House of Representatives Standing Committee on Family and Community Affairs

Submission No: 1294

T I SEP 2003

SUBMISSION- CHLD CUSTODY ARRANGEMENTS ved: 8 - 9 - 0 3

Recommended changes to the Family law Act - sections to be amended for added to the Act.....

1) SECTION 60B BE AMENDED TO INCLUDE NEW SUB-SECTION

Parents to have

- Joint Custody of the child/children
- Joint responsibility for the long term care and development and welfare of the child/children.
- Joint responsibility for the day to day care of the child/children.

Joint custody - options :-

a) equal time with each parent, Week about, with children attending the same school.

b) equal time with each parent, 6 months of the year with each parent, this may involve the children attending a different school. Or even year about with reular weekend and holiday contact with the other parent.

c) The child/children spending long weekends and more holiday time with the parent they don't reside with.

1) SECTION 65 (PARENTING ORDERS - WHAT THEY ARE AND WHAT THEY ARE INTENDED TO DO) BE AMENDED TO

Parenting orders to be used if necessay (where parents can not agree) to

- decide where the chid/children attend school
- what medical attention the child/children may need
- other simialr such orders

Parenting orders not to be used to (to be adde to the Act)

• deny Joint Custody of the child/children

- deny a parent joint responsibility for the long term care and development and welfare of the child/children.
- restrict, remove or extingush a parents role or involvement.

2) SECTION 68F BE AMENDED TO INCLUDE NEW SUB-SECTION

unacceptable conduct by a parent

- continued interfrence with contact
- refusial to supply information regarding the activities, development and/or problems that the child/children may be involved in or have
- to encourage the child/children not to have contact with the other parent
- to deny telephone contact between the child/children and the other parent
- failure by a parent to take positive action to address problems that the child/children have or may have. (medical, schoolwork or other)
- refusial to co-operate with the other parent
- instruct third parties not to suply information to the other parent
- obstruct or exclude the other parent in their role and involvement as a parent
- the making of false or unsubstantiated allegation (DVO, Child abuse)
- or any other action by a parent designed to interfer in the relationship between the child/children and the other parent.

Such parents not to be granted

- sole Custody or residency of the chld/children
- sole responsibility for the long term care and development and welfare of the child/children.
- sole responsibility for the day to day care of the child/children.
- unless by consent of both parents

3) A NEW SECTION TO BE ADDED TO THE ACT

Third parties (education and health institutions other entities thier employee,s and or people) do not have the right to

- deny a parent (custodial, non custodial or any other parent) access to information regarding their child/children.
- interfer or obstruct a parent in the exercise of their parential responsibilites.

Penalties for such action

- by an individual \$1000
- by an enttity \$10000

Note: Such a section as this one should also be added to both the Privacy Act at and the Anti-Dicrimination Acts, and be binding on both the Fedral and State Governments.

4) BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD/CHILDREN

Actions which are not in the best interest of the the child/children

- continued interfrence with contact
- refusial to supply information regarding the activities, development and/or problems that the child/children may be involved in or have.
- to encourage the child/children not to have contact with the other parent
- to deny telephone contact between the child/children and the other parent
- failure by a parent to take positive action to address problems that the child/children have or may have.
- refusial to co-operate with the other parent
- instruct third parties not to suply information to the other parent
- obstruct or exclude the other parent in their role and involvement as a parent
- the making of false or unsubstantiated allegations (dommestic violence, Child abuse)

• or any other action by a parent designed to interfer in the relationship between the child/children and the other parent.

Such parents not to be granted

- sole Custody or residency of the chld/children
- sole responsibility for the long term care and development and welfare of the child/children.
- sole responsibility for the day to day care of the child/children.

5) ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS

Enforcement Administration- filing of Application

- Applications to be files immediatley upon being presented in person
- Aplications mailed or faxed to be filed within 24 hours of reciept of documents.

Enforcement Administration- filing of Application

• Applications to be heard within 28 days of filing

6) CONDUCT OF INDUSTRY PROFESSIONALS

Children's Representatives who recommned or suport unacceptable conduct by a parent to be

- denied legal Aid funding
- to be removed as a child Represantative

Summary_

- 7) The intensions of these recommendations is to ensure
 - that the current situation, of the Non-Custodial Parent being sidelined, restricted and or even removed from involvement or even contact with their child/children is not acceptable and is removed.

- to ensure that third parties (government departments, busness, other entities and people do not conduct acts of discrimination agains parents, no matter what their status.
- 8) To reduce the chances that the current non-custodial parent will simple give up and walk away,
 - because of the harrasment, stress and obstruction meet in dealing with a difficult parent.
 - and the support given to such recalcient parents by the courts and professionals working in the industry.
 - and the entrenched atitudes and discrimination encountered in dealing with third parties.
- 9) to place restictions on the use of discresionary powers of the Family law Court, which allows Family law Court to circumvent the intentions of the Act.
 - This is extremly improtant considering the Public stance of the chief Justice of the Family law Court. (will not support Joint Custody)
 - It would appear that the discressionary powers of the Family law Court are being used to determine and formulate public policy.
 - to prevent the use of the "Best interest of the children" being used as an excuse to conduct acts of discrimination.
 - such discriminatory use of the **"Best interest of the children"** by the Family law Court and the professionals in the industry, is in itself a violation of the child/chilrens rights and distructive to the child/children involved.
- 10) This is unacceptable from an institution where the people in Authority are unelected officials, who are accountable to no-one.

This sub-mission was prepared by

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