decides not to make an order under paragraph $15A(4)(a)$ in relation to the person.
12		(5) If:
13		(a) a person informs a magistrate under subsection 15A(3) that
14		the person wishes to waive extradition; and
15 16		 (b) a magistrate decides not to make an order under paragraph 15A(4)(a) in relation to the person;
17		then, for the purposes of applying subsection (2) of this section to
18 19		the person, the period of days referred to in paragraph (2)(a) of this section is to be calculated exclusive of the period:
20 21		(c) beginning on the day on which the person informs the magistrate that the person wishes to waive extradition; and
21		(d) ending on the day on which the Attorney-General receives
22		the magistrate's advice under subsection 15A(7) that the
24		magistrate has decided not to make an order under paragraph
25		15A(4)(a) in relation to the person.
26	26	Section 23
27		After "subsection", insert "15B(2) or".
28	27	Paragraph 24(1)(a)
29		After "subsection", insert "15B(2) or".
30	28	Subsection 25(2)
31		Omit "The", substitute "If the temporary surrender warrant referred to
32		in paragraph (1)(a) was issued after the Attorney-General determined
33		under subsection 22(2) that the person was to be surrendered, the".

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1	29	After paragraph 25(2)(a)
2		Insert:
3		(ba) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for
4 5 6		believing that, if the person were surrendered to the extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and
7	30	At the end of section 25
8		Add:
9		(3) If the temporary surrender warrant referred to in paragraph (1)(a)
10		was issued after the Attorney-General determined under subsection
11		15B(2) that the person was to be surrendered, the Attorney-General
12		may only issue a surrender warrant under subsection (1) if:
13		(a) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for
14		believing that, if the person were surrendered to the
15 16		extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and
17		(b) the Attorney-General is satisfied that, on surrender to the
18		extradition country, there is no real risk that the death penalty
19		will be carried out upon the person in relation to any offence.
20	31	Paragraph 45(4)(b)
21		After "section", insert "15B or".
22	32	Application of amendments made by this Part
23		The amendments made by this Part apply to a person who is remanded
24		under section 15 of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> on or after the
25		commencement of this item.
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Part 3—Other amendments

2 Division 1—Amendments relating to political offences

3 Extradition Act 1988

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33 Section 5 (paragraphs (a) to (d) of the definition of *political offence*)

- Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
 - (a) an offence that involves an act of violence against a person's life or liberty; or
 - (b) an offence prescribed by regulations for the purposes of this paragraph to be an extraditable offence in relation to the country or all countries; or
 - (c) an offence prescribed by regulations for the purposes of this paragraph not to be a political offence in relation to the country or all countries.

15 **34** At the end of paragraphs 7(a), (b) and (c)

- Add "or".
- 17 *Migration Act* 1958
- 18 **35** Subsection 91T(3)
 - Omit "paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d)", substitute "paragraph (a), (b) or (c)".

36 Application of amendments made by this Division

- The amendments made by this Division apply in respect of requests made by a foreign country on or after the commencement of this item.
- Division 2—Extradition objection on the grounds of sex
 and sexual orientation
- 26 *Extradition Act 1988*
- 27 37 Paragraphs 7(b) and (c)
 - After "race,", insert "sex, sexual orientation,".
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38 Application of amendment made by item 37 The amendment made by item 37 of this Schedule applies in relation to an extradition request from an extradition country that is made on or
after the commencement of this item.
Division 3—Notice of receipt of extradition request
Extradition Act 1988
39 Subsection 10(3)
Omit ", subparagraph 16(2)(a)(ii) or paragraph", substitute "or".
40 Subparagraph 12(3)(c)(i)
Omit "issue", substitute "give".
41 Subsection 16(2)
Repeal the subsection, substitute:
Person must be extraditable person in relation to extradition country
(2) The Attorney-General must not give the notice unless the Attorney-General is of the opinion that the person is an extraditable person in relation to the extradition country.
42 Subsection 16(3)
Omit "issued", substitute "given".
43 Application of amendments made by this Division
The amendments made by this Division apply in relation to an
extradition request from an extradition country that is made on or after
the commencement of this item.
Division 4—Consent to accessory extradition
Extradition Act 1988
44 After section 19

Insert:

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119A Consent to accessory extradition—extradition offences not2specified in subsection 16(1) notice etc.

3	Scope
4	(1) This section applies if:
5	(a) a notice under subsection $16(1)$ has been given in relation to
6	a person in respect of whom an extradition request has been
7	made by an extradition country; and
8	(b) either:
9	(i) in proceedings under section 18, the person consents in
10	accordance with that section to being surrendered to the
11	extradition country in relation to the extradition offence
12	or all of the extradition offences to which the notice
13	relates; or
14	(ii) in proceedings under subsection 19(1), a magistrate
15	determines that the person is eligible for surrender to the
16	extradition country in relation to one or more of the
17	extradition offences to which the notice relates; and
18	(c) the extradition country requested in the extradition request
19	that the person be surrendered for one or more extradition
20 21	offences (the <i>additional extradition offences</i>) that are not specified in the notice.
22	Consent to being surrendered in respect of the additional
22 23	extradition offences
23	exituation offences
24	(2) If the magistrate is satisfied that there is no extradition objection in
25	relation to any of the additional extradition offences, the magistrate
26	must, in those proceedings, ask the person whether he or she
27	consents to being surrendered to the extradition country in respect
28	of the additional extradition offences.
29	(3) Before asking the person whether he or she consents to being
30	surrendered in respect of the additional extradition offences, the
31	magistrate must:
32	(a) either:
33	(i) be satisfied that the person is legally represented; or
34	(ii) if the magistrate is not so satisfied—give the person an
35	adequate opportunity to be legally represented; and

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		(b) inform the person that, if the person is surrendered, the
2		person may be tried and sentenced in the extradition country
3		for any additional extradition offence in relation to which the
4		person gives consent; and
5		(c) inform the person that the person may be tried and sentenced
6		in the extradition country even though, had the conduct of the
7		person constituting the additional extradition offences, or
8		equivalent conduct, taken place in Australia at the time the
9		extradition request concerned was received, that conduct may not have constituted an extradition offence in relation to
10		Australia.
11		Australia.
12		Magistrate to advise Attorney-General of consent
13		(4) If the person gives his or her consent to being so surrendered, the
14		magistrate must, unless he or she considers that the consent was
15		not given voluntarily, advise the Attorney-General in writing of the
16		additional extradition offences in respect of which the person has
17		so consented.
18 19	Note:	The heading to section 20 is altered by adding at the end "—offences that are not extradition offences".
20	45 S	ubsection 22(1) (definition of <i>qualifying extradition</i>
21		offence)
		onencej
22		Repeal the definition, substitute:
22 23		
		Repeal the definition, substitute:
23		Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i> , in relation to an eligible person,
23 24		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person
23 24 25		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—
23 24 25 26		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—
23 24 25 26 27		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18;
23 24 25 26 27 28		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which: (i) the magistrate referred to in that paragraph; or
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which: (i) the magistrate referred to in that paragraph; or (ii) the court that conducted the final proceedings under
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which: (i) the magistrate referred to in that paragraph; or (ii) the court that conducted the final proceedings under section 21;
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which: (i) the magistrate referred to in that paragraph; or (ii) the court that conducted the final proceedings under section 21; determined that the person was eligible for surrender within the meaning of subsection 19(2); (c) in any case—any extradition offence in relation to which the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34		 Repeal the definition, substitute: <i>qualifying extradition offence</i>, in relation to an eligible person, means the following: (a) if paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which the person consented in accordance with section 18; (b) if paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i> applies—any extradition offence in relation to which: (i) the magistrate referred to in that paragraph; or (ii) the court that conducted the final proceedings under section 21; determined that the person was eligible for surrender within the meaning of subsection 19(2);

1	Division 5—Extradition to Australia from other countries
2	Extradition Act 1988
3	46 At the end of Part IV
4	Add:
5	44A Persons permanently surrendered to Australia
6	(1) This section applies if:
7	(a) a person is surrendered by a country to Australia; and
8 9 10	 (b) before the person is surrendered to Australia, the Attorney-General of Australia gives an undertaking to the country:
11 12	(i) that life imprisonment will not be imposed on the person; or
13 14	(ii) specifying the maximum period of imprisonment that may be imposed on the person;
15 16	in the event that the person is found to have committed a particular offence or offences punishable by Australian law.
17 18	(2) The person must not, under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or Territory, be sentenced to:
19	(a) if subparagraph (1)(b)(i) applies—life imprisonment; or
20	(b) if subparagraph (1)(b)(ii) applies—a period of imprisonment
21	that is more than the period specified in the
22	Attorney-General's undertaking.
23	(3) For an offence that is to be prosecuted in a State or Territory, the
24	Attorney-General of Australia must, before giving an undertaking,
25	consult with the Attorney-General of the State or Territory.
26	(4) If the undertaking mentioned in subsection (1) is given in writing,
27	the undertaking is not a legislative instrument.
28	(5) To avoid doubt, the undertaking mentioned in subsection (1) must
29	not specify a period that is longer than:
30	(a) in the event that the person is found to have committed a
31	particular offence—the maximum period of imprisonment
32	that applies to the offence; or

1 2 3	(b) in the event that the person is found to have committed particular offences—the total of each maximum period of imprisonment that applies to each offence.
4	Division 6—Prosecution instead of extradition
5	Extradition Act 1988
6	47 Subsections 45(1), (2) and (3)
7	Repeal the subsections, substitute:
8	Offence
9	(1) A person commits an offence if:
10 11	(a) a magistrate in a State or Territory remands the person under section 15; and
12 13	(b) the person engaged in conduct outside Australia at an earlier time; and
14 15 16 17 18	 (c) the conduct, or equivalent conduct, would have constituted an offence (the <i>notional Australian offence</i>) against a law of the Commonwealth, or the State or Territory, if the conduct or equivalent conduct had occurred in the State or Territory at the earlier time.
19 20	Note: This subsection creates an offence distinct from the notional Australian offence.
21	Absolute liability
22 23 24 25 26	(2) Absolute liability applies to paragraphs (1)(a) and (b), and to the circumstance in paragraph (1)(c) that the conduct, or equivalent conduct, referred to in that paragraph would have constituted the notional Australian offence if the conduct or equivalent conduct had occurred in the State or Territory at the earlier time.
27 28 29	Note: Paragraph (3)(a) provides for physical and fault elements etc. to apply in determining whether conduct would have constituted the notional Australian offence.

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1 2			Determining whether conduct would have constituted notional Australian offence
3		(3)	In determining whether the conduct, or equivalent conduct,
4 5			referred to in paragraph (1)(c) would have constituted the notional Australian offence:
6			(a) the physical elements and fault elements (however
7			described), if any, that apply in relation to the notional
8			Australian offence have effect; and
9			(b) any defences or special liability provisions (however
10			described) that apply in relation to the notional Australian
11			offence have effect; and
12			(c) any procedures or limitations (however described) that apply
13			in relation to the prosecution of the notional Australian
14			offence have effect; and
15			(d) if the conduct outside Australia consisted of 2 or more acts or
16			omissions, regard may be had to all, some or only one of
17			those acts or omissions.
18		(3A)	Subsection (3) does not limit the Judiciary Act 1903.
19 20 21			Note: Division 1 of Part X, and subsection 79(1), of the <i>Judiciary Act 1903</i> apply various State or Territory laws in relation to persons charged with offences against Commonwealth laws.
22			Penalty for offence
23		(3B)	The maximum penalty for an offence against subsection (1) is the
24		. ,	maximum penalty that applied to the notional Australian offence at
25			the time the conduct referred to in paragraph (1)(b) was engaged
26			in.
27			Offence is indictable
28		(3C)	An offence against subsection (1) is an indictable offence.
29			Attorney-General's consent to prosecution of offence
30		(3D)	Proceedings for an offence against subsection (1) must not be
31		. /	commenced without the Attorney-General's written consent.
32 33	Note:		heading to section 45 is replaced by the heading " Prosecution of persons instead tradition ".
34	48	Applic	cation of item 47

1 2		The amendment made by item 47 applies to conduct engaged in outside Australia on or after the commencement of this item.
3	49 S	Subsection 45(4)
4		Omit "subsection (3)", substitute "subsection (3D)".
5 6	50 P	aragraph 45(4)(a) Omit "paragraph (1)(a);", substitute "paragraph (1)(b); and".
7 8	51 P	Paragraph 45(4)(b) Omit "country; and", substitute "country.".
9 10	52 P	aragraph 45(4)(c) Repeal the paragraph.
11	53 A	pplication of the amendment made by item 52
12 13 14		The amendment made by item 52 of this Schedule applies in respect of an extradition request made by an extradition country if the request is made on or after the commencement of this item.
15	54 S	ubsection 45(5)
16		Omit "subsection (3)", substitute "subsection (3D)".
17 18	Note:	The following heading to subsection 45(5) is inserted "Arresting, charging and remanding person before consent".
19	Divis	sion 7—Technical amendments relating to notices
20	Extre	adition Act 1988
21	55 A	fter section 16
22		Insert:
23	16A	Attorney-General may give an amended notice
24		Scope
25 26		(1) This section applies if the Attorney-General has given a notice (the <i>original notice</i>) under subsection 16(1) in relation to a person.

1	Attorney-General may give an amended notice
2	(2) Subject to subsection (4), the Attorney-General may, in his or her
3	discretion, give an amended notice at any time before:
4	(a) the person has consented in accordance with section 18 to
5	being surrendered to the extradition country concerned in
6	relation to the extradition offence or extradition offences
7	specified in the original notice; or
8	(b) a magistrate has determined in accordance with section 19
9	that the person is eligible for surrender in relation to the
10	extradition offence or extradition offences specified in the
11	original notice.
12	(3) The amended notice must be in writing in the statutory form
13	expressed to be directed to any magistrate.
14	(4) The Attorney-General must not give an amended notice under
15	subsection (2) that specifies one or more extradition offences that
16	were not specified in the original notice unless the
17	Attorney-General is satisfied that he or she could give a notice
18	under subsection $16(1)$ in the same form as the amended notice.
19	(5) For the purposes of this Act, a reference to a notice given under
20	subsection 16(1) includes a reference to an amended notice given
21	under subsection (2) of this section.
22	(6) An amended notice given under subsection (2) is not a legislative
23	instrument.
24	Copies of amended notice and documents to be given to the person
25	(7) As soon as practicable after the person is remanded under
26	section 15, or an amended notice is given under subsection (2) of
27	this section, whichever is the later:
28	(a) a copy of the amended notice; and
29	(b) if the amended notice specifies one or more extradition
30	offences that were not specified in the original notice—the
31	copies of the documents referred to in:
32	(i) paragraph $19(2)(a)$; and
33	(ii) if applicable—paragraph 19(2)(b);
34	to the extent that those documents relate to those extradition
35	offences;

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1	must be given to the person.
2	Revocation in accordance with the Acts Interpretation Act 1901
3 4 5	(8) This section does not limit the power of the Attorney-General to revoke the original notice in accordance with subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> .
6 5	6 Paragraph 17(1)(a)
7	Omit "issue", substitute "give".
8 5	7 After subsection 18(1)
9	Insert:
10	(1A) If:
11 12	(a) the Attorney-General has given a notice (the <i>original notice</i>) under subsection 16(1) in relation to a person; and
13	(b) during proceedings conducted in relation to the person under
14 15	this section, the Attorney-General gives an amended notice under subsection $16A(2)$ in relation to the person; and
16 17	(c) the amended notice specifies one or more extradition offences that were not specified in the original notice; and
18	(d) the magistrate considers it necessary to give the person time
19 20	to inform the magistrate whether the person consents to being surrendered to the extradition country in relation to any of
20 21	those extradition offences;
22	the magistrate may adjourn the proceedings for such period as the
23 24	magistrate considers reasonable to allow the person to so inform the magistrate.
24	the magistrate.
25 5	8 After subsection 19(4)
26	Insert:
27	(4A) If:
28	(a) the Attorney-General has given a notice (the <i>original notice</i>)
29	under subsection $16(1)$ in relation to a person; and
30	(b) during proceedings conducted in relation to the person under
31	this section, the Attorney-General gives an amended notice $\frac{1}{2} (A(2))$ in relation to the neurons and
32	under subsection $16A(2)$ in relation to the person; and

1	(c) the amended notice specifies one or more extradition
2	offences that were not specified in the original notice; and
3	(d) the magistrate considers it necessary to give the person and
4	the extradition country time to prepare for the conduct of
5	proceedings under this section in relation to any of those
6	extradition offences;
7	the magistrate may adjourn the proceedings for such period as the
8	magistrate considers reasonable to allow the person and the
9	extradition country to prepare for the conduct of those proceedings.
10	59 Subsection 43(1)
11	After "statutory form", insert "expressed to be directed to any
12	magistrate".
13	60 After section 46
14	Insert:
15	46A Giving notices to magistrates etc.
16	Scope
17	(1) This section applies if:
18	(a) the Attorney-General decides to give a notice under
19	subsection 16(1), 16A(2) or 43(1) directed to a magistrate; or
20	(b) the Attorney-General is required to give a notice under
21	subsection 12(3), 15B(4) or 17(1) directing a magistrate.
22	Giving the notice to a magistrate
23	(2) The notice, or a copy of the notice, may be handed to a magistrate
24	or sent to a magistrate by post, fax, email or other electronic
25	means.
26	When the notice is taken to be given
27	(3) The notice is taken, for the purposes of this Act, to be given:
28	(a) if the notice, or a copy of the notice, is handed to a
29	magistrate—when the notice or copy is handed to the

1		(b) if the notice, or a copy of the notice, is sent to a magistrate by
2		post—at the time at which the notice or copy would be
3		delivered in the ordinary course of post; or
4		(c) if the notice, or a copy of the notice, is sent to a magistrate by fax, email or other electronic means—at the time when the
5 6		notice or copy is sent to the magistrate.
0		notice of copy is sent to the magistrate.
7	61 A	Application—section 16A of the Extradition Act 1988
8		Section 16A of the Extradition Act 1988, as inserted by this Schedule,
9		applies in relation to a notice given under subsection 16(1) of that Act
10		after the commencement of this item.
11	62 A	Application—section 46A of the Extradition Act 1988
12	(1)	Section 46A of the Extradition Act 1988, as inserted by this Schedule,
13		applies to a notice under subsection $16(1)$, $16A(2)$ or $43(1)$ of that Act if
14		the Attorney-General decides to give the notice on or after the
15		commencement of this item.
16	(2)	Section 46A of the Extradition Act 1988, as inserted by this Schedule,
17		applies to a notice under subsection 12(3) or 17(1) of that Act if the
18		Attorney-General is required to give the notice on or after the
19		commencement of this item.
20	Divi	sion 8—Amendments relating to remand and bail
21	Extr	adition Act 1988
21	LAU	
22	63 F	Paragraph 17(2)(b)
23		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
24		(b) either:
25		(i) the Attorney-General has not received an extradition
26		request from the extradition country concerned in
27		relation to the person; or
28		(ii) the Attorney-General has received such a request but a
29		notice has not been given under subsection $16(1)$ in
30 31		relation to the person within the period of 5 days after the end of the period of days referred to in
32		paragraph (a);
		Parabarra (a),
1 64 Subsection 17(2)

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Omit all the words after "the person" (third occurring), substitute "must be brought before a magistrate".

65 After subsection 17(2)

Insert:

6	(2A) The magistrate must order the release of the person from custody,
7	or the discharge of the recognisances on which bail was granted to
8	the person, unless the magistrate is satisfied:
9	(a) if subparagraph (2)(b)(i) applies:
10	(i) that the extradition country concerned has not made an
11	extradition request in relation to the person because of
12	exceptional circumstances; and
13	(ii) that the Attorney-General is likely to receive an
14	extradition request from the extradition country
15	concerned in relation to the person within a particular
16	period that is reasonable in the circumstances; and
17	(iii) that, after receiving the extradition request, the
18	Attorney-General is likely to make a decision to give, or
19	not to give, a notice under subsection $16(1)$ in relation
20	to the person within a particular period that is
21	reasonable in the circumstances; or
22	(b) if subparagraph (2)(b)(ii) applies—that the Attorney-General
23	is likely to make a decision to give, or not to give, a notice
24	under subsection $16(1)$ within a particular period that is
25	reasonable in the circumstances.
26	66 Paragraphs 17(3)(a) and (b)
27	Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
28	(a) a magistrate was satisfied:
29	(i) under subparagraph $(2A)(a)(ii)$ that an extradition
30	request was likely to be received in relation to a person
31	within a particular period; or
32	(ii) under subparagraph (2A)(a)(iii) or paragraph (2A)(b)
33	that a decision was likely to be made to give, or not to
34	give, a notice under subsection 16(1) in relation to a
35	person within a particular period; and

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1 2		(b) the request is not received, or the decision is not made, within the period;
3	67	Subparagraph 18(2)(a)(i)
4		After "prison", insert "or, subject to subsection (3), released on bail,".
5	68	Paragraph 18(2)(b)
6		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
7 8		(b) if, after the person has been advised as mentioned in paragraph (a), the person again consents to being surrondered — order that the person be committed to prison or
9 10		surrendered—order that the person be committed to prison or (subject to subsection (3)) released on bail, to await:
11 12		(i) the issue of a surrender warrant or temporary surrender warrant; or
12		(ii) release, or the discharge of the recognisances on which
14		bail was granted, under an order under subsection 22(5).
15	69	At the end of section 18
16		Add:
17 18		(3) A magistrate must not release a person on bail under this section unless there are special circumstances justifying such release.
19 20		(4) If a magistrate makes an order under paragraph (2)(b), the magistrate must advise the Attorney-General in writing of the offenese or the offenese in respect of which the person has
21 22		offence or the offences in respect of which the person has consented.
23 24		(5) An order committing a person to prison under paragraph (2)(b) must be made by warrant in the statutory form.
25	70	Paragraph 19(9)(a)
26		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
27		(a) order that the person be committed to prison or (subject to
28		subsection (9Å)) released on bail, to await:
29		(i) surrender under a surrender warrant or temporary
30		surrender warrant; or
31 32		(ii) release, or the discharge of the recognisances on which bail was granted, under an order under subsection 22(5);

1	71	Paragraph 19(9)(b)
2 3		Omit "in the warrant is made, seek a review of the order", substitute "under paragraph (a) is made, seek a review of the order".
4	72	After subsection 19(9)
5		Insert:
6 7 8		(9A) A magistrate must not release a person on bail under paragraph (9)(a) unless there are special circumstances justifying such release.
9 10		(9B) An order committing a person to prison under paragraph (9)(a) must be made by warrant in the statutory form.
11	73	Paragraph 21(2)(b)
12		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
13		(b) quash the order.
14	74	After subsection 21(2)
	17	
15		Insert:
16		(2A) If the Federal Court quashes the order, it must:
17		(a) in the case of an order under subsection 19(9)—order the
18		release of the person or the discharge of the recognisances on
19		which bail was granted; or
20		(b) in the case of an order under subsection 19(10)—order that
21		the person be committed to prison or (subject to subject in (2P)) released on heil to subject to
22		subsection (2B)) released on bail, to await:
23 24		 (i) the issue of a surrender warrant or temporary surrender warrant; or
24 25		(ii) release, or the discharge of the recognisances on which
25 26		bail was granted, under an order under subsection 22(5).
27		(2B) The Federal Court must not release a person on bail under
28		paragraph (2A)(b) unless there are special circumstances justifying
29		such release.
30		(2C) An order committing a person to prison under paragraph (2A)(b)
31		must be made by warrant in the statutory form.
32	75	Paragraph 21(6)(e)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7		 Repeal the paragraph, substitute: (e) if an order for the release of the person (whether or not on bail) has been made under subsection 19(9) or (10), or subsection (2A) of this section—the court to which the application or appeal is made may order both: (i) if the person was released on bail—the discharge of the recognisances on which bail was granted; and
8		(ii) the arrest of the person;
9	76	Subparagraph 21(6)(f)(i)
10 11 12		Repeal the subparagraph, substitute: (i) if an order for the release of the person has not been made; or
13	77	Subparagraph 21(6)(f)(iv)
14		Omit "on such terms and conditions as the court thinks fit".
15	78	Subsection 22(1) (definition of eligible person)
16		After "prison", insert "or released on bail".
17 18	79	Subsection 22(1) (paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>eligible person</i>)
19		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
20 21		(b) by order made under subsection 19(9) or 21(2A) (including because of an appeal referred to in section 21), where no
22 23 24		proceedings under section 21 are being conducted or are available in relation to the determination under subsection 19(9) to which the order relates.
25	80	Subsection 22(5)
26		Omit "the Attorney-General shall order, in writing, the release of the
27		person.", substitute:
28		the Attorney-General must, by notice in writing:
29 30		 (a) if the person has been committed to prison—direct a magistrate to order the release of the person; or
31 32 33		(b) if the person has been released on bail—direct a magistrate to order the discharge of the recognisances on which bail was granted.

1	81 Paragraph 26(1)(c)
2	Before "require", insert "if the person has been committed to prison—".
3	82 After paragraph 26(1)(c)
4	Insert:
5 6 7 8	(ca) if the person has been released on bail—authorise any police officer to take the person into custody and to take the person before a magistrate for the purposes of the discharge of the recognisances on which bail was granted;
9	83 Subparagraph 35(6)(g)(iv)
10	Omit "on such terms and conditions as the court thinks fit".
11	84 After section 49A
12	Insert:
13	49B Orders for bail to be on terms and conditions court or
14	magistrate thinks fit
15 16 17	A decision under this Act of a court or a magistrate to remand or release a person on bail may be made on such terms and conditions as the court or magistrate thinks fit.
18 19	49C Availability of bail during judicial review proceedings relating to certain determinations
20	(1) This section applies if:
21	(a) the Attorney-General determines under subsection 15B(2) or
22	22(2) that a person is to be surrendered to an extradition
23	country in relation to one or more extradition offences; and (b) the person applies to a court for indicial review of the
24 25	(b) the person applies to a court for judicial review of the determination.
26	(2) The court to which the application is made, or any court hearing an
27	appeal in relation to the determination, may, subject to
28	subsection (3), order the release of the person on bail until the
29 30	application has been determined or the appeal has been heard (as the case requires).

1 2		(3) A court must not release a person on bail under subsection (2) unless there are special circumstances justifying such release.
3	85	Application
4 5 6 7		The amendments of subsections 17(2) and (3) of the <i>Extradition Act</i> 1988 made by this Division apply to a person who is remanded under section 15 of the <i>Extradition Act</i> 1988 on or after the commencement of this item.
8	Div	vision 9—Other minor technical amendments
9	Ex	tradition Act 1988
10	86	Section 5
11		Insert:
12		extraditable person has the meaning given by section 6.
13	87	Section 5
14		Insert:
15 16		<i>extradition arrest warrant</i> means a warrant issued under section 12.
17	88	Section 5 (at the end of paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>extradition country</i>)
18 19		Add "or".
	00	Section 5 (outpersone (b)/ii) of the definition of
20 21	09	Section 5 (subparagraph (b)(ii) of the definition of extradition country)
22		Omit "responsible; and", substitute "responsible; or".
23	90	Section 5
24		Insert:
25		<i>extradition objection</i> has the meaning given by section 7.
26	91	Section 5 (definition of provisional arrest warrant)
27		Repeal the definition, substitute:

	<i>provisional arrest warrant</i> means a warrant issued under section 29.
92	Section 5 (before subparagraph (b)(i) of the definition of surrender warrant)
	Insert:
	(ia) a warrant issued, or required to be issued, under subparagraph 33A(2)(b)(i); or
93	At the end of section 12
	Add:
	(4) A notice given under subsection (3) is not a legislative instrum
Note	The heading to section 12 is replaced by the heading "Extradition arrest warran
94	Paragraphs 13(1)(a) and (2)(a)
	Omit "a provisional arrest warrant", substitute "an extradition arrest
	warrant".
95	At the end of section 13
	Add:
	(8) If a direction under subsection (5) is given in writing, the direction is not a legislative instrument.
96	Paragraph 14(1)(a)
	Omit "a provisional arrest warrant", substitute "an extradition arrest warrant".
97	After subsection 14(5)
	Insert:
	(5A) If a direction under subsection (5) is given in writing, the direction is not a legislative instrument.
98	Subsection 15(1)
	Omit "a provisional arrest warrant", substitute "an extradition arrest warrant".

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1		Add:
2		(4) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
3 4	100	At the end of section 17 Add:
5		(6) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
6 7	101	Paragraph 21(6)(d) Before "the court", insert "subject to section 21A,".
8 9	102	After section 21 Insert:
10	21A	Admission of evidence etc. on review or appeal
11		Scope
12 13 14 15		 (1) This section applies if a person or extradition country: (a) applies under subsection 21(1) for a review of an order; (b) appeals under subsection 21(3) against an order made on that review; or
16 17		(c) appeals to the High Court against an order made on that appeal.
18		Admission of evidence
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 		 (2) If: (a) a party to the relevant proceedings under section 19 was prevented from adducing evidence (the <i>excluded evidence</i>) in the proceedings; and (b) the review court considers that the party should have been permitted to adduce the excluded evidence in those proceedings; the court may receive: (c) the excluded evidence; and
28 29		(d) further evidence, or submissions, that directly relate to the excluded evidence.

1		Documents containing deficiencies
2		(3) If:
3		(a) a document is:
4 5		(i) a document to which the review court must have regard under paragraph 21(6)(d); or
6 7		(ii) a document that is received by the review court under subsection (2) of this section; and
8		(b) the document contains a deficiency of relevance to the review or appeal; and
10		(c) the court considers the deficiency to be of a minor nature;
11 12		the court must adjourn the proceedings for such period as is necessary to allow the deficiency to be remedied.
13		(4) This section does not entitle the person to whom the proceedings
14		relate to adduce, or the court to receive, evidence to contradict an
15 16		allegation that the person has engaged in conduct constituting an extradition offence for which the surrender of the person is sought.
17		Definition
18		(5) In this section:
19 20		<i>review court</i> means the court to which the application or appeal was made.
21	103	At the end of paragraph 22(3)(a)
22		Add "and".
23	104	Paragraph 22(3)(b)
24		Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
25		(b) the Attorney-General does not have substantial grounds for
26		believing that, if the person were surrendered to the
27 28		extradition country, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; and
29	105	At the end of paragraphs 22(3)(c) and (d)
30		Add "and".
31	106	At the end of paragraph 22(4)(a)
32		Add "or".

1 2	107	At the end of subparagraphs 22(4)(d)(i) and (ii) Add "or".
3 4	108	At the end of section 22 Add:
5 6		(6) If a determination under subsection (2) is made in writing, the determination is not a legislative instrument.
7		(7) An order made under subsection (5) is not a legislative instrument.
8 9	109	At the end of paragraphs 24(1)(a) and (b) Add "and".
10 11	110	At the end of subparagraph 24(3)(b)(i) Add "or".
12 13	111	At the end of section 24 Add:
14 15 16 17 18		 (6) If: (a) the Attorney-General informs an extradition country as mentioned in subsection (4); and (b) the Attorney-General does so in writing; the written instrument is not a legislative instrument.
19 20	112	At the end of subparagraph 25(2)(a)(i) Add "or".
21 22	113	Paragraph 26(1)(c) Omit "a police officer", substitute "any police officer".
23 24 25 26 27	114	Paragraph 26(1)(d) Omit "the police officer to transport the eligible person in custody, and, if necessary or convenient, to detain the eligible person in custody", substitute "the eligible person to be transported in custody and, if necessary or convenient, detained in custody, by any police officer".
28	115	Paragraph 26(1)(d)

1 2 3		Omit "(in this subsection called the <i>foreign escort officer</i>)", substitute "or a person included in a specified class (in this subsection called the <i>escort officer</i>)".
4	116	Paragraph 26(1)(e)
5		Omit "foreign".
6	117	After subsection 26(1)
7		Insert:
8 9 10 11 12		(1A) To avoid doubt, subject to this section and subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> , a surrender warrant or a temporary surrender warrant remains in force until the eligible person is surrendered, at a place in the extradition country, to a person appointed by the extradition country to receive the eligible person.
13	118	Section 27
14		Before "Where:", insert "(1)".
15 16	119	At the end of section 27 Add:
17		(2) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
18 19	120	At the end of section 30 Add:
20 21		(8) If a direction under subsection (5) is given in writing, the direction is not a legislative instrument.
22 23	121	After subsection 31(5) Insert:
24 25		(5A) If a direction under subsection (5) is given in writing, the direction is not a legislative instrument.
26 27	122	Subsection 32(2) Omit "34", substitute "33A or 34, or both,".
28	123	Paragraph 33A(1)(b)

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	Omit "and".
124	Paragraph 33A(1)(c)
	Repeal the paragraph.
125	Paragraph 38(1)(a)
	Omit "a police officer to take the eligible person into custody, to transport the eligible person in custody and, if necessary or convenient,
	to detain the eligible person in custody", substitute "the eligible person
	to be taken into custody, transported in custody and, if necessary or convenient, detained in custody, by any police officer".
126	Paragraph 38(1)(a)
	Omit "(in this subsection called the New Zealand escort officer)",
	substitute "or a person included in a specified class (in this subsection called the <i>escort officer</i>)".
107	Paragraph 38(1)(b)
121	Omit "New Zealand" (first occurring).
128	After subsection 38(1)
120	Insert:
	(1A) To avoid doubt, subject to this section and subsection 33(3) of the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1901</i> , a surrender warrant or a temporary
	surrender remains in force until the eligible person is surrendered,
	at a place in the extradition country, to a person appointed by the extradition country to receive the eligible person.
129	Section 39
	Before "Where:", insert "(1)".
130	At the end of section 39
	Add:
	(2) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
404	At the end of section 43
131	

1		(4) A notice given under subsection (1) is not a legislative instrument.
2	132	At the end of section 44
3		Add:
4 5		(3) If the undertaking mentioned in subsection (1) is given in writing, the undertaking is not a legislative instrument.
6 7		(4) An order made under paragraph (1)(d) is not a legislative instrument.
8 9		(5) If an order under subsection (2) is made in writing, the order is not a legislative instrument.
10	133	At the end of section 45
11		Add:
12		Consent is not a legislative instrument
13 14		(6) A consent given under subsection (3D) is not a legislative instrument.
15	134	Section 47
16 17 18		Omit "A provisional arrest warrant, within the meaning of Part II or III,", substitute "An extradition arrest warrant, a provisional arrest warrant".
19	135	At the end of section 48
20		Add:
21 22		(3) An authorisation given under subparagraph (1)(b)(iv) is not a legislative instrument.
23 24		(4) If a direction under subparagraph (1)(b)(v) is given in writing, the direction is not a legislative instrument.
25	136	Paragraph 55(d)
26 27		Omit "prescribing penalties not exceeding a fine of \$2,000", substitute "penalties not exceeding a fine of 20 penalty units".
28	137	Application—section 21A of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> etc.

1 2		Section 21A of the <i>Extradition Act 1988</i> , as inserted by this Schedule, applies in relation to an application for review or appeal referred to in
3		subsection 21A(1) that is made on or after the commencement of this
4		item, whether or not the relevant proceedings under section 19 were
5		instituted before or after that commencement.
6	138	Application of amendments made by items 122, 123 and
7		124
8		The amendments made by items 122, 123 and 124 of this Schedule
9		apply in relation to persons in respect of whom an indorsed New
10		Zealand warrant has been obtained on or after the commencement of
11		this item.
12	139	Application of amendment made by item 136
13		The amendment made by item 136 of this Schedule applies to a penalty
14		imposed on or after the commencement of this item, whether or not the
15		relevant proceedings were instituted before, on or after that
16		commencement.
17		

S	chedule 3—Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters
Pa	art 1—Grounds of refusal
M	utual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
1	Paragraph 8(1)(a) After "relates to the", insert "investigation,".
2	Paragraph 8(1)(b) After "with a view to", insert "investigating,".
3	After paragraph 8(1)(b) Insert: (ba) the request relates to a foreign order in relation to an offend that is, or is by reason of the circumstances in which it is alleged to have been committed or was committed, a politi- offence; or
4	Paragraph 8(1)(c) After "for the purpose of", insert "investigating,".
5	Paragraph 8(1)(c) After "sex,", insert "sexual orientation,".
6	After paragraph 8(1)(c) Insert: (ca) there are substantial grounds for believing that, if the requer was granted, the person would be in danger of being subjected to torture; or
7	Paragraph 8(1)(d) After "relates to the", insert "investigation,".
8	After paragraph 8(1)(d)

	Insert:
	(da) both of the following subparagraphs are satisfied:
	(i) the request relates to a foreign order in relation to an offence;
	 (ii) an act or omission constituting the offence, had the act or omission occurred in Australia, would have constituted an offence under the military law of Australia but not also under the ordinary criminal law of Australia; or
9	Paragraph 8(1)(e)
	Omit "Territory; or", substitute "Territory.".
10	Paragraph 8(1)(f)
	Repeal the paragraph.
11	Subsection 8(1A)
	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
	(1A) A request by a foreign country for assistance under this Act must be refused if:
	(a) the request relates to the investigation, prosecution or punishment of:
	(i) a person arrested or detained on suspicion of having committed an offence; or
	(ii) a person charged with, or convicted of, an offence; and
	(b) the offence is one in respect of which the death penalty may be imposed in the foreign country;
	unless the Attorney-General is of the opinion, having regard to the special circumstances of the case, that the assistance requested should be granted.
12	Paragraph 8(2)(a)
	After "relates to the", insert "investigation,".
13	Paragraph 8(2)(a)
	After "Australian law", insert "at the time at which the request was
	received".

1	14 Paragraphs 8(2)(b) and (c)
2	Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
3	(b) both of the following subparagraphs are satisfied:
4 5	(i) the request relates to a foreign order in relation to an offence;
6 7 8 9	 (ii) an act or omission constituting the offence, had the act or omission occurred in Australia, would not have constituted an offence against Australian law at the time at which the request was received; or
9 10 11	(c) the request relates to the investigation, prosecution or punishment of a person for an offence in a case where:
12 13 14	 (i) the person has been acquitted or pardoned by a competent tribunal or authority in the foreign country, or in Australia or another country; or
15 16 17	 (ii) the person has undergone the punishment provided by the law of the foreign country, or of Australia or another country;
18 19	in respect of that offence or of another offence constituted by the same act or omission as that offence; or
20	15 Application of amendments made by this Part
21 22 23 24	The amendments made by this Part apply in relation to a request by a foreign country that is under consideration on or after the commencement of this item, whether the request was made before or after that commencement.
25	

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 2** Video link evidence

1	Ра	rt 2—Video link evidence
2	Мı	utual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
3 4	16	Subsection 3(1) Insert:
5 6		<i>tape recording</i> means audio recording, video recording or recording by other electronic means.
7 8	17	Before section 12 Insert:
9	Div	vision 1—Requests by Australia
10 11	18	Subparagraphs 12(1)(a)(i) and (ii) Omit "in accordance with the law of that country".
12 13 14 15	19	After paragraph 12(1)(a) Insert: (aa) if subparagraph (a)(i) applies—to arrange for a tape recording to be made of the evidence to be taken; and
16 17 18	20	Paragraph 12(1)(b) After "evidence", insert "(and if paragraph (aa) applies, the tape recording or a copy of it)".
19 20 21	21	Subsection 12(3) Omit ", through a video link, from Australia", substitute "in person, or through a video link from Australia,".
22 23	22	After section 12 Insert:
24	Div	vision 2—Requests by foreign countries
25 26	23	Subsection 13(1) Repeal the subsection, substitute:

1	(1) This section applies if a foreign country (the <i>requesting country</i>)
2	requests:
3	(a) any of the following:
4	(i) that evidence be taken in Australia;
5 6	(ii) that evidence be taken in Australia and a tape recording be made of the evidence taken;
7	(iii) that evidence be taken in Australia for live transmission
8	by means of video link to a courtroom or other place in
9	the requesting country; or
10	(b) that documents or other articles in Australia be produced;
11 12	for the purposes of a proceeding in relation to a criminal matter in that country or another foreign country (the <i>foreign proceeding</i>).
13 14	(1A) The Attorney-General may, by writing in accordance with the approved form, authorise:
15	(a) the taking of the evidence and its transmission to the
16	requesting country; or
17	(b) the production of the documents or other articles and their
18	transmission to the requesting country.
19	24 Saving of existing authorisations
19 20	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the Mutual Assistance in
20 21	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule,
20 21 22	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that
20 21 22 23	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item
20 21 22 23 24	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been
20 21 22 23 24 25	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule.
	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2)
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2) Omit all the words before paragraph (b), substitute:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force on and after that commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2) Omit all the words before paragraph (b), substitute: (2) If the Attorney-General gives an authorisation under subsection (1A): (a) in the case of the taking of evidence—a Magistrate may do
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force on and after that commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2) Omit all the words before paragraph (b), substitute: (2) If the Attorney-General gives an authorisation under subsection (1A): (a) in the case of the taking of evidence—a Magistrate may do all or any of the following:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2) Omit all the words before paragraph (b), substitute: (2) If the Attorney-General gives an authorisation under subsection (1A): (a) in the case of the taking of evidence—a Magistrate may do all or any of the following: (i) take evidence on oath or affirmation of the witness
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 Despite the amendment of subsection 13(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 23 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that subsection that were in force on and after that commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if they had been given by the Attorney-General under subsection 13(1A) of that Act as inserted by item 23 of this Schedule. 25 Subsection 13(2) Omit all the words before paragraph (b), substitute: (2) If the Attorney-General gives an authorisation under subsection (1A): (a) in the case of the taking of evidence—a Magistrate may do all or any of the following:

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Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 2** Video link evidence

1 2	(ii) direct that all or part of the proceeding be conducted in private;
3	(iii) require a person to leave the place in Australia where
4	the giving of evidence is taking place or going to take
5	place;
6	(iv) prohibit or restrict the publication of evidence given in
7 8	the proceeding or of the name of a party to, or a witness in, the foreign proceeding;
9	(v) subject to subsection 13AB(1), require the production of
10	documents or other articles;
11 12	(vi) take such action as the Magistrate considers appropriate to facilitate the foreign proceeding;
13	(vii) perform any other function required by the regulations;
14	or
15	26 Paragraph 13(2)(b)
16	Omit "subsection (6)", substitute "subsection 13AB(1)".
	27. At the and of subsection $12(2)$
17	27 At the end of subsection 13(2)
18	Add:
19	Note 1: Subparagraph (2)(a)(i)—see also subsection (2C).
20	Note 2: Subparagraphs (2)(a)(ii), (iii) and (iv)—see also subsection (2B).
21	28 After subsection 13(2)
	Insert:
22	Insert.
23	(2A) However, a Magistrate may not make a ruling about the
24	admissibility of evidence in a foreign proceeding.
25	(2B) If a Magistrate is taking evidence for live transmission by means of
26	video link to a courtroom or other place in the requesting country,
27	the Magistrate:
28	(a) may only exercise the powers mentioned in
29	subparagraphs (2)(a)(ii), (iii) and (iv) at the request of the
30	foreign court; and
31	(b) may, at the request of the foreign court, assist with the
32	administering by the foreign court of an oath or affirmation;
33	and
34	(c) may administer an oath or affirmation.

1		(2C) If a Magistrate takes evidence as mentioned in
2		subparagraph (2)(a)(i) but not for live transmission by means of
3		video link to a courtroom, or other place, in the requesting country,
4		the Magistrate must:
5		(a) if the requesting country requests that a tape recording be
6		made of the evidence taken—cause a tape recording to be
7		made of the evidence, certify that the evidence on the tape recording was taken by the Magistrate and cause the tape
8 9		recording, or a copy of it, to be sent to the Attorney-General;
10		and
11		(b) in any other case—cause the evidence to be put in writing,
12		certify that the evidence was taken by the Magistrate and
13		cause the writing so certified to be sent to the
14		Attorney-General.
15		(2D) If, in taking evidence as mentioned in paragraph $(2)(a)$, a
16		Magistrate requires the production of documents or other articles
17		under subparagraph $(2)(a)(v)$, the Magistrate must send the
18		documents, or copies of the documents certified by the Magistrate
19		to be true copies, or the other articles, to the Attorney-General.
20	29	Subsection 13(4A)
21		Omit ", through a video link, from the requesting country", substitute
22		"in person, or through a video link from the requesting country,".
23	30	After subsection 13(4A)
24		Insert:
25		(4B) For the purposes of Part III of the Crimes Act 1914:
26		(a) the proceeding before the Magistrate is a judicial proceeding;
27		and
28		(b) evidence taken from a witness on oath or affirmation is
29		testimony given in a judicial proceeding.
30	31	Subsections 13(6) to (10)
31		Repeal the subsections.
51		-
32	32	After section 13
33		Insert:

1	13AA	Enforcement of orders
2 3 4		 If a Magistrate is conducting a proceeding under subsection 13(2) and makes an order relating to the conduct of the proceeding, the order must be complied with.
5 6 7 8		(2) If the Magistrate is a Federal Magistrate, subject to the Rules of Court made under the <i>Federal Magistrates Act 1999</i> , the order may be enforced as if the order were an order of the Federal Magistrates Court.
9 10 11		(3) In any other case, subject to the rules of the court of which the Magistrate is a member, the order may be enforced as if the order were an order of that court.
12 13	13AB	Commonwealth and State and Territory laws apply in relation to taking evidence and producing documents etc.
14		(1) Subject to subsection (2), the following laws apply, so far as they
15		are capable of application, for the purposes of a proceeding under
16		section 13 in a State or Territory:
17		(a) laws of the Commonwealth with respect to the compelling of
18		persons to attend before a Federal Magistrate; (b) laws of the Commonwealth with respect to giving evidence,
19 20 21		answering questions and producing documents or other articles before a Federal Magistrate;
22		(c) laws of a State or Territory with respect to the compelling of
23 24		persons to attend before a Magistrate (other than a Federal Magistrate);
25		(d) laws of that State or Territory with respect to giving
26		evidence, answering questions and producing documents or
27		other articles before a Magistrate (other than a Federal
28		Magistrate).
29		(2) For the purposes of section 13:
30		(a) the person to whom the proceeding in the requesting country
31 32		relates is competent but not compellable to give evidence; and
33		(b) a person who is required to give evidence, or produce
34		documents or other articles, for the purposes of a proceeding
35		in relation to a criminal matter in the requesting country or another foreign country, is not compellable to answer a
36		another foreign country, is not compensate to answer a

1	question, or produce a document or article, that the person is
2	not compellable to answer or produce, as the case may be, in
3	the proceeding in that country.
4	(3) Paragraph (2)(b) does not apply if its application would be
5	inconsistent with a provision of a mutual assistance treaty between
6	Australia and the requesting country concerned.
7	(4) A duly authenticated foreign law immunity certificate is admissible
8	in proceedings under section 13 as prima facie evidence of the
9	matters stated in the certificate.
10	33 Application of amendments made by this Part
11	The amendments made by this Part apply:
12	(a) if an authorisation has not been given, before the
13	commencement of this item, by the Attorney-General under
14	subsection 13(1) of the Mutual Assistance in Criminal
15	Matters Act 1987 in relation to a request made by a foreign
16	country—in relation to that request; and
17	(b) in relation to a request made by a foreign country on or after
18	the commencement of this item.
19	

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 3** Telecommunications and surveillance devices

Pa	rt 3—Telecommunications and surveillance devices
Div	vision 1—Provision of certain lawfully obtained material
Мı	utual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
34	Subsection 3(1) Insert:
	<i>interception warrant information</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979.</i>
35	Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	<i>lawfully accessed information</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979.</i>
36	Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	<i>lawfully intercepted information</i> has the same meaning as in th <i>Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979.</i>
37	Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	<i>protected information</i> means information that is protected information within the meaning of paragraph 44(1)(a), (b) or (c) the <i>Surveillance Devices Act 2004</i> .
38	Subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	stored communications warrant information has the same meaning as in the <i>Telecommunications</i> (Interception and Access Act 1979.

39 Subsection 13A(2)

2	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
3	(2) The Attorney-General may only authorise the provision to the
4	requesting country of material specified in column 1 of the
5	following table if the request relates to a serious offence against the
6	laws of that country specified in column 2 of the table:
7	

Item	Column 1	Column 2
1	material that is or includes protected information	a serious offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more, imprisonment for life or the death penalty
2	material that is or includes lawfully accessed information or stored	a serious offence punishable by a maximum penalty of:
	communications warrant information	 (a) imprisonment for 3 years or more, imprisonment for life or the death penalty; or
		(b) a fine of an amount that is at least equivalent to 900 penalty units
3	material that is or includes lawfully intercepted information or interception warrant information	 (a) a serious offence punishable by maximum penalty of imprisonment for 7 years or more, imprisonment for life or the death penalty; or
		(b) a cartel offence punishable by a maximum penalty of a fine of an amount that is at least equivalen to \$10,000,000

8 9 10	40	Subsection 13A(6) (paragraph (b) of the definition of material lawfully obtained by an enforcement agency in Australia)
11		Omit "prosecution;", substitute "prosecution.".
12	41	Subsection 13A(6) (definition of material lawfully obtained
13		by an enforcement agency in Australia)
14		Omit all the words after paragraph (b).

1	Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979
2	42 At the end of section 68
3	Add:
4 5 6 7 8	; and (1) if the Attorney-General has authorised the provision of the information to a foreign country under subsection 13A(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> —to that foreign country, or to the Secretary of the Department for the purpose of providing the information to that foreign country.
9	43 After section 68
10	Insert:
11	68A Communicating information obtained by Secretary
12	(1) The Secretary of the Department may, personally, or by a person
13	authorised by him or her, communicate to another person
14	(including a foreign country) lawfully intercepted information or
15	interception warrant information if:
16	(a) the information was communicated to the Secretary under $(a) = (a + b) + (a + b) $
17	paragraph 68(l) for the purpose of providing the information to a foreign country; and
18	(b) the communication of the information is for purposes
19 20	connected with providing the information to the foreign
21	country.
22	(2) A person to whom lawfully intercepted information or interception
23	warrant information has been communicated under subsection (1)
24	or this subsection may communicate that information to another
25	person (including a foreign country) for purposes connected with
6	providing the information to the foreign country.
27	44 Paragraph 94(3)(a)
28	After "Division 2", insert "(other than section 102B)".
29	45 After section 102A
0	Insert:

1	102B Report regarding mutual assistance requests
2 3 4	The report must set out the number of occasions on which lawfully intercepted information or interception warrant information was provided to a foreign country under paragraph 68(1) or section 68A
4 5 6	in connection with an authorisation under subsection 13A(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> .
7	46 At the end of subsection 139(2)
8	Add:
9 10 11	; or (e) an authorisation under subsection 13A(1) of the <i>Mutual</i> Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987 in respect of the information.
12	47 Paragraph 159(1)(a)
12	After "Division 2", insert "(other than section 163A)".
14	48 At the end of Division 2 of Part 3-6 of Chapter 3
15	Add:
16	163A Report regarding mutual assistance requests
17 18	The report must set out the number of occasions on which lawfully accessed information or stored communications warrant
19	information was provided to a foreign country under subsection
20	139(1) or section 142 in connection with an authorisation under
21 22	subsection 13A(1) of the Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987.
23	49 Application of amendments made by this Division
24	The amendments made by this Division apply in relation to a request by
25	a foreign country that is under consideration on or after the
26 27	commencement of this item, whether the request was made before, on or after that commencement.
28	Division 2—Requests for use of surveillance devices

- 29 Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
- 30 50 After Part IIIB

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1	Insert:
2	Part IIIC—Assistance in relation to use of
3	surveillance devices
4	Sur vernance devices
5	15E Requests by Australia for surveillance devices
6	(1) This section applies if:
7	(a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a
8 9	maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more has commenced in Australia; and
10	(b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is
11	reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining
12	information relevant to:
13	(i) the commission of the offence; or
14	(ii) the identity or location of the offenders.
15	(2) Australia may request an appropriate authority of a foreign
16	country:
17	(a) to authorise the use of a surveillance device (however
18	described), in accordance with the law of that country, to
19	obtain the information referred to in paragraph (1)(b); and
20	(b) to arrange for any such information that has been obtained to
21	be sent to Australia.
22	(3) Subsection (4) applies if:
23	(a) Australia makes a request under this section; and
24	(b) the foreign country obtains any information referred to in
25	paragraph (1)(b) by means of a process authorised by the law
26	of that country other than the use (as requested by Australia)
27	of a surveillance device.
28	(4) The information obtained by the foreign country:
29	(a) is not inadmissible in evidence in a proceeding that relates to
30	the investigation; or
31	(b) is not precluded from being used for the purposes of the
32	investigation;
33	on the ground alone that it was obtained otherwise than in
34	accordance with the request.

1 15F Requests by foreign countries for surveillance devices

2	(1) The Attorney-General may, in his or her discretion, authorise an
3	eligible law enforcement officer, in writing, to apply for a
4	surveillance device warrant under section 14 of the Surveillance
5	Devices Act 2004 if the Attorney-General is satisfied that:
6	(a) an investigation, or investigative proceeding, relating to a
7	criminal matter involving an offence against the law of a
8	foreign country (the <i>requesting country</i>) that is punishable
9	by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more,
10	imprisonment for life or the death penalty has commenced in
11	the requesting country; and
12	(b) the requesting country requests the Attorney-General to
13	arrange for the use of a surveillance device; and
14	(c) the requesting country has given appropriate undertakings in
15	relation to:
16	(i) ensuring that the information obtained as a result of the
17	use of the surveillance device will only be used for the
18	purpose for which it is communicated to the requesting
19	country; and
20	(ii) the destruction of a document or other thing containing
21	information obtained as a result of the use of the
22	surveillance device; and
23	(iii) any other matter the Attorney-General considers
24	appropriate.
25	(2) In this section:
26	eligible law enforcement officer means a person referred to in
27	paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of <i>law enforcement officer</i> set
28	out in subsection 6(1) of the Surveillance Devices Act 2004.
29	Surveillance Devices Act 2004
29	Survenunce Devices Act 2004
30	51 Subsection 6(1)
31	Insert:
32 33	<i>investigative proceeding</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Mutual</i> Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987.
34	52 Subsection 6(1)

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	Insert:
	<i>mutual assistance application</i> means an application for a surveillance device warrant made under a mutual assistance authorisation.
50	
53	Subsection 6(1)
	Insert:
	<i>mutual assistance authorisation</i> means an authorisation under subsection 15F(1) of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987.</i>
54	After subsection 14(3)
	Insert:
	(3A) A law enforcement officer (or another person on his or her behalf)
	may apply for the issue of a surveillance device warrant if he or
	she:
	 (a) is authorised to do so under a mutual assistance authorisation; and
	(b) suspects on reasonable grounds that the use of a surveillance
	device is necessary, in the course of the investigation or
	investigative proceeding to which the authorisation relates,
	for the purpose of enabling evidence to be obtained of:
	(i) the commission of the offence to which the
	authorisation relates; or
	(ii) the identity or location of the persons suspected of committing the offence.
55	Subsection 14(4)
	Omit "(1) or (3)", substitute "(1), (3) or (3A)".
56	After paragraph 16(1)(b)
	Insert:
	(ba) in the case of a warrant sought in relation to a mutual assistance authorisation—that such an authorisation is in force and that there are reasonable grounds for the suspicion founding the application for the warrant; and
	Paragraph 16(2)(a)

1		After "relevant offence", insert "or a mutual assistance authorisation".
2	58	Paragraph 16(2)(e)
3		Before "the likely", insert "in the case of a warrant sought in relation to
4		a relevant offence or a recovery order—".
5	59	After paragraph 16(2)(e)
6		Insert:
7		(ea) in the case of a warrant sought in relation to a mutual
8		assistance authorisation—the likely evidentiary or
9		intelligence value of any evidence or information sought to
10		be obtained, to the extent that this is possible to determine
11 12		from information obtained from the foreign country to which the authorisation relates; and
13	60	After subparagraph 17(1)(b)(iii)
14		Insert:
15		(iiia) if the warrant relates to a mutual assistance
16		authorisation-the offence or offences against the law
17		of a foreign country to which the authorisation relates;
18		and
19	61	Subsection 20(2)
20		Omit "or 21(3)(a) and (b)", substitute ", 21(3)(a) and (b) or 21(3A)(a)
21		and (b)".
22	62	After subsection 21(3)
23		Insert:
24		(3A) If:
25		(a) a surveillance device warrant has been sought by or on behalf
26		of a law enforcement officer as authorised under a mutual
27		assistance authorisation; and
28		(b) the chief officer of the law enforcement agency to which the
29		law enforcement officer belongs or is seconded is satisfied
30		that the use of a surveillance device is no longer required for
31		the purpose of enabling evidence to be obtained of:
32		(i) the commission of the offence against a law of a foreign
33		country to which the authorisation relates; or

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	(ii) the identity or location of the persons suspected of
	committing the offence; the chief officer must, in addition to revoking the warrant under
	section 20, take the steps necessary to ensure that use of the
	surveillance device authorised by the warrant is discontinued.
63	After paragraph 21(5)(b)
	Insert:
	or (c) if the warrant was issued in relation to a mutual assistance authorisation—of enabling evidence to be obtained of:
	(i) the commission of the offence against a law of a foreit country to which the authorisation relates; or
	(ii) the identity or location of the persons suspected of committing the offence;
64	Paragraph 45(4)(f)
	Repeal the paragraph, substitute:
	(f) the communication of information for the purpose of
	providing the information to a foreign country, or an appropriate authority of a foreign country, if:
	(i) the provision of the information has been authorised
	under subsection 13A(1) of the Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987; or
	(ii) the information was obtained under, or relates to, a surveillance device warrant issued in relation to a mutual assistance authorisation.
65	After paragraph 50(1)(a)
	Insert:
	 (aa) the number of mutual assistance applications made by or o behalf of, and the number of warrants issued as a result of such applications to, law enforcement officers of the agence during that year; and
66	After paragraph 50(1)(e)
	Insert:

67 After paragraph 50(1)(i)

1

2		Insert:	
3		(ia)	for each offence (the <i>foreign offence</i>) against a law of a
4			foreign country in respect of which a warrant was issued as a
5			result of a mutual assistance application made by or on behalf
6			of law enforcement officers of the agency during the year—
7			the offence (if any), under a law of the Commonwealth, or of
8			a State or a Territory, that is of the same nature as, or a
9			substantially similar nature to, the foreign offence; and
10	68	After subp	oaragraph 53(2)(c)(iii)
11		Insert:	
12			(iiia) if the warrant was issued in relation to a mutual
13			assistance authorisation—the offence against the law of
14			the foreign country to which the authorisation relates;
15			and
16	69	Applicatio	n of amendments made by this Division
17		The amen	dments made by this Division apply in relation to a request by
18		a foreign	country that is under consideration on or after the
19		commenc	ement of this item, whether the request was made before or
20		after that	commencement.
21			

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 4** Carrying out forensic procedures at the request of a foreign country etc.

	of a foreign country etc.		
Crimes Act 1914	Crimes Act 1914		
70 Simplified outline of Part ID (after the paragraph relating to Division 7) Insert:			
procedure is country (as c	rtain rules are modified or do not apply if the forensic carried out in response to a request by a foreign ontemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal</i> <i>1987</i>) or a request by a foreign law enforcement sion 9A).		
71 Subsection 23W	A(1)		
Insert:			
foreign law o	enforcement agency means:		
(b) any oth	e force (however described) of a foreign country; or her authority or person responsible for the enforcement aws of the foreign country.		
72 Subsection 23W	A(1)		
Insert:			
foreian serie	bus offence has the same meaning as in the Mutual		
	Criminal Matters Act 1987.		
73 Subsection 23W	A(1)		
Insert:			
forensic evid	lence means one or more of the following:		
	ce of forensic material, or evidence consisting of		
forensi	c material, taken from a suspect or a volunteer by a		
	c procedure;		
(b) evidence materia	ce of any results of the analysis of the forensic al;		

Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Schedule 3** Carrying out forensic procedures at the request of a foreign country etc. **Part 4**

1 2	(c) any other evidence obtained as a result of or in connection with the carrying out of the forensic procedure.
3 74	Subsection 23WA(1) (definition of <i>investigating constable</i>)
4	Repeal the definition, substitute:
5	investigating constable means:
6 7 8 9	 (a) in the case of a request by a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>) or a foreign law enforcement agency—the constable in charge of coordinating the response to the request; and
10 11 12 13	(b) in any other case—the constable in charge of the investigation of the commission of an offence in relation to which a forensic procedure is carried out or proposed to be carried out.
14 75	Subsection 23WA(1) (at the end of the definition of
15	suspect)
16	Add:
17 18 19	; or (d) a person in respect of whom a forensic procedure has been requested by a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>) or a foreign
20 21	law enforcement agency because the foreign country has:(i) started investigating whether the person has committed
22	an indictable offence; or
23 24	(ii) started proceedings against the person for an indictable offence.
25 76	At the end of section 23WA
26	Add:
27	Requests by a foreign country and the police force of a foreign
28	country
29	(9) The provisions of this Part apply in relation to a forensic procedure
30	carried out because of:
31 32	(a) a request by a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>); or
33	(b) a request by a foreign law enforcement agency;

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Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 4** Carrying out forensic procedures at the request of a foreign country etc.

1 2		as if a reference to an indictable offence were a reference to a foreign serious offence.
3	77	Subparagraph 23WF(2)(b)(i)
4		After "(h), (i)", insert ", (ib)".
5	78	Subsection 23WI(2)
6		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		 (2) In determining whether a request is justified in all the circumstances, the constable must: (a) if the forensic procedure has been requested by a foreign law enforcement agency—balance the public interest in Australia providing and receiving international assistance in criminal matters against the public interest in upholding the physical integrity of the suspect; and (b) in any other case—balance the public interest in obtaining evidence tending to confirm or disprove that the suspect committed the offence concerned against the public interest in upholding the physical integrity of the suspect.
18	79	After paragraph 23WJ(1)(ia)
19		Insert:
20		(ib) if the suspect is being asked to undergo a forensic procedure
21		because of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency— the following:
22		C C
23 24		(i) the name of the foreign law enforcement agency that has made the request;
25		(ii) that forensic evidence resulting from the forensic
26		procedure will be provided to the foreign law
27		enforcement agency;
28		(iii) that the forensic evidence may be used in proceedings
29		against the suspect in the foreign country;
30		(iv) that the retention of the forensic evidence will be
31		governed by the laws of the foreign country;
32		(v) that the retention of the forensic evidence will be subject
33 24		to undertakings given by the foreign law enforcement
34 25		agency; (vi) the content of those undertakings;
35		(vi) the content of mose undertakings,
1 8	0 After subsection 23WJ(4)	
----------------------	--	
2	Insert:	
3	Exception—requests by foreign law enforcement agency	
4 5 6	(4A) Subsections (3) and (4) do not apply if the suspect is being asked to undergo a forensic procedure because of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency.	
7 8	1 Subsection 23WJ(5)	
8 9 10	After "not in custody", insert "and is not being asked to undergo a forensic procedure because of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency".	
11 8	2 At the end of section 23WJ	
12	Add:	
13 14	Failure to consent to forensic procedure—procedure requested by foreign law enforcement agency	
15 16 17 18	(6) If the suspect is being asked to undergo a forensic procedure because of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency, the constable must inform the suspect (whether or not the suspect is in custody) that, if the suspect does not consent:	
19 20	(a) the foreign country may request that the forensic procedure be carried out; and	
21 22 23 24	(b) the Attorney-General may authorise, under the <i>Mutual</i> Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987, a constable to apply to a magistrate for an order for the carrying out of the forensic procedure.	
25 26 27	Note: Under the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> , the Attorney-General may only authorise a constable who is an authorised applicant.	
28 8	3 Subsection 23WL(2) (note)	
29	Omit "Note", substitute "Note 1".	
30 8	4 At the end of section 23WL	
31	Add:	

1 2 3 4		Note 2: If a foreign law enforcement agency requests that a forensic procedure be carried out on a suspect, a copy of the tape recording or the written record may also be provided to the foreign law enforcement agency: see subsection 23YQD(2).
5	85	After subsection 23WM(2)
6		Insert:
7 8 9 10 11		 (2A) This Division does not authorise the carrying out of a forensic procedure on a suspect if the procedure has been requested by: (a) a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>); or (b) a foreign law enforcement agency.
12	86	Section 23WR
13		Before "A", insert "(1)".
14	87	At the end of section 23WR
15		Add:
16		; or (d) the forensic procedure has been requested by a foreign
17 18		country (as contemplated by the Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987).
19 20 21		(2) However, a magistrate is not authorised to order the carrying out of a forensic procedure on a suspect if the procedure has been requested by a foreign law enforcement agency.
22	88	Paragraph 23WS(a)
23		Omit "section 23WR", substitute "subsection 23WR(1)".
24	89	After paragraph 23WT(1)(c)
25		Insert:
26		(ca) if the forensic procedure has been requested by a foreign
27		country—the constable has been authorised by the
28 29		Attorney-General under the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal</i> <i>Matters Act 1987</i> to make the application for an order under
29 30		this Part; and
31	90	Subsection 23WT(2)
32	-	Repeal the subsection, substitute:
		L , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		 (2) In determining whether the carrying out of the forensic procedure is justified in all the circumstances, the magistrate must: (a) if the forensic procedure has been requested by a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>)—balance the public interest in Australia providing and receiving international assistance in criminal matters against the public interest in upholding the physical integrity of the suspect; and (b) in any other case—balance the public interest in obtaining evidence tending to confirm or disprove that the suspect committed the offence concerned against the public interest in upholding the physical integrity of the suspect.
12	Q1	Paragraph 23WU(2)(b)
13	31	
14		After "(c)", insert ", (ca)".
15	92	Paragraph 23XA(1)(a)
16		Omit "section 23WR", substitute "subsection 23WR(1)".
17	93	After paragraph 23XWR(2)(d)
18		Insert:
19		(da) if the volunteer undergoes a forensic procedure because of a
20		request by a foreign law enforcement agency—the following:
21		(i) the name of the foreign law enforcement agency that has
22		made the request;
23		(ii) that forensic evidence resulting from the forensic
24		procedure will be provided to the foreign law
25		enforcement agency;
26		(iii) that the forensic evidence may be used in proceedings in
27		the foreign country;
28 29		(iv) that the retention of the forensic evidence will be governed by the laws of the foreign country;
29 30		(v) that the retention of the forensic evidence will be subject
31		to undertakings given by the foreign law enforcement
32		agency;
33		(vi) the content of those undertakings;
34	94	At the end of section 23XWS
35	• •	Add:
55		7 uu .

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1 2		Note 1:	Division 9 contains provisions about making copies of material (including copies of tapes) available to volunteers.
3		Note 2:	
4		Note 2.	be carried out on a volunteer, a copy of the tape recording or the
5			written record may also be provided to the foreign law enforcement
6			agency: see subsection 23YQD(2).
7	95	At the end	of subsection 23XWU(1)
8		Add:	
9		; or (d)	in the case of a forensic procedure that has been requested by
10			a foreign country—a constable has been authorised by the
11			Attorney-General under the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal</i>
12			<i>Matters Act 1987</i> to make the application for an order under
13			this Part.
14	96	After subse	ection 23XWU(1)
15		Insert:	
15		msert.	
16			ver, a magistrate is not authorised to order the carrying out of
17			nsic procedure on a child or incapable person if the procedure
18		has be	en requested by a foreign law enforcement agency.
19	97	Subsection	23XWV(2)
20		Omit "A m	agistrate", substitute "Subject to subsection (2A), a
21		magistrate'	
22	98	After subse	ection 23XWV(2)
23		Insert:	
23		moert.	
24		· · ·	te subsection (2), a magistrate may not make an order if:
25			the volunteer was asked to undergo a forensic procedure
26			because of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency;
27			and
28			the forensic evidence has already been provided to the
29			foreign law enforcement agency.
30	ga	At the end	of Division 7 of Part ID
	33		
31		Add:	

Subdivision C—Application

23YB	A Division	does not apply to a proceeding in a foreign country
		d doubt, this Division does not apply in relation to a
proceeding in a foreign country in which forensic evidence is provided in response to a request by:		
	—	foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance</i>
		Criminal Matters Act 1987); or
	(b) a	foreign law enforcement agency.
100 E	Before sect	tion 23YC
	Insert:	
23YBI	B Applicati	on
		vision does not apply to forensic evidence provided in
	-	e to a request by:
		foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>); or
		foreign law enforcement agency.
101 A	At the end	of subsection 23YF(1)
	Add:	
	Note 1:	If a forensic procedure is carried out as a result of a request by a
		foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in</i> <i>Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>), a copy of anything made may also be
		provided to the foreign country: see subsections 23YQB(2) and (3).
	Note 2:	If a forensic procedure is carried out as a result of a request by a foreign law enforcement agency, a copy of anything made may also be
		provided to the foreign law enforcement agency: see subsections
		23YQD(3) and (4).
102 A	After section	on 23YK
	Insert:	
23YK	A Applicati	ion of sections 23YI to 23YK
	To avoi	d doubt, sections 23YI to 23YK do not apply in relation to
	-	eding in a foreign country in which forensic evidence is
	provide	d in response to a request by:

	(a) a foreign country (as contamplated by the Mutual Assistance
	(a) a foreign country (as contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance</i> <i>in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i>); or
	(b) a foreign law enforcement agency.
103 Aft	ter Division 9 of Part ID
Ir	nsert:
Divisio	n 9A—Carrying out forensic procedures at the request of a foreign jurisdiction
Subdivi	sion A—Requests by foreign countries
23YQA	Application of Subdivision
	This Subdivision applies if:
	(a) a request is made by a foreign country that a forensic
	procedure be carried out on a person; and
	(b) the Attorney-General authorises, under the <i>Mutual Assistance</i>
	<i>in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> , a constable to apply to a magistrate for the carrying out of the forensic procedure on
	the person.
	Note: Under the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987</i> , the Attorney-General may only authorise a constable who is an authorise applicant.
23YQB	Providing forensic evidence resulting from a forensic
	procedure
(1) If a forensic procedure is carried out on a person, the forensic
	evidence resulting from the procedure is to be provided to the
	foreign country concerned in accordance with a direction given by
	the Attorney-General under section 28C of the <i>Mutual Assistance</i> <i>in Criminal Matters Act 1987.</i>
(2) If an audio recording, a copy of it, or a copy of a transcript of a
	tape recording is made available to a person (as required by
	subsection $23YF(1)$), a copy of the audio recording or the
	transcript, or both, as the case may be, may also be provided to the
	foreign country concerned, but only in accordance with a direction given by the Attorney-General under section 28C of the <i>Mutual</i>
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1	(3)	lf:
2 3		(a) a video recording or a copy of it is made available to a person (as required by subsection 23YF(1)); or
4		(b) both an audio recording and a video recording are made and
5		the person is given an opportunity to view the video
6		recording (as required by subsection 23YF(1));
7	:	a copy of the video recording may also be provided to the foreign
8		country concerned, but only in accordance with a direction given
9	1	by the Attorney-General under section 28C of the Mutual
10	1	Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987.
11	Subdivisio	n B—Requests by a foreign law enforcement agency
12	23YQC Ap	oplication of Subdivision
13	,	This Subdivision applies if a request is made by a foreign law
14		enforcement agency that a forensic procedure be carried out on:
15		(a) a suspect in relation to a foreign serious offence who has
16		given informed consent to the forensic procedure; or
17		(b) a volunteer.
18	23YOD Pr	oviding forensic material etc. to a foreign law
19	-	enforcement agency
20 21		The Commissioner may provide forensic evidence to a foreign law enforcement agency if the Commissioner is satisfied that:
22		(a) the foreign law enforcement agency has given appropriate
23		undertakings in relation to the retention, use and destruction
24		of the forensic evidence; and
25		(b) it is appropriate, in all the circumstances of the case, to do so.
26	(2)	If forensic evidence is to be provided to the foreign law
27		enforcement agency, a copy of the tape recording or the written
28		record mentioned in section 23WL (suspects) or 23XWS
29 30		(volunteers) may also be provided to the foreign law enforcement agency.
31	(3)	If an audio recording, a copy of it, or a copy of a transcript of a
32		tape recording is made available to a suspect or volunteer (as
33	1	required by subsection 23YF(1)), a copy of the audio recording or

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1 2	the transcript, or both, as the case may be, may also be provided to the foreign law enforcement agency.
3	(4) If:
4	(a) a video recording or a copy of it is made available to a
5	suspect or volunteer (as required by subsection 23YF(1)); or
6	(b) both an audio recording and a video recording are made and
7	the suspect or volunteer is given an opportunity to view the
8	video recording (as required by subsection 23YF(1));
9 10	a copy of the video recording may also be provided to the foreign law enforcement agency.
11	104 Section 23YQA
12	Renumber as section 23YQE.
13	105 After subsection 23YUB(1)
14	Insert:
15	(1A) The orders mentioned in subsection (1) do not include an order for
16	the carrying out of a forensic procedure on a person that is made
17	under this Part in response to a request by a foreign country (as
18 19	contemplated by the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act</i> 1987).
20	Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
21	106 Subsection 3(1)
22	Insert:
23	child has the same meaning as in Part ID of the Crimes Act 1914.
23	chua has the same meaning as in 1 art 1D of the Crimes Act 1914.
24	107 Subsection 3(1)
25	Insert:
26	forensic evidence has the same meaning as in Part ID of the
27	Crimes Act 1914.
28	108 Subsection 3(1)
29	Insert:

1	forensic material has the same meaning as in Part ID of the Crimes
2	Act 1914.
3	109 Subsection 3(1)
4	Insert:
5 6	<i>forensic procedure</i> has the same meaning as in Part ID of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> .
7	110 Subsection 3(1)
8	Insert:
9 10	<i>incapable person</i> has the same meaning as in Part ID of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> .
11	111 Subsection 3(1)
12	Insert:
13	parent has the same meaning as in the Crimes Act 1914.
14	112 After Part IV
15	Insert:
16	Part IVA—Forensic procedures
17	Division 1—Requests by Australia
18	28A Requests by Australia for forensic procedures
19	(1) If:
20	(a) a proceeding relating to a criminal matter has commenced in
21	Australia; and
22	(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that a person in a
23	foreign country is capable of giving assistance that may result
24	in evidence relevant to the proceeding;
25 26	Australia may request the foreign country to authorise the carrying out of a forensic procedure on the person for the purpose of giving
20 27	assistance in connection with the proceeding.
28	(2) If:

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1	(a) an investigation relating to a criminal matter has commenced
2	in Australia; and
3 4	 (b) a person in a foreign country is capable of giving assistance in relation to the investigation;
5	Australia may request the foreign country to authorise the carrying
6	out of a forensic procedure on the person for the purpose of giving
7	assistance in relation to the investigation.
8	(3) To avoid doubt, Australia may request that a forensic procedure be
9	carried out in the foreign country even if, under Australian law, the
10	forensic procedure could not have been carried out by using
11	processes similar to those used in the foreign country.
12	(4) Subsection (5) applies if:
13	(a) Australia makes a request under this section; and
14	(b) the foreign country obtains any thing relevant to the
15	proceeding or investigation by means of a process authorised
16	by the law of that country other than the carrying out (as
17	requested by Australia) of a forensic procedure on a
18	particular person.
19	(5) The thing obtained by the foreign country:
20	(a) is not inadmissible in evidence in the proceeding; or
21	(b) is not precluded from being used for the purposes of the
22	investigation;
23	on the ground alone that it was obtained otherwise than in
24	accordance with the request.
25	Division 2—Requests by foreign countries
26	28B Requests by foreign countries for forensic procedures
27	(1) If a foreign country requests that a forensic procedure be carried
28	out on a person, the Attorney-General may authorise a constable to
29	apply, in accordance with Part ID of the Crimes Act 1914, to a
30	magistrate for an order for the carrying out of the forensic
31	procedure on the person, so long as, if the person is a suspect
32	within the meaning of subsection $23WA(1)$ of that Act, the
33	constable is an authorised applicant within the meaning of that
34	subsection.

1	(2) The Attorney-General must not authorise a constable under	
2	subsection (1) unless the Attorney-General is satisfied of the	
3	following matters:	
4	(a) a request has been made by a foreign country that a forensic	
5	procedure be carried out on a person;	
6	(b) unless the person is a child or an incapable person—the	
7	foreign country has:	
8	(i) started investigating whether the person has committed	
9	a foreign serious offence against its laws; or	
10	(ii) started proceedings against the person for a foreign	
11	serious offence;	
12	(c) the person is, or is believed to be, in Australia;	
13	(d) the foreign country has given:	
14	(i) appropriate undertakings in relation to the retention, use	е
15	and destruction of forensic material, or of information	
16	obtained from analysis of that forensic material; and	
17	(ii) any other undertakings that the Attorney-General	
18	considers necessary;	
19	(e) unless the person is a child or an incapable person—the	
20	person has been given an opportunity to consent to the	
21	forensic procedure and has not consented to it;	
22	(f) if the person is a child or an incapable person, the matters specified in subsection (3).	
23	specifica în subsection (5).	
24	(3) If the person is a child or an incapable person, the	
25	Attorney-General must:	
26	(a) be satisfied that either of the following applies:	
27	(i) the consent of the parent or guardian cannot reasonably	,
28	be obtained or has been withdrawn;	
29	(ii) the parent or guardian is a suspect in relation to the	
30	foreign serious offence; and	
31	(b) believe that, having regard to the best interests of the child o	
32	incapable person, it is appropriate to make the authorisation.	
33	28C Providing forensic evidence to foreign countries	
24	(1) If:	
34	(a) a foreign country requests that a forensic procedure be	
35 36	carried out on a person; and	
50	carried out on a person, and	

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1	(b) the Attorney-General authorises a constable to make an
2	application of the kind mentioned in subsection 28B(1); and
3	(c) a forensic procedure is carried out on the person;
4	the Attorney-General may direct the constable as to how the
5	forensic evidence is to be provided to the foreign country.
6	(2) A direction by the Attorney-General under subsection (1) is not a
7	legislative instrument.
/	legislative instrument.
/	iegisiarive instrument.
8	113 Application of amendments made by this Part
,	113 Application of amendments made by this Part
8	
8 9	113 Application of amendments made by this Part The amendments made by this Part apply in relation to a request by a
8 9 10	113 Application of amendments made by this Part The amendments made by this Part apply in relation to a request by a foreign country that is under consideration on or after the day on which
8 9 10 11	113 Application of amendments made by this Part The amendments made by this Part apply in relation to a request by a foreign country that is under consideration on or after the day on which this Part commences, whether the request was made before, on or after

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1	Part	5—P	roceeds	of	crime

ual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
Subsection 3(1)
Insert:
<i>cartel offence</i> means an offence by a corporation involving cartel conduct.
Subsection 34(1)
Omit "in a specified court".
Subsection 34(2)
Omit "that is specified in regulations made for the purposes of this subsection".
Subsection 34(2)
Omit "in a specified court".
Paragraphs 34(3)(a) and (b)
Repeal the paragraphs, substitute:
(a) made in respect of a foreign serious offence for which a person has been convicted or charged; or
(b) made in respect of the alleged commission of a foreign
serious offence (whether or not the identity of the person who committed the offence is known);
Subsection 34(3)
Omit "in a specified court".
Subsection 34(4)
Repeal the subsection.
Before subsection 34A(1)
Insert:

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 5** Proceeds of crime

1 2 3		(1A) An application to a court for registration of a foreign order in accordance with an authorisation under this Subdivision must be to a court with proceeds jurisdiction.
4	122	Subsection 34A(1)
5		After "a court", insert "with proceeds jurisdiction".
6	123	Subsection 34F(1)
7		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
8 9 10		 (1) If a copy of a sealed or authenticated copy of: (a) a foreign order; or (b) an amendment of a foreign order;
11 12 13		is sent by fax, email or other electronic means, the copy is to be regarded, for the purposes of this Act, as the same as the sealed or authenticated copy.
14 15	Note:	The heading to section 34F is replaced by the heading " Copies of foreign orders sent by fax, email or other electronic means ".
16 17	124	Subsection 34F(2) Omit "faxed".
18 19	125	Subsection 34F(2) Omit "21", substitute "45".
20 21	126	Subsection 34J(1) Omit "(1)".
22 23	127	Subparagraph 34J(1)(a)(ii) Repeal the subparagraph, substitute:
24		(ii) foreign confiscation proceedings have commenced, or
25 26		there are reasonable grounds to suspect that such proceedings are about to commence, in a foreign
27		country; and
28	128	Subsection 34J(1)
29		Omit "to a specified court".
30	129	Subsection 34J(2)

1		Repeal the subsection.
2	130	Paragraph 34K(3)(b)
3		Repeal the paragraph.
4	131	Paragraph 34K(3)(c)
5		Omit "subparagraph 34J(1)(a)(i)", substitute "subparagraph 34J(a)(i)".
6	132	Paragraph 34K(3)(d)
7		Omit "subparagraph 34J(1)(a)(ii)", substitute "subparagraph 34J(a)(ii)".
8	133	Subparagraph 34K(3)(d)(i)
9		Omit "such proceedings", substitute "foreign confiscation proceedings".
10	134	Section 34N
11		Repeal the section.
12	135	Saving of existing authorisations
13 14		Despite the repeal of section 34N of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal</i> <i>Matters Act 1987</i> made by item 134 of this Schedule, authorisations
14		given by the Attorney-General under that section that were in force
16 17		immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if that repeal had not happened.
18	136	Subsection 34P(1)
19		Repeal the subsection, substitute:
20		(1) If an authorised officer has been authorised under section 34ZG of
21 22		this Act in relation to a request by a foreign country, the authorised officer may apply for a production order under the Proceeds of
23		Crime Act in relation to the foreign serious offence that is the
24		subject of the request.
25	137	Paragraph 34P(3)(b)
26		Repeal the paragraph.
27	138	Subsection 34Q(2)
28		Omit "the obtaining of the production order", substitute "assistance in
29		respect of the foreign serious offence".

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1 139 Subsection 34R(1)

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2	Omit "The Attorney-General or a senior Departmental officer",
3	substitute "An officer mentioned in paragraph 213(3)(a), (b) or (c) of
4	the Proceeds of Crime Act".

140 Transitional provision—notices

(1) This item applies to a written notice given by the Attorney-General or a
 senior Departmental officer under subsection 34R(1) of the *Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987* that was in force immediately
 before the commencement of this item.

10(2)The Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987 as amended by11item 139 of this Schedule has effect, after the commencement of this12item, as if the written notice had been given under subsection 34R(1) of13the Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987 as amended by14item 139 of this Schedule.

15 141 Subsection 34R(2)

Omit "Attorney-General or the senior Departmental".

17 **142 Subsection 34R(3)**

18 Repeal the subsection.

19 **143 Section 34X**

Repeal the section.

144 Saving of existing authorisations

Despite the repeal of section 34X of the *Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987* by item 143 of this Schedule, authorisations given by the Attorney-General under that section that were in force immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on and after that commencement as if that repeal had not happened.

145 Subsection 34Y(1)

- Repeal the subsection, substitute:
 - If an authorised officer has been authorised under section 34ZG of this Act in relation to a request by a foreign country, the authorised officer may apply for a monitoring order under the Proceeds of

1		Crime Act in relation to the foreign serious offence that is the subject of the request, so long as the foreign serious offence is:
2		subject of the request, so long as the foreign serious offence is:
3 4		 (a) an offence punishable by imprisonment for 3 or more years that:
5		(i) involves unlawful conduct relating to a narcotic
6		substance; or
7		(ii) is a money laundering offence; or
8		(iii) involves unlawful conduct by a person that causes, or is
9		intended to cause, a benefit to the value of at least
10		\$10,000 for that person or another person; or
11		(iv) involves unlawful conduct by a person that causes, or is
12		intended to cause, a loss to the foreign country in
13		question or another person of at least \$10,000; or
14		(b) an offence involving the smuggling of migrants; or
15		(c) an offence involving failure to report financial transactions;
16		or
17		(d) a cartel offence; or
18		(e) an offence involving terrorism; or
19		(f) an ancillary offence in respect of an offence referred to in
20		paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e).
21	146	Paragraph 34Y(3)(a)
22		Omit "paragraph 34X(1)(a)", substitute "paragraph (1)(a), (b), (c), (d),
23		(e) or (f)".
24	147	Section 34ZA
25		Repeal the section.
23		Repeat the section.
26	148	Saving of existing authorisations
27		Despite the repeal of section 34ZA of the Mutual Assistance in
28		Criminal Matters Act 1987 by item 147 of this Schedule, authorisations
29		given by the Attorney-General under that section that were in force
30		immediately before the commencement of this item continue in force on
31		and after that commencement as if that repeal had not happened.
32	149	Subsection 34ZB(1)
33		Repeal the subsection, substitute:

	(1) If an authorised officer has been authorised under section 34ZG of this Act in relation to a request by a foreign country, the authorised officer may apply for a search warrant under the Proceeds of Crime Act in relation to the foreign serious offence that is the subject of the request.
150	Paragraph 34ZB(3)(b) Repeal the paragraph.
151	At the end of Division 2 of Part VI
	Add:
Sub	division G—Authorisation of authorised officers
34Z(G Attorney-General may authorise authorised officers
	If:
	(a) a proceeding or investigation relating to a criminal matter
	involving a foreign serious offence has commenced in a
	foreign country; and
	 (b) the foreign country requests assistance in relation to the proceeding or investigation; and
	(c) such assistance may be obtained under the Proceeds of Crime
	Act in the form of a production order, search warrant or
	monitoring order;
	then, the Attorney-General may authorise an authorised officer of
	an enforcement agency to make any applications under that Act that are necessary to respond to the request by the foreign country.
152	Application of amendments made by items 114 to 151
(1)	The amendments made by items 115 to 133 (other than item 125) and
(-)	items 139 to 142 of this Schedule apply in relation to a request by a
	foreign country that is under consideration on or after the
	commencement of this item, whether the request was made before, on or after that commencement.
(2)	The amendment made by item 125 of this Schedule applies in relation to the registration of an order that has effect under Subdivision A of Division 2 of Part VI of the <i>Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act</i> 1987 on or after the commencement of this item.

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1 (3) The amendments made by items 114 and 134 to 151 (other than 2 items 139 to 142) of this Schedule apply in respect of an authorisation 3 given on or after the commencement of this item.

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 6** Other amendments

Mu	tual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
153	Subsection 3(1) (definition of serious offence)
	Repeal the definition, substitute:
	serious offence means an offence the maximum penalty for whi
	is:
	(a) death; or (b) imprisonment for a pariod encoding 12 months, or
	(b) imprisonment for a period exceeding 12 months; or(c) a fine exceeding 300 penalty units.
	Note 1: See section 4AA of the <i>Crimes Act 1914</i> for the current value of a penalty unit.
	Note 2: Paragraph (c)—see also subsection (1A) of this section.
154	After subsection 3(1)
	Insert:
	(1A) In determining, for the purpose of a request by a foreign country
	the Australian dollar equivalent of a fine (whether expressed as
	amount or by way of penalty units) or pecuniary penalty (howev
	described) that may be imposed on a person for an offence to which the request relates, the fine or penalty is to be translated t
	Australian currency:
	-
	(a) In relation to a country for which the Australian rax Offic
	publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d
	publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d on which the request is received; and
	 (a) in relation to a country for which the Australian Tax Offic publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate listed on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the daily on which the request is received; and (b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that applies at the time when the request is received.
155	publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d on which the request is received; and(b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that
155	 publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d on which the request is received; and (b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that applies at the time when the request is received. Paragraphs 5(a) and (b)
155	publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d on which the request is received; and(b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that applies at the time when the request is received.
155	 publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate lister on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the d on which the request is received; and (b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that applies at the time when the request is received. Paragraphs 5(a) and (b) Repeal the paragraphs, substitute: (a) to regulate the provision by Australia of international assistance in criminal matters when a request is made by a
155	 publishes exchange rates—at the daily exchange rate listed on the Australian Tax Office website that applies on the don which the request is received; and (b) in relation to any other country—at the exchange rate that applies at the time when the request is received. Paragraphs 5(a) and (b) Repeal the paragraphs, substitute: (a) to regulate the provision by Australia of international

1 2	156	Subsection 15(1) Omit "(1)".
3 4 5	157	Subsection 15(1) Omit all the words after "Magistrate", substitute "for one or more search warrants in respect of the evidential material".
6 7	158	Paragraph 16(1)(b) Omit "the Attorney-General is of the opinion that".
8 9	159	Paragraph 16(2)(b) Omit "the Attorney-General is of the opinion that".
10 11	160	Paragraph 35B(c) Omit "by the oath of", substitute "on oath or affirmation by".
12 13	161	Subsection 38B(1) Omit "subsection 15(1)", substitute "section 15".
14 15	162	Subsections 38B(2) and (3) After "oath", insert "or affirmation".
16 17	163	Subsection 39A(1) Omit "(<i>original proceeding</i>)".
18 19	164	Paragraphs 39A(2)(a) and (3)(c) Omit "original".
20 21	165	Subsection 43(2) Repeal the subsection, substitute:
22 23 24		(2) A document is duly authenticated for the purposes of subsection (1) if it purports to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate or officer in or of a foreign country.
25	166	Paragraph 44(c)
26 27		Omit "oath, the administering of oaths", substitute "oath or affirmation, the administering of oaths or affirmations".

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Schedule 3 Amendments relating to providing mutual assistance in criminal matters **Part 6** Other amendments

1 167 Paragraph 44(d)

2

12

Omit "a fine of \$1,000", substitute "10 penalty units".

168 Application of amendments made by items 157 and 165

- 4 (1) The amendment made by item 157 of this Schedule applies in relation
 5 to an authorisation given to a police officer by the Attorney-General
 6 under section 15 of the *Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987*7 on or after the commencement of this item.
- 8 (2) The amendment made by item 165 of this Schedule applies in relation
 9 to a proceeding of a kind mentioned in subsection 43(1) of the *Mutual* 10 Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987 that begins on or after
 11 commencement of this item.

	e 4—Contingent technical Imendments
Migration 2	Act 1958
	on 5(1) (paragraph (b) of the definition of po <i>litical crime</i>)
Omit ' (c)".	'paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d)", substitute "paragraph (a), (b) or
Mutual Ass	sistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987
2 Before P	art IV
Insert:	
	A—Assistance in relation to use of urveillance devices
S	
S 15C Reques	urveillance devices
S 15C Reques	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more have
S 15C Reques (1) T	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more ha commenced in Australia; and
S 15C Reques (1) T	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more har commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining
S 15C Reques (1) T	 urveillance devices as by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more has commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to:
S 15C Reques (1) T	 urveillance devices as by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more has commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to: (i) the commission of the offence; or
S 15C Reques (1) T	 urveillance devices as by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more has commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to:
S 15C Reques (1) T (2) A	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more h commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to: (i) the commission of the offence; or (ii) the identity or location of the offenders.
S 15C Reques (1) T (2) A	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more h commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to: (i) the commission of the offence; or (ii) the identity or location of the offenders.
S 15C Reques (1) T (2) A	 urveillance devices ats by Australia for surveillance devices bis section applies if: (a) an investigation in relation to an offence punishable by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more h commenced in Australia; and (b) the use of a surveillance device (however described) is reasonably necessary for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to: (i) the commission of the offence; or (ii) the identity or location of the offenders.

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1 2	(b) to arrange for any such information that has been obtained to be sent to Australia.
3	(3) Subsection (4) applies if:
4	(a) Australia makes a request under this section; and
5	(b) the foreign country obtains any information referred to in
6	paragraph (1)(b) by means of a process authorised by the law
7	of that country other than the use (as requested by Australia)
8	of a surveillance device.
9	(4) The information obtained by the foreign country:
10	(a) is not inadmissible in evidence in a proceeding that relates to
11	the investigation; or
12 13	(b) is not precluded from being used for the purposes of the investigation;
14	on the ground alone that it was obtained otherwise than in
15	accordance with the request.
16	15CA Requests by foreign countries for surveillance devices
17	(1) The Attorney-General may, in his or her discretion, authorise an
18	eligible law enforcement officer, in writing, to apply for a
19	surveillance device warrant under section 14 of the Surveillance
20	Devices Act 2004 if the Attorney-General is satisfied that:
21	(a) an investigation, or investigative proceeding, relating to a
22 23	criminal matter involving an offence against the law of a foreign country (the <i>requesting country</i>) that is punishable
23 24	by a maximum penalty of imprisonment for 3 years or more,
25	imprisonment for life or the death penalty has commenced in
26	the requesting country; and
27	(b) the requesting country requests the Attorney-General to
28	arrange for the use of a surveillance device; and
29	(c) the requesting country has given appropriate undertakings in
30	relation to:
31	(i) ensuring that the information obtained as a result of the
32	use of the surveillance device will only be used for the
33	purpose for which it is communicated to the requesting
34	country; and
35	(ii) the destruction of a document or other thing containing information obtained as a result of the use of the
36 37	surveillance device; and
51	

1 2	(iii) any other matter the Attorney-General considers appropriate.
3	(2) In this section:
4 5 6	<i>eligible law enforcement officer</i> means a person referred to in paragraph (a) or (c) of the definition of <i>law enforcement officer</i> set out in subsection 6(1) of the <i>Surveillance Devices Act 2004</i> .
7 8	<i>investigative proceeding</i> means a proceeding covered by paragraph (a) or (b) of the definition of <i>proceeding</i> .
9 10	3 Subsection 15CA(2) (definition of <i>investigative proceeding</i>) Repeal the definition.
11	Surveillance Devices Act 2004
12	4 Subsection 6(1)
10	Inconti

Insert:
 mutual assistance authorisation means an authorisation under
 subsection 15CA(1) of the *Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters Act 1987.*