

Electronic voting and counting in the Australian Capital Territory

Phillip Green Electoral Commissioner ACT Electoral Commission

Elections ACT Australian Capital Territory Electoral Commission

Elections in the Australian Capital Territory

- □ Self-governing Territory since 1989
- City-State of around 320,000 people
- □ 220,000 enrolled voters
- Fixed election dates every 4 years
- Independent ACT Electoral Commission
- 6 permanent staff
- Single transferable vote multi-member electorates with "Robson rotation"
- □ 17 Members elected in 3 electorates

Electronic Voting

- Used for the 1st time at the 20 October 2001 ACT Legislative Assembly election
- □ Used again at 16 October 2004 election
- □ 4 pre-poll voting centres for 3 weeks
- □ 8 polling places on polling day (out of 83)
- □ 28,169 electronic votes taken (16,559 in 2001)
- □ 13.4% of all votes counted (8.3% in 2001)

Why did the ACT adopt electronic voting?

- 1998 election 2 candidates 5 votes apart recount of 75,000 ballots
- Extended counting by 10 days
- Hand counting prone to errors
- Handwritten preferences difficult to interpret
- Many voters make mistakes marking their ballots
- Paper ballots not accessible

How electronic voting worked

- Normal polling places
- Local area network, standard PCs with small keyboard and barcode reader
- Voters' names marked of printed electoral roll
- Voters issued with barcode for their electorate (if they chose e-voting)
- The screens looked like this ...







STEPS TO ELECTRONIC VOTING





Welcome to the ACT's Electronic Voting System.

Please swipe your barcode to start voting.

Press and to select language.	English
إضغط لو † اختار اللغة	عربي
请按↑和↓来选择您的语言	中文 _{Chinese}
Pritisnite 🕇 i 🗼 da odaberete jezik.	HRVATSKI
Πατήστε και να διαλέξετε τη γλώσσα	Ελληνικά _{Greek}
Premere 1 e ↓ per scegliere la lingua.	Italiano
برای انتخاب زبان دکمه های 🕇 و 🕇 را فشار دهید	فارسى Persian
Aperte f e l para selecionar língua	Português
Притисните ↑ и ↓ како бисте одабрали језик.	Српски
Apriete † y ↓ para elegir el idioma.	ESPAÑOL Spanish
Dili seçmek için ↑ ve ↓ bastırınız.	Türkçe
Bấm ↑ và ↓ để chọn ngôn ngữ.	TIÉNG VIỆT

A	AUSTRALIAN DEMOCRATS	В	THE ACT GREENS	С	GUNGAHLIN EQUALITY PARTY
	Roslyn DUNDAS		Shane RATTENBURY		John SIMSONS
	Dan McMILLAN		Patricia WOODCROFT-LEE		Gail JONES
	Anthony DAVID				-
D	DAVE RUGENDYKE	E	LIBERAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY	F	
	Ian BROWN		Susan MORRISSEY		Geoff CLARKE
	Dave RUGENDYKE		John HUMPHREYS		Darcy HENRY
			-		_
G	LIBERAL PARTY	Н	AUSTRALIAN LABOR PARTY		UNGROUPED
	Vicki DUNNE		Wayne BERRY		Rhonda JAMES NURSES GOOD GOVERNMENT PARTY
	Ilona FRASER		Vic REBIKOFF		Chris GARVIE
	Harold HIRD		Susan McCARTHY		Shaun GOOD INDEPENDENT
	BIII STEFANIAK		Judith DOWNEY		
	Andrew SARRI		Jon STANHOPE		

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D	DAVE RUGENDYKE	E	LIBERAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY	F	
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	Dave RUGENDYKE	2	John HUMPHREYS		Darcy HENRY
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Please check your vote.

Swipe the barcode to register your vote OR press UNDO to go back.

If you need help with the barcode, press SELECT to hide your vote, and ask an official for help.







Your vote has been accepted.

Thank you for using the ACT's Electronic Voting System.

Please place your barcode in the ballot box on your way out of the polling place.



Benefits of electronic voting

- No manual counting
- Reliable, secure and transparent open source software
- Eliminated unintentional voter errors
- Reduced informal votes
- Audio version for sight-impaired
- □ Instructions in 12 languages

Electronic counting

- 176,340 paper ballots data-entered in 2004
- Every ballot entered twice by independent operators
- Electronically checked for errors
- Manually corrected by supervisors
- Final result announced 11 days after polling day

Benefits of electronic counting

- Extremely accurate count
- Effectively eliminated sorting and counting errors
- Reduced time needed to produce accurate count
- Casual vacancies can be filled "at the touch of a button" using count-back method

Problems?

- □ Minor problems in 2001 overcome in 2004
- □ No votes were lost through computer failure
- □ 86% found e-voting easy to use
- Major parties accepted result support more e-voting
- Some minor candidates wanted a "voter verified paper trail"

How reliable was e-voting?

- E-voting in 2001 and 2004 took place on local area networks
- Tight security data transferred on CD-ROMs
- Failsafes and backups used
- Extensive testing and auditing
- Publicly available software code

The future: internet voting?

- In the short term, there are concerns about internet voting
- Security of voting database
- Proving voter identity no national identity system
- Possibility of voter coercion or vote selling
- Resistance to cultural change
- In the long term, these concerns may be overcome

Where to from here?

- We want to take more e-votes at the 2008 election but how?
 - "Super" polling places?
 - Voting tablets?
 - Internet?
- □ Watch this space ...
- www.elections.act.gov.au
- elections@act.gov.au