Guar Bean – A new industry for Northern Australia





JSCNA Submission

Guar in Australia Products & Markets >Integration into North >Who is AGC > Partnerships >The Future.

Key Messages





Australian Guar Company

Vision: To lead a sustainable Australian Guar Production & Processing Business, by increasing the value delivered to both growers & customers.



<u>Mission:</u> Deliver Guar Products of Quality & Consistency to consumers from world-class Australian Grain growers dedicated to industry leading practices.

AGC – Business Plan

Focus on steps to create required systems to deliver an integrated business from:



Planting seed research & release toQuality grain production toIndustry leading processing toWorld Class Product manufacturing.

Our Objectives



Recognised as Significant Grain Legume.
Be a part of the "Northern Food Bowl Revolution".

Contribute significantly to agricultural growth in marginal or remote regions.

Innovation in Product Utilisation as Insurance against market changes.

Strengthen Global position of the group as preferred source of 1st Class Guar Products.

Timeline — Guar In Australia (*Early Days*)

- ✤1910 First Introductions from US
- 1935 Trialled on Darling Downs
- ✤1945 Trialled at Cloncurry
- ✤1949 Trialled in KRS NT



- ✤1954 2nd Introductions from US (NT DPI)
- 1964 "Guar Shows Promise...1226kg/ha"
- ✤1972 3rd Introductions (John Doughton tour)
- ✤1972 1979 NT DPI Research
- ✤1979 "Australian Gum Products" Ian Parkins

Timeline — Recent History in Australia

- ✤1981 4th Introductions (from USA)
- 1982 "Guar: A Potential Industrial Crop for the Dry Tropics of Australia" (Doughton)
- ✤1984 to 1989 CSIRO (Bondi Beech et al)
- 1985 Australian Gum Products Business Plan
- ✤2002 to 2006 "The Big Push"
 - **♦**GIDA (2002)
 - ✤Value Chain & Market Analysis (2004)
 - ✤Guar Variety Evaluation (2005 Col Douglas)
 - ✤ "Lambertius Period" last commercial crops (2007)



Still No Industry after 40 Years?? — WHY?

- •No Selection of pure seed varieties, with high yield & regional adaptation.
- •No grower BMP. Lack of R&D on where, why, when, how & what.
- •Weak/Inconsistent demand & price.
- •No market for lower grades TOP 2 ISSUES....



Industry Challenges □ Volatility in Australian Climate. Access to R&D Support. Being recognised as a "Crop of Choice" Ability to take advantage of resources Distance & infrastructure Challenges Labour, equipment, storage, road & rail. □ Agronomic support and extension. □ Cost of Land, Manufacturing & Energy.

Guar Bean – Multi-Purpose

- Grain
 - Protein Source
- Forage
- Hay
- Silage
- Cover Crop
- Fresh Bean Market
- Greatest Untapped Agricultural Resource

Features & Benefits of Guar Drought tolerant & heat loving plant Legume – fixes Atmospheric Nitrogen Low production costs = Lower Risk Capacity as a multi-purpose enterprise Reduced level of pests (insects/diseases) Stable marketing system for growers Localised "primary" processing.



Guar Bean Processing Steps

- 1. Cleaning Remove sticks, stones, metal
- 2. Splitting Aggressive mill to crack bean.
- 3. Separator Sift Protein Meal off "crude cracks"
- 4. Dehulling remove Hull from endosperm
- 5. Powdering create Guar Gum (Powder)
- No Waste in the system.
- Steps 1-3 can be mobile



• Equipment is very specific + high energy use.



Industrial Applications of Guar





Historical Guar Gum Imports/Annum (kg)









Import Value of Guar* into Australia (\$CIF)







Forecast Domestic Value of Guar Used



Global Guar Market



□Oil & Gas demand remains strong (60% of all sales, India 80% share).

- **Other industrial uses also positive**
- China & US remain dominant destinations for Indian Guar
- **Demand is up 10% same time 2012**
- □Indian exports 2012/13 = 408,000 tonne Gum. Worth \$3.9Billion = 1.36Million tonne Beans.
- Pakistan Production estimated at 100,000t/yearUS Production set to equal/exceed Pakistan

Global Overview (cont.)



- □US Gum demand is 190,000 tonne (650K Beans) □US represents 25% World Trade
- **US & India investing heavily in R&D.** Focus is varietal performance, product quality, and extending applications.
- Demand for Feed components (germ and Hull), is particularly strong in European markets.
 Australia's potential is noted in global trade discussions (producer & consumer), however, not considered significant yet.

Australian Demand



□7th Largest Global Reserves of Recoverable Shale Gas – 437 t.cu.ft (5%)

- □6th Largest Global Reserves of Recoverable Shale Oil – 17,500 million barrels (5%)
- **D**Major Basins Include:
 - **Canning** (Kimberley, WA)
 - **Cooper (North South Australia)**
 - Georgina & Beetaloo (NT & West QLD)

Australia's North Re-Evaluate Capacity & Utilisation of the Northern Region of Australia.



Australia's North



- 1.5 Million Ha Pastoral Country
- WA Kimberley / West Pilbara
- NT Katherine / Barkly
- QLD Gulf to Cape to CQ
- All with varying strategies to manage agriculture & diversity.

Australia's North



- Pest Animals & Woody Weeds
- Productivity managed by Carrying Capacity & Supplementary Feeding
- •Vast Land & Water Resources.
- Balance of Production Sustainability
 & Environmental Mgt of Resources





- Low Protein Environment
- Long distances (cost of protein)
- Significant Resources (Land & Water)
- Changes in Livestock Markets
- •Why is it receiving so much attention?

Guar in Northern Australia

- Protein source pastoral or intensive sectors.
- Local Processing = Cheaper Protein
- Able to expand market reach Exports
- Develop drought proofing strategies
- Make Supply Chain "Local" = Efficient

Diversification = Risk Management

Australia's North



Complexity of integration Remoteness & Infrastructure Resource Access & Native Title Climate Change & Implications •How to build a system that meets the needs and challenges of Australians & the world?

Guar Production in Pastoral Enterprises. Heat Loving Legume – well suited Resource utilisation optimised Cash Crop Opportunity Provision of High Quality Protein Sustainable Productivity Management

Priorities- 2014/15



Release of new varieties this summer. Regional performance & suitability trials Build Mobile Splitting Plant. Develop markets for Protein & Hull Expansion projects into Pastoral Enterprises Establish FULL Processing Plant Continue significant R&D program Displace Imports & Reach Export Capacity

4/. Research & Development Priorities Climate & Environment Varietal Selection & Breeding Regional Agronomy Packages **Soils, Nutrition & Rhizobia #Integration with Pastoral North *VERY LOW SUPPORT FOR NEW** SUBSTANTIAL INDUSTRIES

Economic Value of Guar Down-Under Import Displacement Diversity for Grain Growers Regional development in expansion projects Productivity & Sustainability of Pastoral Enterprises & Communities. Development in Industries like Aquaculture Innovation in Food, Environmental & Agricultural products and applications.

Partnerships with AGC Grant & Funding Schemes R&D, Commercialisation Product Innovation Network development Livestock sector / forums / conferences Indigenous Pastoral Development Projects Pastoral Lease Administration - Streamline Regional Project Involvement

Indigenous Pastoral Development Projects

Aim to engage with Councils that have development plans / objectives



- Create a partnership that delivers positive outcomes for these communities. Long-term
- Headline Project Napranum Land Council
 Weipa, Cape York FNQLD.
 - Working relationship with Council & TO's
 Training/employment + infrastructure/investment.
 Integrate Farming & Livestock Operations INCOME
 Other Community Activities eg "Market Gardens"





- Diverse consumer base for all Guar biproducts, with strong demand. *"Australian Made"*
- •A legume crop with excellent adaptation, and low risk profile. *Growth across north Australia*
- Deliver a simple, effective, grower driven value chain. *Sustainable Grower Profitability*
- Business Plan derived from 40 years of trial & error. *Deliver through Innovation*

Questions to Ponder



How would Australia's north be utilised if on any other continent?

- Is the Great Artesian Basin more than a national Icon?
- Can we make more dams a reality?
- Do State Governments have to be such significant landholders?
- Shouldn't Australian Farmers be recognised as world class resource managers?