Forbes, Bev (REPS	5)	As a const
From: Sent: To: Subject:	Peter Carroll Thursday, 31 July 2003 8:55 AM Committee, FCA (REPS) submission on shared parenting	
<pre>> Child Custody An > Department of th > Parliament House > Canberra ACT 260 > Australia > > 01 August 2003</pre>	tee on Family and Community Affairs rrangements Inquiry he House of Representatives	House of Representatives Standing Committee on Family and Community Affairs Submission No:
> Dear Committee >		
<pre>> into the Child > Custody Arrangen > > (a) given that to interests are the > consideration: > > (i) what other for > respective time > separation, in for > children will sp > circumstances so > > The best interest > law</pre>	the best interests of the child, not paramount factors should be taken into account each parent should spend with their particular whether there should be a pend equal time with each parent and uch a presumption could be rebutted. sts of the child can only be paramou in place which is not biased toward the only person with the capability n.	i just the mothers in deciding the children post presumption that d, if so, in what mt when a family ds the presumption that y and the willingness to care for
<pre>> child's best inf > threshold detern > should establisd > law system to as > where violence of > the allegations being made are parent. In a co presumption of accusations work ></pre>	ase where violence is established, t 'no contact' with the violent party uld offcourse be dealt with equally	The Government of for the family on of safety issues y establish weather of to the access of the non custodial there should be a rebuttable y. Any person found guilty of false and swiftly.
 > (ii) in what ci: > separated parent > grandparents. 	rcumstances a court should order that ts have contact with other persons,	including their
<pre>> Current family > with respect to > court intervent > tho</pre>	law provisions enable grandparents of grandchildren when they cannot make ion. In a great number of cases gran	e agreements without ndparents are not in
financial posi	tion to undertake this action and in	n some cases are just too arraid

to "rocking the boat". ъ > (b) whether the existing child support formula works fairly for both > parents in relation to their care of, and contact with, their > children. > The existing child support formula imposes grossly unrealistic requirements on payer > parents. Whilst I would not entertain the notion that the non > custonial parent should not contribute to the upbringing of their child financially, but this must be done within their means. In a great number of cases the financial restraints put on the payer of child support restrict them from ever moving on with their life. > > Shared parenting would reduce child poverty in single parent > households so the threshold of > the maintenance income test should be decreased by at least 50 > percent, and the formula should be based on net income rather than > gross. The payee's income should be > taken into account as a factor in calculation of child support payable hecause > the interests of the children are what child support is about, not destroying the payer financially in what amounts to nothing more than a government assisted payback system. >> In summing up, the opposers of this law reform will through about statistics such as those in relation to the number of separated couples who come to arrangements where as the mother has residency of the children without going to family court. I know that in a lot of cases including mine, this was done only because of the excessive cost of going to court knowing that you were most likely going to loose just on the law of averages, then finding yourself on the end of another court battle with the CSA regarding child support you were unable to pay. > Yours faithfully > Peter John Carroll > 15 Atherton St

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