Binalong Bay Ratepayers' Association

12 May 2003

Ministerial Correspondence See Distribution List

Dear Sir or Madam,

Submission No.310

URGENT LOCAL FIRE SAFETY ISSUES DEMANDING MINISTERIAL CO-OPERATION AND ACTION

BACKGROUND

The Binalong Bay Ratepayers' Association recently held a general meeting. High on the agenda was the issue of fire safety within the community. The content of a meeting between the Association committee and a Panel of 'experts' from agencies involved in fire prevention and/or control, was debated in some detail (refer Attachment A).

Members of the Panel have been thanked for their full and frank contribution to the debate. It has helped the community to achieve a better understanding of not only the roles of the agencies on issues of fire safety, but also how the community itself can play its part.

FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL - THE MAJOR PLAYERS

The Association is reassured in the knowledge that appropriate fire control and management plans, communication and co-ordination channels appear to have been established to help minimise damage to life and property in the event of fire.

There still remain however a number of concerns, specifically related to our perception that there is *less than optimum agency co-ordination of fire prevention activities*. The major agencies responsible for fire prevention activities are:

- LOCAL GOVERNMENT BREAK O'DAY COUNCIL;
- TASMANIA FIRE SERVICE; AND
- PARKS AND WILDLIFE.

SERIOUS CONCERNS STILL REMAIN

Following the meeting with the Panel, the committee was left with clear impressions that:

• Parks and Wildlife is under-resourced to adequately meet its fire prevention plans.

It is claimed that a lack of staff resources has prevented Parks and Wildlife from meeting its schedule of 'controlled burns' and reduction of heavy fire loads along the foreshore. The community is placed at unnecessary fire safety risk. *This is unacceptable to the community.*

• Fire Service Tasmania is under-resourced to adequately exercise its legislated authorities

Fire Service Tasmania recognises its legislated empowerment (Fire Service Act 1979) to enforce fire prevention activities, not only on individuals but also on 'owners' of Crown Land. The definition of 'owners' in the Act appears to cover both Council and Parks and Wildlife amongst others. It is claimed that the ability to undertake its responsibilities is apparently also constrained due to a lack of staff resources.

A shortage of resources to maintain acceptable levels of fire safety is unacceptable to the community. This must be a major concern to Fire Service officers, because the Act also clearly spells out the potential for litigation against Fire Service Tasmania in the event of proven negligence on issues of fire safety.

We further believe that Area Fire Service officers, (Brigade Chief level where appropriate), should be given the delegations and resources necessary, and available under the Act to allow:

- 1. A clear and unambiguous, legally enforceable, State-wide Fire Service policy of what constitutes a fire hazard, to be developed; and
- 2. Adequate resources to be provided to allow authorised officers of the Fire Service to apply enforcement powers on any agency/department/organisation/individual etc deemed to be in breach of that policy

The current situation in respect of these issues is unacceptable.

• Lack of awareness of the extent of the Fire Service Act 1979 (e.g. enforcement powers and legal liability in the event of negligence) by other agencies involved in fire prevention activities

A number of the Panel seemed to be unaware of the content of the Fire Service Act 1979, on issues of empowerment, delegation and legal liability for certain events arising through negligence on fire safety issues; *This is unacceptable.*

We believe that the position descriptions of officers of Local Government, Parks and Wildlife, Tasmania Fire Service and Forestry, whose dutics carry some responsibility for fire safety and prevention across the community, should mandate a need to fully understand the implications of all 'fire safety' legislation. This would include legislation of other agencies/government departments

• Confusion on definition of what constitutes a 'Fire Hazard"

There seem to be significantly different views between panel members and statements issued in the media, allegedly by senior Fire Service officers directly involved in the recent fire devastation, on what constitutes a fire hazard. Of particular concern to the community are Fire Service recommendations on the proximity to dwellings of individual trees and trees with interlocking canopies – this advice is leading to quite different local interpretations of what action (if any) should be taken. (refer Attachment B)

An example of the Abatement notice issued by BOD Council in respect of fire hazards on land is attached for information (refer Attachment C) – please ask someone to compare this legislation with the state of some of the foreshore reserve under the control of Parks and Wildlife!

This level of ambiguities is unacceptable. The community is inclined to accept the advice of those fire officers who have gone public in the media on this issue as a result of first hand involvement in fighting, and analysing causes behind the recent devastating fires on the mainland and in this State

Concerns with inter-agency co-ordination and co-operation

Inter agency communication and inter-relationship channels on issues of fire prevention, may not be working at officer level as smoothly as they could be. *This is unacceptable*

• Introduce user-pays principles for policing violations of fire safety by-laws Ratepayers who contravene Acts and/or by-laws on issues of fire safety under the 'nuisance' provisions of the Local Government Act, do not pay in full for the cost of policing contraventions, and the issuing of and collecting on infringement (abatement) notices – the community subsidises them.

This is unacceptable to the community. Appropriate User-Pays by-laws should be introduced to address this anomaly. Additionally, legislation should be introduced that would allow fire safety related charges (fines) to be treated in a way similar to unpaid rates, i.e. held as a lien on the property.

ACTION TAKEN AND REQUESTED

The Mayor, Break O'Day Council has been asked to introduce these issues into the current review of the Local Government Act. The Association has itself introduced a submission (refer Attachment D). This letter will also form a submission to the Select Committee of the House of Representatives, set up to *Inquire into the Incidence and Impact of Bushfires*

All residents are of course very much aware that we have deliberately chosen this area to live because of its pristine and natural environment. We have no wish to see that destroyed.

The Association however requests that, as Ministers responsible for the portfolios of Parks and Wildlife, Fire Service Tasmania and Local Government, you review this submission and take whatever joint action you consider appropriate to provide this community with acceptable levels of fire safety preventative measures within our chosen environment. There is now a window of opportunity before we next move into periods of high fire danger. The Association looks forward to your response,

Sincerely, Jul Blig ins har

(JOHN BRIGINSHAW - PRESIDENT)

Distribution List:

Minister Assisting the Premier on Local Government Public Buildings 53 St John's Street LAUNCESTON 7250

Copy: Director Local Government

Minister for Primary Industries, Water and Environment GPO Box 44 HOBART 7001

Copy: General Manager, Parks & Wildlife

Minister for Health and Human Services 1st Floor Franklin Square Offices Hobart 7000

Copy: Chief Officer, Tasmania Fire Service

Committee Secretary House Select Committee on the recent Australian bushfires Department of the House of Representatives Parliament House CANBERRA ACT 2600 ATTACHMENT A

<u>RATEPAYERS ASSOCIATION - COMMITTEE</u> SUMMARY OF MEETING WITH PANEL OF FIRE SAFETY EXPERTS

PANEL MEMBERS:

Stephen Salter, Mayor BOD Council Tony Walker, Health Officer, BOD Council and officer of Binalong bay Fire Brigade Rodney Reid – Fire Service Tasmania Inspector Fiona Leutier, Inspector of Police, St Helens David Barker, District Officer, Parks and Wildlife Gary Richardson, District Officer, Forestry

Issue raised	Summary of response	Actinn nlannad
Are appropriate communications and plans in place between agencies to satisfy residents of this area that, in the event of fire, we can expect a well co-ordinated response from agencies	Each Panel member contributed, led by Fire Services	The committee was initially satisfied that appropriate plans and inter-agency co-ordination procedures are in place. However, subsequent discussions on fire <i>prevention</i> activities have raise concerns
Does the Panel support the Fire Safety Priority Policy proposed by the committee (refer Attached copy)	Ycs. People safety must remain the first priority. However, beyond that, the circumstances at the scene of the fire will dictate the order of other priorities	The Policy document had proposed PEOPLE SAFETY followed by RESIDENCE SAFETY as the two PRIMARY priorities. Following advice from the Panel, the Policy has now been amended to move RESIDENCE SAFETY into the SECONDARY PRIORITIES list
The Panel was asked to advise on issues of fire safety around Binalong Bay	There was significant discussion on this issue. The committee was left with some major concerns.	

ATTACHMENT A

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behindThe Minister will be asked to clarify thistheThe Minister will be asked to clarify thisissue. Lack of resources must not be used asaaissue. Lack of resources must not be used asathrough falling behind with burn-offs	 User-pays proposals were raised with t notices User-pays proposals were raised with Council at the meeting. A letter will be sent to the Minister for Local Government for the issue to be examined (copy to Mayor), and possibly to be taken into the review of the local government Act currently under way. 	Fire The Panel were advised of the Fire Scrvice propriate Act which appears to allow delegation(down rown to Brigade level), of the authority to declare poth Properties as being a "fire hazard". The properties as being a "fire hazard". The Minister will be asked for clarification of this issue (the Panel did not appear to be totally aware of the contents of this legislation.	 This is unacceptable on issues of fire safety for our community. The issue will be sucs and pursued at a local level first. It may resolve itself if the other concerns are addressed 	ICV • This is an unaccentable state of affairs The
 Parks and Wildlife are significantly behind with their fire management plan for the arca. Parks and Wildlife admit that a shortage of resources is a contributing factor. 	 Council is spending far more on policing vacant blocks and issuing abatement notices than it is recovering from block owners 	• The Fire Scrvice Act appear to give Fire Services the authority to enforce appropriate clearing of overgrown blocks and Crown land, (where necessary over-riding both Council and Parks and Wildlife. The Panel representative also stated that a shortage of resources does means that the local district cannot comply.	 There is less than quality harmonious relationships between some agency representatives on fire prevention issues and responsibilities. 	 There is disagreement between agency

address this issue	• The committee will examine the brochures and seck a 'Pilot Group'	
trees and undergrowth create a fire hazard	• Fire Services can provide assistance to small groups in the community who want to put together their own fire safety plan/procedurcs. Brochures have been left for distribution.	
	How can the community help	

The agency representatives were 'up front' and outspoken with their views, and for this, are to be commended.

However, the committee left the meeting without being satisfied that fire prevention activities were being implemented in a manner that reduced fire risk to an acceptable level for residents.