

SUBMISSIONSecretary: *Murphy*

RECEIVED

13 MAY 2003

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
STANDING COMMITTEE ON
AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES
AND FORESTRY

House of Representatives

Standing Committee on Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry
Enquiry into water supplies for Australia's
Rural Industries and Communities.

Secretary

Dear Sir,

Having put a submission to the House of Representatives on "Coordinating catchment Management" dated 20/7/99 which was released Dec 2000, I decided to attend the most recent enquiry, when it visited Pt Lincoln.

Little has changed since the last inquiry!

The only difference in the year 2000 was our administrators were saying water was not a problem on E.P.

How times change!

Now we are in crisis with our water supply. Our underground basins are at a critical level. Our only reservoir is too salt for a potable supply, and we have water restrictions.

We also have no water management plan, despite a Board being appointed two years ago, to administer our resource.

The Commonwealth as well as the State Govt. are equally to blame.

The report I received in booklet form "Coordinating catchment Management" 2000 was an excellent summary of the problems that exist

the drought. It was bad in especially here on E.P.
But from where I live here on Enga Peninsula, nothing
has changed in administrative responsibility in the
field of catchment management. All that has happened
is that we are now in a crisis with our supply.
It is all in a short part due to a lack of management
on the various levels of government.

I started lobbying for water management on L.E.P.
in 1939. Our Council settled this district in 1850
and owned the station "Uper" (now called Uper
South) for 110 years till 1961.

This area is where much all of E.P. water
is presently extracted. Our Council now water
related issues 50 years ago, but our knowledge
was ignored.

Having listened at the inquiry to the submissions
put before the members, I must comment on the
particular submissions by Mr. Nune Phumas
on behalf of the Local Government Association

To make a statement that L.E.P. was ideal
for horticulture and silviculture must be challenged.
There is no doubt the area climate is ideal
but we lack one essential ingredient and that
is water. Water that is being extracted from
our critical catchment areas in the W.P.Z.
This hasn't deterred our District Council from
proceeding with approvals for irrigation for this
purpose. One more it relates to catchment
management, or more precisely the total Park of it.
For example

Yimbi - a numbered was established with
approval for the irrigation water to be obtained by

(ii)

rainwater catchment only). It now appears that the catchment includes pumping off the water from the major catchment area (in a later protection zone). It would not be difficult to do this given the small size of the catchment.

This summer, I have recently been granted an easement over 25 acres by the local government. Of the total, 25 acres of this are owned by the government. Land owned by the government has been developed for residential and/or commercial purposes. The remaining land is owned by the government for energy production (Renewable & wind energy) or environmental containment. 102 is classified as environmental containment. 502 can be harvested, so to be the environment (timber), no harvesting occurs. 30 revenue kilometer of riverbank, or alluvium, 3750 mega litres of water per night.

At this stage, many native people are planning to move out of water.

Secondly - massive claims have been constructed upstream on an adjoining property. This is to be a hydroelectric project (200 Mw). It was proposed to obtain no environmental impact. No environmental impact has been taken because it will have a claimed river not to act.

Finally - water has been diverted, with no authorising document or permanent fees. Following 2 years (2006-2008) of discussions, permission to do an environmental impact study concluding the diversion, of a river, been issued to take this cover by the Environment Resources Development Board, because

the groups left in contact have in their power
many & others to many the right Congress
comes with unrepresented states &
consequently a great number of persons of all
the possible congresses can meet up with

Long's theory:
1912
July 1st
John Long

; suggests that the same economy of
the cost of the same for the same
work in the same industry in
most of the other countries
will be obtained by the adoption of
the same currency for the same
work in the same industry.
Persons of all kinds of
the same work in the same
industry will be able to
have the same
economy of
the same work in the same
industry.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION HELD BY THE SECRETARIAT

ATTACHMENTS TO SUBMISSION NO. 156

- Attachment A** 'Greens call for water use moratorium', *Port Lincoln Times*, 11/11/2001.
- Attachment B** Submission to House of Representatives Standing Committee on Environment and Heritage inquiry into Catchment Management.
- Attachment C** Speech by Senator Lees, *Hansard* (Senate), 13 February 2002, p. 144.
- Attachment D** Correspondence regarding approval of vineyard developments by the Lower Eyre Peninsula District Council.