## Parliamentary Joint Committee on Intelligence and Security

## Inquiry into the proscription of 'terrorist organisations' under the Australian Criminal Code

## Tabled 20 September 2007

## Government response to recommendations

(Note: Any legislative amendments to Part 5.3 of the Criminal Code require the approval of the majority of the States and Territories in accordance with the Inter-Governmental Agreement on the Counter-Terrorism Laws.)

| Recommendation   | Response  |
|--|---|
| The implications and community impacts of proscription   | The Government <b>supports</b> recommendation 1(a).   |
| Recommendation 1:  | As noted in the Government response to the recommendations of the PJCIS' report entitled <i>Review of Security and Counter-Terrorism</i>  |
| The Committee recommends that:   | <i>Legislation,</i> the Attorney-General's Department has undertaken considerable work to educate   |
| (a) The Attorney-General's Department<br>develop a communication strategy that<br>is responsive to the specific information<br>needs of ethnic and religious<br>communities;                             | communities and create public awareness of the<br>counter-terrorism laws. Future activities may involve<br>extending the range of languages in which<br>information pamphlets are produced, preparing<br>supplementary explanatory material where there is a<br>significant change to counter-terrorism laws, and<br>providing presentations to a range of community<br>groups and stakeholders about impending key<br>amendments to counter-terrorism legislation.   |
| (b) There be direct consultation on the<br>management of visa security<br>assessments between ASIO, the<br>Inspector-General of Intelligence and<br>Security and the UN High Commission<br>for Refugees. | The Government <b>notes</b> recommendation 1(b).<br>ASIO is conscious of the need to avoid unnecessary<br>delay in dealing with the significant volume of<br>matters for which it must undertake a security<br>assessment, and has implemented a number of<br>strategies to this end. This activity is monitored by<br>the IGIS who is periodically briefed on ASIO's<br>progress. Unlike the proscription legislation<br>contained in the Criminal Code, security assessments<br>deal only with individuals and not with groups. |
|  | The Government is committed to ensuring Australia<br>is fully compliant with its obligations under the<br>Refugees Convention and will raise and address any<br>issues of concern when Australian representatives<br>next meet with the UNHCR.  |

| Selection of Entities  |  |
|--|--|
| Recommendation 2:<br>The Committee recommends that the criteria 'ideology and links to other networks and groups' be restated so that:<br>(a) the link between acts of terrorist   | The Government <b>supports</b> this recommendation by<br>requiring ASIO and the Attorney-General's<br>Department to develop an unclassified protocol<br>which outlines the key indicators which are taken<br>into consideration when determining whether an<br>organisation meets the statutory test for proscription.<br>This recommendation refers to the six non-statutory  |
| <ul><li>violence and the political, ideological or religious goals it seeks to advance is clearly expressed;</li><li>(b) links to other networks and groups that share the same world view is identified as a separate criteria.</li></ul> | factors ASIO uses as a guide to inform them when<br>assessing whether an organisation meets the<br>legislative requirements for listing as a terrorist<br>organisation under the Criminal Code. The 'six<br>ASIO criteria' were initially referred to by the former<br>Director-General of ASIO, at a hearing on 1 February<br>2005 during the PJCIS' review of the listing of six<br>terrorist organisations.                                     |
|  | These criteria do not form an exhaustive list of issues<br>considered by ASIO as ASIO considers a wide range<br>of security factors when providing advice on<br>organisations.   |
| Procedural Issues  | The Government <b>supports</b> this recommendation.  |
| Recommendation 3:<br>The Committee recommends that the<br>mandate of the Committee to review the<br>listing and re-listing of entities as<br>'terrorist organisations' for the purpose<br>of the Criminal Code be maintained.              | Section 102.1A of the Criminal Code provides for the<br>Committee to review the listing and re-listing of<br>terrorist organisations by the Government. The<br>maintenance of these provisions will ensure that the<br>Criminal Code provides a transparent and<br>accountable mechanism for the Government to<br>outlaw terrorist organisations and organisations that<br>threaten the integrity and security of Australia or<br>another country. |
| Recommendation 4:  |  |
| The Committee recommends that the<br>Government give consideration to<br>reverting to the initial legislative<br>approach of postponing commencement<br>of a listing until after the disallowance<br>period has expired.                   | The Government <b>supports</b> this recommendation and<br>will adopt the practice of giving consideration to<br>delaying the commencement of a listing regulation<br>(when an organisation is listed for the first time) until<br>after the Parliamentary disallowance period has<br>expired.  |
| The Committee recognises that the<br>Attorney-General should, in exceptional<br>cases, retain the power to begin the<br>commencement of a listing on the date<br>the instrument is lodged with FRLI  | As recognised by the PJCIS, flexibility must be<br>maintained within this approach so in circumstances<br>where the Attorney-General considers that a listing<br>should commence immediately (for example for<br>security reasons), there remains scope for a<br>regulation to commence when it is lodged with the   |

| where the Attorney-General certifies<br>that there are circumstances of urgency<br>and the immediate commencement of<br>the listing is required for reasons of<br>national security.   | Federal Register of Legislative Instruments (FRLI).  |
|--|--|
| <b>Recommendation 5:</b><br>The Committee recommends that strict<br>liability not be applied to the terrorist<br>organisation offences of Division 102 of<br>the Criminal Code.  | The Government <b>notes</b> recommendation 5 in line<br>with recommendation 20 of the PJCIS Report on the<br>Review of Security and Counter-Terrorism<br>Legislation. The Government will refer the strict<br>liability components of the offences for examination<br>by the new National Security Legislation Monitor<br>once appointed.  |
| <ul> <li>Recommendation 6:</li> <li>The Committee recommends that:</li> <li>(a) a regulation listing an entity should cease to have effect on the third anniversary of the date it took effect; and</li> <li>(b) the Government consult with the Committee on streamlining the administration of proscription to enable periodic review of multiple listings during the parliamentary cycle.</li> </ul>  | The Government <b>supports</b> this recommendation.<br>The Government will further consult with the<br>Committee on streamlining the administration of<br>proscription.  |
| <ul> <li>Recommendation 7:</li> <li>Recommendation 7:</li> <li>The Committee recommends that: <ul> <li>(a) the Attorney-General's Department be responsible for the publication of comprehensive data on the application of terrorism laws;</li> <li>(b) an Independent Reviewer be established and the Committee be conferred with responsibility for examining the Independent Reviewer's reports to Parliament;</li> <li>(c) the application of the proscription power be included in the review of counter-terrorism laws scheduled for 2010 under the auspices of the Council of Australian Governments.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>The Government supports these recommendations.</li> <li>(a) Refer to the comment on recommendation 1.</li> <li>(b) Refer to Government response to the PJCIS Report on the Review of Security and Counter-Terrorism Legislation.</li> <li>(c) The Government supports the recommendation that the proscription power be included in the review of counter-terrorism laws scheduled for the 2010 COAG review.</li> </ul> |