JSCEM's inquiry into the funding of political parties and election campaigns

I write to make a submission to the Joint Standing Committee on Electoral Matters' inquiry into the funding of political parties and election campaigns.

I welcome this inquiry - it is an important opportunity to progress the task of reforming Australia's system of political funding. There is an urgent need for broad-ranging changes to this system, a system that should be considered dysfunctional. In the pages that follow, I make 20 recommendations for change.

My submission to the Committee's inquiry into the 2010 federal election details the reasons and context for these recommendations. I have attached this submission to this letter. The submission can also be found at http://www.aph.gov.au/house/committee/em/elect10/subs/090%20Sub.pdf

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely,

Dr Joo-Cheong Tham Associate Professor Melbourne Law School Melbourne University

LIST OF RECOMMENDATIONS

- *Recommendation 1:* The federal political funding scheme be based on the following principles:
 - 1. Protecting the integrity of representative government;
 - 2. Promoting fairness in politics;
 - 3. Supporting parties to perform their functions;
 - 4. Respect for political freedoms.
- *Recommendation 2:* COAG and the electoral matters committees should liaise to ensure that federal, State and Territory laws governing political funding are properly integrated.
- Recommendation 3: The Commonwealth Electoral Amendment (Political Donations and Other Measures) Bill 2010 (Cth) should be enacted subject to the following changes:
 - 'due diligence' defences be available in relation to offences; and
 - the definition of 'political expenditure' (which applies to third parties) be tightened up.
- *Recommendation 4:* Registered political parties and associated entities be required to provide:
 - expenditure disclosure returns; and
 - donation reports (modelled upon the British system).
- *Recommendation 5:* Weekly donations reports be required during the election period.
- *Recommendation 6:* Federal election spending limits should apply 2 years and 5 months after the previous election.
- Recommendation 7: Federal spending limits should apply to 'electoral expenditure' under the Commonwealth Electoral Act with an exclusion for expenditure incurred substantially in respect of an election to members of Parliament other than the Commonwealth Parliament.
- *Recommendation 8:* Federal spending limits should apply to parties, candidates and third parties.
- Recommendation 9: There should be federal spending limits applying at the

national, State and electorate levels.

- *Recommendation 10:* Federal contribution limits should be introduced based on limits that apply under *EFED Act* with the following modifications:
 - the limits should be set at a lower level (e.g. \$1,000 per annum); and
 - the limits applying to the party subscriptions exclusion should be lower (e.g. \$500 per member).
- Recommendation 11: There should be a compulsory third party registration scheme at the federal level requiring third parties that spend more than \$2,000 in 'electoral expenditure' during the period which election spending limits apply to register.
- *Recommendation 12:* This scheme should make public the following information regarding registered third parties:
 - their constitutions and decision-making structures (including membership policies);
 - the relationships third parties have with other third parties as well as political parties should also be made public.
- Recommendation 13: Third parties should be required to seek specific authorisation from their members (or shareholders) before making political contributions or engaging in political spending on a periodic basis.
- *Recommendation 14:* There should be a Party and Candidate Support Fund comprising three components:
 - election funding payments (calculated according to a tapered scale based on the number of first preference votes with 20% of electoral expenditure floor);
 - annual allowances (calculated according to number of first preference votes and membership);
 - policy development grants (calculated according to number of first preference votes and membership).

Recommendation 15: • The rules governing federal parliamentary entitlements should:

- o be made accessible and transparent; and
- clearly limit the use of such entitlements to the discharge of parliamentary duties and prevent their use for electioneering.
- The amount of federal parliamentary entitlements should not be such so as to confer an unfair electoral advantage on federal parliamentarians.
- *Recommendation 16:* The report of the Parliamentary Entitlements Review Committee should be released as soon as possible.
- Recommendation 17: Recommendations 10 and 12 of the Senate Finance and Public Administration Committee in relation to the disclosure of information concerning government advertising should be fully adopted.
- *Recommendation 18:* Federal government advertising guidelines and rules should be in a legislative form.
- *Recommendation 19:* There should be a general ban on government advertising during the period that election spending limits apply.
- Recommendation 20: Paragraph 5 of the Guidelines on Campaign Advertising by Australian Government Departments and Agencies which allows for exemption by Cabinet Secretary should be deleted.