Senate Select Committee on COVID-19 Answers to questions on notice

Agriculture, Water and the Environment Portfolio

Committee: Senate Select Committee on COVID-19

Inquiry name: Inquiry into the Australian Government's response to the COVID-19

pandemic

Division/Agency: Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Topic: MV Artania

Hearing Date: 5 May 2020

Question Date: 8 May 2020

Question Type: Written

Senator Keneally asked:

- 1. When did MV Artania first provide a Human Health Report to the Department of Agriculture?
- 2. On the first Human Health Report, did MV Artania answer in the affirmative to Questions 2 and 2.1.1? If so, what figure did they provide for each?
- 3. How many subsequent Human Health Reports did MV Artania provide?
- 4. Please table copies of all Human Health Reports provided to the Department of Agriculture by MV Artania.
- 5. Please table each communication between the Department of Agriculture and MV Artania with regard to Human Health Reports it submitted as part of its voyage arriving in Perth on 26 March?
- 6. Please table each communication between the Department of Agriculture and New South Wales Health with regard to Human Health Reports it submitted as part of its voyage arriving in Perth on 26 March?
- 7. Please table each communication between the Department of Agriculture and either the Department of Home Affairs and/or the Australian Border Force with regard to Human Health Reports it submitted as part of its voyage arriving in Perth on 26 March?
- 8. Please table each communication between the Department of Agriculture and the Minister for Home Affairs or his office with regard to Human Health Reports it submitted as part of its voyage arriving in Perth on 26 March?
- 9. In relation to Question 1 did any official from the Department of Agriculture ask medical staff on board the MV Artania whether patients were displaying symptoms consistent with COVID-19?
- 10. In relation to Questions 2 and 3 did any official from the Department of Agriculture raise concerns specifically about the risk of COVID-19 onboard the MV Artania?

Answer:

- 1. The MS Artania first provided a Human Health Report to the Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment (DAWE) at 18:00 on 27 February 2020.
- 2. On the first Human Health Report, the MS Artania answered in the negative for question 2. Question 2.1.1 of a Human Health Report only needs to be answered if the response to 2 is answered in the positive. As such, the MS Artania provided no response to question 2.1.1.

- 3. The MS Artania provided a subsequent 15 Human Health Reports to DAWE.
- 4. Copies of all Human Health Reports provided by the MS Artania to DAWE are attached.
 - a. 27 February 2020 at 18:00 (Attachment 1)
 - b. 1 March 2020 at 23:16 (Attachment 2)
 - c. 2 March 2020 at 12:36 (Attachment 3)
 - d. 4 March 2020 at 11:40 (Attachment 4)
 - e. 4 March 2020 at 13:00 (Attachment 5)
 - f. 4 March 2020 at 14:24 (Attachment 6)
 - g. 5 March 2020 at 12:09 (Attachment 7)
 - h. 6 March 2020 at 20:32 (Attachment 8)
 - 6 March 2020 at 20:36 (Attachment 9)
 - j. 7 March 2020 at 22:59 (Attachment 10)
 - k. 9 March 2020 at 12:03 (Attachment 11)
 - I. 10 March 2020 at 12:00 (Attachment 12)
 - m. 11 March 2020 at 11:04 (Attachment 13)
 - n. 11 March 2020 at 17:13 (Attachment 14)
 - o. 15 March 2020 at 09:08 (Attachment 15)
 - p. 24 March 2020 at 11:32 (Attachment 16)
- In addition to the Human Health Reports attached to question 4, the communications between the MS Artania and DAWE are the following Biosecurity Status Documents (BSDs):
 - a. 26 February 2020 at 09:33 (Attachment 17)
 - b. 27 February 2020 at 17:48 (Attachment 18)
 - c. 27 February 2020 at 18:00 (Attachment 19)
 - d. 29 February 2020 at 16:02 (Attachment 20)
 - e. 1 March 2020 at 01:20 (Attachment 21)
 - f. 2 March 2020 at 11:42 (Attachment 22)
 - g. 2 March 2020 at 16:44 (Attachment 23)
 - h. 6 March 2020 at 11:06 (Attachment 24)
 - i. 7 March 2020 at 06:01 (Attachment 25)
 - j. 10 March 2020 at 10:47 (Attachment 26)

- k. 10 March 2020 at 12:20 (Attachment 27)
- I. 12 March 2020 at 11:31 (Attachment 28)
- m. 15 March 2020 at 09:37 (Attachment 29)
- 6. Emails between DAWE and WA Health are attached.
 - a. 24 March 2020 (Attachment 30)
 - b. 25 March 2020 (Attachment 31)
- 7. Emails between DAWE and Australian Border Force are attached
 - a. 18 March 2020 (Attachment 32)
 - b. 17 April 2020 (Attachment 33)
- 8. There are no such communications.
- 9. In relation to question 1, no official from DAWE asked medical staff on board the MS Artania whether patients were displaying symptoms consistent with COVID-19. This information is requested through the Human Health Reports prior to the vessel's arrival and any change to this information is required to be notified to the department.
- 10. In relation to questions 2 and 3, DAWE's primary mechanism for raising concerns about the risk of listed human diseases, which includes COVID-19, is negative pratique. The attached BSDs show that the MS Artania required negative pratique and outline the subsequent requirements.



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars	
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480	
Call Sign Registration/Official # C6CY5 7000988	Country of Registry BAHAMAS
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel	
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com	
Arrival Details	
Voyage # Agency to which any updated con ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) DARWIN	onditions will be sent
Human Health	To the control of the
N N voyage?	
1.1) How many persons died?	
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:	
	Response Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	N
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	wing
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)	
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or	
similar common skin conditions 2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting	
(but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,	

mouth anus or skin (but not in a		
mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		1400 2
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot be roused (but not loss of consciousness)		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	,	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent soughing and life		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,	1.	
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)	1.	
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from a vessel without assistance		
La resser without assistance		,
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Reen in contact with hind third	<u> </u>	11 mg - 12 mg
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14 days		
	·	
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) I idiluled samples suspected of containing Avion Indian		
viius iii liie last 14 davs		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Doon in Assistant III		· ·
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		No. of the last of
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
III Old William Deen Collanea or spected on by a second		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East?	Programme and the second	is with
the wildle East?		* 11 11 11 11
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		<u> </u>
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gootro intent		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been the vessel's medical log during the automate.	n recorded	
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last	st 21 days	
the property of the second		
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Daccongo	
The state of the s	Passengers	Crew
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infectio	n or the	
spread of disease		
Details:	Ĺ	
Details.		1 11 1
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland Ob		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Februar 2020 and less than 14 days ago?	y N	
Sing 1005 that In days ago?		
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or		
ifter the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	N	
and loss than 14 days ago?		the second of the second
How many persons?)	
and the company of t		

2.c) Has any person on the ves case of novel coronavirus infec	sel been in contact with a proven tion in the last 14 days?	N
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on	
•	1 27/02/2020 18:00	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name MS ARTANIA	IMO 8201480	
Call Sign	Registration/Official #	Country of Registry BAHAMAS
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # ART239	Agency to which any updated of INCHCAPE (ISS) DARWIN	conditions will be sent
Human Health		
1.) Have any persons died on b voyage?	ooard during the current N	
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause death:	of	
		Response Number
2.) Have any persons become past 14 days?	ill or shown signs of illness in the	Y 1
2.1) Is any person on board the symptoms?	e vessel displaying any of the follo	wing
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (any person suspected of having reported)		
non-itchy rashes or lesions cau hazardous agents (but not hea	t rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or	
similar common skin conditions 2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea (but not vomiting caused by ine	, severe headaches or vomiting	Y 1
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleed		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		6
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	, 5	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or	5 25	4 4
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		* * *
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		1.
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		7.38
days		,
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		100 N
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		*
vaccination certificate?	2	
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days	1.0	
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		ė.
2.2) Control intentinal illega		,
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness	ام مام ما	4
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been re		1
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2	i days	
		_
	sengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during 762		521
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection of	r the	N
spread of disease	i tilo	IN
oprodu or dioduce		L
Details:		
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2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 February	N	
2020 and less than 14 days ago?	<u></u>	1 ,
2 h) Has any person on the vessel boon in mainland China on or	N	1
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	IN	
alter the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	L	(1) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
How many persons?		e,

case of novel coronavirus in	icolon in the last 14 days:	
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on 01/03/2020 23:16	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official # 7000988	Country of Ro BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated of INCHCAPE (ISS) DARWIN	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	se Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Υ	4
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follo symptoms?	wing	4
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)		
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or		
similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y	2
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eves,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		* *
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot	8 1	
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	. *	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)	, in	
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
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heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	· .	
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from	9	
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2.2) Here the ill nersen(s) on board:		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
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days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza	and the state of t	
virus in the last 14 days	9: 5	
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean	*	
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	e
the Middle East?		
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2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have bee		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	st 21 days	×
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	Passengers	Crew
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the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
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2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infecti	on or the	N
spread of disease	(-	
Details:		
Details.		*
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Februa	ary N]
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
	-	-
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	× ×
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	- :	
How many paragra?		
How many persons?		

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	e vessel been in contact with a proven infection in the last 14 days?	N	
How many persons?			
	End of Human Health Report		
Submitted by	Submitted on		



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480	¥	
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Re BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated co ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) CAIRNS	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
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2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Υ	2
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or	9 1 2 2	
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not	,	5. a. 5.
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		*
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	2	
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes	L	
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
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virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in	*	- «
the Middle East?	e.	v
0.00 0.00 (1.		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		Γ
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the l	ast 21 days	a
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2.2.2) How many passangers and arous were an board distinct	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	691	518
the current voyage and/or last 21 days	<u> </u>	*
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infec	tion or the	N
spread of disease		
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Details:		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ıary N	~ ,
2020 and less than 14 days ago?]
Obvilles described as the constitution of the		7
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?]
How many persons?		

	e vessel been in contact with a proven infection in the last 14 days?	N
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars			
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 820	1480		
Call Sign Reg	istration/Official #	Country of Ro BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel			
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com			
Arrival Details			
	ncy to which any updated c HCAPE (ISS) TOWNSVILL		esent
Human Health			
Have any persons died on board d voyage?	uring the current N		
1.1) How many persons died?			
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:			
		Respons	e Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or sh past 14 days?	own signs of illness in the	Υ	4
2.1) Is any person on board the vesse symptoms?	el displaying any of the follow	wing	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no than any person suspected of having a temperature)			
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similar common skin conditions 2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, sever (but not vomiting caused by inebriatio	9	Y	2
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from			

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
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consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or	74	
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		2
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		yr 9 9 5
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		3.7
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		i 0 2
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	,	*
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		37.2
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.110) Tollowing of the class times of the open		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
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virus in the last 14 days	·	
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		j
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days	, ²	
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		le same tanne and any a tanne and
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		
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2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the las	st 21 days	
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	Passengers	Crew
	691	518
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.2.2) Mea there are situation on board which we also it is fasti		r N
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection	on or the	N
spread of disease		,
D-t-ll-:		
Details:		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Februa	ry N	1
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2020 and less than 14 days ago?] ,
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	141	
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in maintain China on of	N	1 .
after the 14 Echryany and less than 14 days are?	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago? How many persons?	N	

case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on	
@ISS-	04/03/2020 13:00	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars			
	IMO 8201480		
Call Sign	Registration/Official #	Country of Regis	stry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel			
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com			
Arrival Details			
	Agency to which any updated co INCHCAPE (ISS) BRISBANE	onditions will be se	ent
Human Health			
1.) Have any persons died on boa voyage?	ard during the current N		
1.1) How many persons died?			*1
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:			
		Response	Number
2.) Have any persons become ill opast 14 days?	or shown signs of illness in the	Y 4	
2.1) Is any person on board the versymptoms?	essel displaying any of the follov	ving	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if rany person suspected of having a reported)			
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itch non-itchy rashes or lesions cause hazardous agents (but not heat ra	d by illness or exposure to	,	
similar common skin conditions 2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, s (but not vomiting caused by inebr	iation or motion sickness)	Y 2	

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	1	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)	,	
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		541
days	×	
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		,
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		5
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		
2.2) Contro intentinal illness		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	on recorded	4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the l		4
in the vessers medical log during the current voyage and/or the r	asi Z i days	
	December	0
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	Passengers 767	Crew
the current voyage and/or last 21 days	101	519
the outlett voyage and/or last 21 days	L	
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infec	tion or the	N
spread of disease		87
		420 100 100 100
Details:		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ary N	1
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
		-
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N].
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	-	
		=
How many persons?		

2.c) Has any person on the vessel been in contact with a proven case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
End of	Human Health Report	
Submitted by @ISS-SHIPPING. COM	Submitted on 04/03/2020 14:24	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Country of Registry BAHAMAS
conditions will be sent
Response Number
Υ 4
owing
Y 4
<u>.</u>

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)		~ 1
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,	N.	*c==
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		=
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.1.9) Tellowing of the skin/writes of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone	_	
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		2
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever	-	
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		2
the Middle Last:		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been re	ecorded	4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2		
, , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	ssengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during 691		518
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.2.2.1 Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection	or the	N
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection of	or trie	IN
spread of disease		
Details:		
Details.		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 February	N	
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	l N I	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	N	
and the 111 oblidary and lood than 11 days ago:	IN .	ï
How many persons?	N	¥

2.c) Has any person on the vessel been in contact with a proven case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		N
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on 05/03/2020 12:09	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Ro BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated co ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) TOWNSVILLE		e sent
Human Health		
N N voyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	se Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Υ	4
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	ving	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)		
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or		
similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y	4
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		,
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	u u	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		*
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		9
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,	190	
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skill/writtes of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days	V 18 V 18	
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever	0	
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		
0.00 0 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		. *
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have bee		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	ast 21 days	
	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	765	520
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		1 8
0.00\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect	ion or the	N
spread of disease		
Details:		
Details.		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ary N	1
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
		-
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?		
How many persons?		

case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
End of	: Human Haalth Danaut	
End of	Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on	
@ISS-	06/03/2020 20:32	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of R BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated contained and ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) BRISBANE	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
N N voyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	se Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Υ	4
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	ving	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)		
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Υ	4
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		,
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	V.	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)		×
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not	198	
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	P 5	
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance	*	
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.1.9) Tellowing of the skill/writes of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		9 °,
		8 8
days		8
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		
vaccination certificate?		(4)
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	ist 21 days	
	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	765	520
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
the outline voyage analor last 21 days		
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect	ion or the	N
spread of disease		
Details:	-	
		The state of the s
		-
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ary N	
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		*
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?		
		Hool
How many persons?		

2.c) Has any person on the vessel been in contact with a proven case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
End of Human Health Report		
Submitted by	Submitted on	
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Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Re	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Agency to which any updated control in the Inchange of the Inchange (ISS) BRISBANE	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
N N voyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
Response Number		
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?		
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the following symptoms?		
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)		
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Υ	4
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		*
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	,	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)	¥	
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
0.0)		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:	T	
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		9. "
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days	2	
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever	2	
vaccination certificate?	1 10	
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,	-	
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		-
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
I the Middle Fast?		
the Middle East?		
the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness	en recorded	4
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		4
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		4
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	ast 21 days	4
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	ast 21 days	4
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 	Passengers	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection 	Passengers	Crew
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 	Passengers	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease 	Passengers	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection 	Passengers	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease 	Passengers	Crew 520
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details:	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 February 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520

2.c) Has any person on the vessel been in contact with a proven case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
End of Human Health Report		
Submitted by Submittee	d on	
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Attachment 11



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Registry BAHAMAS	
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated co ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) BRISBANE	onditions will be sent	
Human Health		
N N voyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		×
	Response Num	ber
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Y 4	
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the following symptoms?		
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)		
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y 4	
2 1 4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eves.		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck	180	
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		8
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or	,	
sleeping)	*	
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no	-	
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		*
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	×	-
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance	9	
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:	7	
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone	4	9 9
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		4
days		1
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza	N 2	
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		=
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		11 W
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		: :
the Middle East?		2
2.2) Coatra intestinal illness		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		4
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		4
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	asi Zi days	a 18 8 2
	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	765	520
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.2.2) Was there are situation on board which were last to infect	ilana an Alana	N.I.
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect	ion or the	N
spread of disease		
Details:		
Details.		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ary N	
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
		• ,
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?		25.
Have many namena?		
How many persons?		*

2.c) Has any person on the vessel been in contact with a proven case of novel coronavirus infection in the last 14 days?		
How many persons?		
End of Human Health Report		
Submitted by	Submitted on	
@ISS-	09/03/2020 12:03	
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Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars	
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480	
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Registry BAHAMAS
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel	
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com	
Arrival Details	
Voyage # Agency to which any updated c ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) BRISBANE	onditions will be sent
Human Health	
N Neve any persons died on board during the current voyage?	
1.1) How many persons died?	
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:	
	Response Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Y 5
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the followaymptoms?	ving
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)	
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or	
similar common skin conditions	
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y 5
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eves	

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		, i
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		***
sleeping)	191	
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		. 4 .
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		2.3
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,	-	ž.
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		*
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from	,	8
a vessel without assistance		,2 0
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		.5
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14	-	
days	: 1	
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days	-	
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza	11	
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		
vaccination certificate?	*	
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days	1 4 4	e
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		· ·
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		50
the Middle East?		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		5
		5
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		5
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	ast 21 days	
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last the current voyage and crew were on board during	ast 21 days	
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last the current voyage and crew were on board during	Passengers 765	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers 765	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease 	Passengers 765	Crew 520
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the leads to some control of the current voyage and/or last 21 days2.3.2) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection to the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers 765	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease 	Passengers 765	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the least 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 February 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the least 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 765 tion or the	Crew 520

2.c) Has any person on the vessel b case of novel coronavirus infection i	
How many persons?	
End o	of Human Health Report
Submitted by	Submitted on
@ISS- SHIPPING.COM	10/03/2020 12:00



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of R BAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated control INCHCAPE (ISS) SYDNEY	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
N N voyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	se Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Υ	5
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the followsymptoms?	wing	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)	Υ	13
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or		
similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting	Υ	5
(but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness) 2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		×
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	*	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		, a =
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		990
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		**
	·	
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza	200	
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		77
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		=
vaccination certificate?		¥
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?	1	
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	en recorded	5
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		5
		5
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	ast 21 days	
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the l	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	ast 21 days	
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the l	ast 21 days Passengers	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers	Crew 523
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the lead to intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the lead to infect the current voyage and/or last 21 days2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers	Crew
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease 	Passengers	Crew 523
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the lead to intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the lead to infect the current voyage and/or last 21 days2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect the current voyage and/or last 21 days	Passengers	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the logical logical	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 February 	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the logical logical	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or 	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523
 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have been in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or 	Passengers 761. tion or the	Crew 523

case of novel coronavirus in	ressel been in contact with a proven rection in the last 14 days?	N	
How many persons?			
	End of Human Health Report		
Submitted by	Submitted on 11/03/2020 11:04		7



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of RoBAHAMAS	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated co ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) SYDNEY	onditions will be	e sent
Human Health		
N Noyage?	,	
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	se Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Υ	5
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	ving	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)	Υ	14
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y	5
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eves.	1	1

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	,	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not	2	
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,	Ø	
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	, '	
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes	•	
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		, «
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		30
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in		
the Middle East?		
		h
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		5
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the I	ast 21 days	
	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	761	523
the current voyage and/or last 21 days	-	
2.2.2) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to info	tion or the	NI
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infec	uon or me	N
spread of disease		
Details:		d .
		5
O a little the consent has a few single and Obigon are a leaf and A February	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	uary N	200
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		_
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	. N	1
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?	IN .	
and the 171 oblidary and 1033 than 17 days ago:		1
How many persons?		

infection in the last 14 days?	IN
End of Human Health Report	
Submitted on	
	infection in the last 14 days? End of Human Health Report



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Regist BAHAMAS	ry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated control INCHCAPE (ISS) SYDNEY	onditions will be ser	nt
Human Health		
N Noyage?		
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Response I	Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Y 14	
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	wing	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported)	Y 9	
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Y 7	
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by		
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		
sleeping)		
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not	91	e
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)		
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or	,	Y je s
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		T 10 11
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in	F-9	
the Middle East?		e * 0
The initial of the second of t		
2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		
2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be	en recorded	8
in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the la	ast 21 days	8
	Passengers	Crew
2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	1030	509
the current voyage and/or last 21 days		
2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect	tion or the	N
spread of disease		
Date:		* 3
Details:		
2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru	ary N	1
2020 and less than 14 days ago?		
		٠.,
2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	N	, s
after the 14 February and less than 14 days ago?		
		-
How many persons?		

, , ,	vessel been in contact with a proven nfection in the last 14 days?	N
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on	2
	15/03/2020 00:08	



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Human Health Report

Vessel Particulars		
Vessel Name IMO MS ARTANIA 8201480		
Call Sign Registration/Official #	Country of Re	egistry
Vessel Type Cruise Vessel		
Vessel Email chpurser@ms-artania.com		
Arrival Details		
Voyage # Agency to which any updated co ART239 INCHCAPE (ISS) FREMANTLE	onditions will be	esent
Human Health		
N N voyage?	^	
1.1) How many persons died?		
1.2) Cause or suspected cause of death:		
	Respons	e Number
2.) Have any persons become ill or shown signs of illness in the past 14 days?	Y	29
2.1) Is any person on board the vessel displaying any of the follow symptoms?	ving	
2.1.1) Temperature over 38°C (if no thermometer is available, any person suspected of having a temperature should be reported) 23		23
2.1.2) Acute unexplained non-itchy skin rashes or lesions, and non-itchy rashes or lesions caused by illness or exposure to hazardous agents (but not heat rashes, dermatitis, eczema, or similar common skin conditions		
2.1.3) Muscle aches, diarrhoea, severe headaches or vomiting (but not vomiting caused by inebriation or motion sickness)	Υ	6
2.1.4) Severe bruising or bleeding from the nose, ears, eyes,		

mouth, anus or skin (but not in a person pre-disposed to		
nosebleeds or haemorrhoids, or has cuts and abrasions)		8
2.1.5) Glandular swelling in armpits or neck		00
2.1.6) Prolonged loss of consciousness where a person cannot		a 12
be roused (but not loss of consciousness caused by	×	
consumption of alcohol, drugs or medications, fainting or		, a
sleeping)		*
2.1.7) Persistent coughing and difficulty breathing with no		
apparent cause and no history of similar symptoms (but not		
persistent coughing and difficulty breathing caused by asthma,		*
heart disease, obesity, chronic bronchitis or emphysema)	3	
2.1.8) Except in the case of a person with restricted mobility or		
an otherwise healthy young child - an inability to disembark from		N. 1 *
a vessel without assistance		
2.1.9) Yellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.1.9) Tellowing of the skin/whites of the eyes		
2.2) Has the ill person(s) on board:		
2.2.1) Been in contact with birds/bird products/someone		
suspected/confirmed of having Avian influenza in the last 14		
days		
2.2.2) Eaten raw poultry/raw poultry products in the last 14 days		
2.2.3) Handled samples suspected of containing Avian Influenza		
virus in the last 14 days		
2.2.4) Travelled Africa, South/Central America or the Caribbean		
in the last 6 days and do not have a valid yellow fever		0 1 0
		oc:
vaccination certificate?		
2.2.5) Been in Africa in the last 21 days		
2.2.6) Been in contact with camels or bodily fluids from a camel,		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or	a **	
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in	* * *	
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East?		
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness	on recorded	7
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		7
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness		7
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be		7
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last	Passengers	Crew
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during	ast 21 days	\$ <u>\$</u>
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including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infection	Passengers 832	Crew
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including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503
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including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details:	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details:	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago?	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago? 2.b) Has any person on the vessel been in mainland China on or	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503
including having been coughed or sneezed on by a camel, or drunk raw camel milk or consumed camel meat in a country in the Middle East? 2.3) Gastro-intestinal illness 2.3.1) Cases of diarrhoea and/or gastro intestinal illness have be in the vessel's medical log during the current voyage and/or the last 2.3.2) How many passengers and crew were on board during the current voyage and/or last 21 days 2.3.3) Was there any situation on board, which may lead to infect spread of disease Details: 2.a) Has the vessel been in mainland China on or before 1 Febru 2020 and less than 14 days ago?	Passengers 832 tion or the	Crew 503

case of novel coronavirus ir	essel been in contact with a proven ection in the last 14 days?	
How many persons?		
	End of Human Health Report	
Submitted by	Submitted on 24/03/2020 11:32	1

Q5: Attachment 17

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 1 Issued on: 26/02/2020 9:33:12 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The operator of this vessel has not given a pre-arrival report. A pre-arrival report must be submitted 12 to 96 hours prior to arrival at any Australian port. A person commits an offence if they do not give a pre-arrival report if required.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

No pre-arrival report (PAR) has yet been submitted for this voyage. Permission to moor and/or unload goods at a Non-First Point of Entry port is not applicable until a PAR has been lodged.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is not yet granted to this vessel as no pre-arrival report has been submitted for the current voyage.

The Control Exemption Certificate for this vessel has expired. This vessel will require an inspection to issue a new Ship Sanitation Certificate. Rat guards must be fitted to all mooring lines until the Certificate is issued. Ship Sanitation Certification inspections can only be conducted at declared ports.

Ballast Status



A Ballast Water Report has not been submitted for this vessel.

A Ballast Water Report is highly recommended for all voyages in Australia and is required where the vessel discharges or intends to discharge ballast water in Australian territory.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

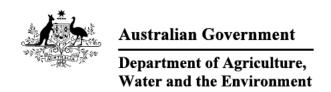
The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management

T +61 8 8201 6185 or 1300 004 605 **F** +61 8 8201 6176



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

practice.		



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 18

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 2 Issued on: 27/02/2020 5:48:54 PM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



The vessel is scheduled for inspection at the next port. This may change without notice.

Vessel will be risk assessed for Novel coronavirus and may require an inspection.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Ballast Status



A Ballast Water Report has not been submitted for this vessel.

A Ballast Water Report is highly recommended for all voyages in Australia and is required where the vessel discharges or intends to discharge ballast water in Australian territory.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

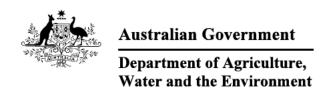
Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
u	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q5: Attachment 19

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 3 Issued on: 27/02/2020 6:00:08 PM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



The vessel is scheduled for inspection at the next port. This may change without notice.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Ballast Status



A Ballast Water Report has not been submitted for this vessel.

A Ballast Water Report is highly recommended for all voyages in Australia and is required where the vessel discharges or intends to discharge ballast water in Australian territory.

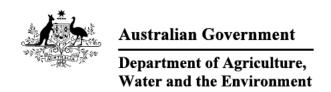
All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 20

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:MS ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 4 Issued on: 29/02/2020 4:02:00 PM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



The vessel is scheduled for inspection at the next port. This may change without notice.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Ballast Status



The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 1 DB, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of

T +61 8 8201 6185 or 1300 004 605 **F** +61 8 8201 6176

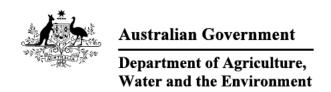


Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 21

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 5 Issued on: 01/03/2020 1:20:28 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert Issued in Oct not current

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

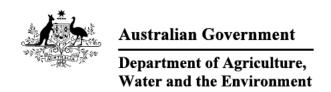
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q5: Attachment 22

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:MS ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 6 Issued on: 02/03/2020 11:42:14 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c.

The department has since been notified that there are human health issues on board the vessel, which will be assessed at the next port of arrival.

The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert Issued in Oct not current

Ballast Status





Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

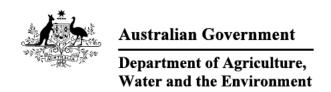
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q5: Attachment 23

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 7 Issued on: 02/03/2020 4:44:51 PM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c.

The department has since been notified that there are human health issues on board the vessel, which will be assessed at the next port of arrival.

The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

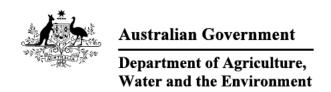
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 24

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:MS ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 8 Issued on: 06/03/2020 11:06:39 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

managed in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 2015 and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

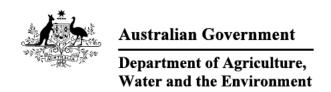
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 25

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 9 Issued on: 07/03/2020 6:01:21 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c.

The department has since been notified that there are human health issues on board the vessel, which will be assessed at the next port of arrival.

The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

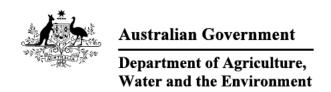
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 26

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 10 Issued on: 10/03/2020 10:47:05 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

managed in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 2015 and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

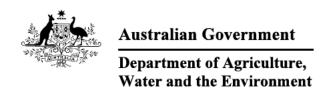
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
u	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q5: Attachment 27

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:MS ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 11 Issued on: 10/03/2020 12:20:52 PM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c.

The department has since been notified that there are human health issues on board the vessel, which will be assessed at the next port of arrival.

The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

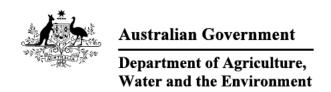
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

E mar t mencc@awe.gov.au

Q5: Attachment 28

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name:MS ARTANIACall Sign:C6CY5IMO Number:8201480Voyage Number:ART239

Document Version: 12 Issued on: 12/03/2020 11:31:34 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c. The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been



Australian Government

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managed in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 2015 and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

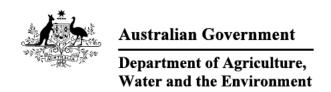
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

All ballast water must be managed in accordance with the Australian Ballast Water Management Requirements. The vessel may commit an offence if unmanaged ballast water is discharged from any tank on this vessel. This includes Australian sourced ballast water intended for discharge within Australian seas

If the vessel becomes aware that the information provided in the Ballast Water Report is incomplete or incorrect, additional or corrected information must be provided as soon as possible. Vessels taking up ballast in the Australian seas are highly encouraged to resubmit an additional Ballast Water Report prior to discharge of Australian sourced water.

Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q5: Attachment 29

Biosecurity Status Document

Vessel Name: MS ARTANIA Call Sign: C6CY5
IMO Number: 8201480 Voyage Number: ART239

Document Version: 13 Issued on: 15/03/2020 9:37:41 AM (Canberra Time)

Details

The following information provides the status of this voyage as of the date noted above. Where changes occur, a revised version of this document will be provided.

Conditions outlined in this document include directions issued under a specific section of the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and guidance on how to comply with the department's requirements. Failure to follow these conditions may constitute an offence, which may lead to penalties or prosecution under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*. More detail is in the footnotes included at the end of this document.

The vessel's master and agent must comply with the department's requirements and directions, including providing all relevant documentation upon request. The department must be notified immediately of any changes to the information provided in relation to this voyage. This includes changes to berthing/departure times or locations.

Berthing Conditions in Australian First Point of Entry Ports



The vessel has met its reporting requirements and is eligible to berth in Australian first points of entry. The operator of the vessel must, as soon as practical, notify a biosecurity officer if information in the pre-arrival report is incomplete or incorrect.

Berthing Conditions in Australian Non First Point of Entry Ports



AIRLIE BEACH

Permission is given to moor at AIRLIE BEACH on 8 Mar 2020b.

Local liaison must be maintained with the departmental staff responsible for AIRLIE BEACH on 07 4955 9600.

Please note this is a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment s247 conditional approval only, pending Maritime Travellers Processing Committee (MTPC) approval document.

Vessel operators/masters must have and provide both the Department's Biosecurity Status Document (BSD) and the MTPC approval document on request.

Specific Conditions for Non-first point of entry port

Permission to moor at a port that is not a first port of entry is subject to the following conditions: Failure to comply with these conditions is an offence.

The full cost of any biosecurity services provided must be met in accordance with the determination of the Minister under the provisions of Sections 592 (fees) and 432 (biosecurity incidents) of the Biosecurity Act 2015 and the department's Charging Guidelines. If estimated time of arrival changes by more than 48 hours a new NFP application must be submitted. Goods including food, fresh produce (including fruit, meats and dairy products) or prepared meals are not to be removed from the vessel by crew or shore excursion participants. Biosecurity notice is to be read over the PA system prior to and during each disembarkation.

All major Australian ports have been determined as First Points of Entry and are listed on the department's website at http://www.agriculture.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels/first-point-entry-and-non-first-point-entry. Vessels may visit



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

any First Point of Entry during their voyage in Australia.

Vessel Biosecurity



This vessel has accumulated 18 demerit points during the current Australian voyage. More information may be obtained by viewing the voyage details on the department portal: https://online.agriculture.gov.au/selfservice/

The following demerit actions have been accumulated during this voyage: Cruise vessel failing to report percentage of cases of gastro-intestinal illness on board and Failure to update illness report.

All plants should be kept inside and away from open doors and with windows closed. Unless authorised to do so, all plants should be kept inside the vessel while the vessel is in port and remain on board the vessel in Australian territory.

No plant, foodstuffs or goods (excluding goods carried as cargo) may be removed from the vessel without the approval or direction of a biosecurity officer.

Increased intervention and a stronger enforcement approach is currently in place to keep African Swine Fever (ASF) out of Australia. Passengers and crew must not remove jerky, biltong and other pork products from the vessel.

Galley grinders, waste chutes and swing bins that discharge waste overboard must not be used in Australian ports or waters. Foodstuffs must not be used as bait for fishing in Australian ports or waters.

Masters must advise the department of:

- any crew departing; and/or,
- waste being discharged from the vessel to a provider that does not have an approved arrangement.

Hitchhiking and migratory birds must be removed from the vessel prior to the vessel entering Australian territorial sea. Report any insects or animals, including rodents found on board the vessel during the voyage to the department. Refer to the Biosecurity Checklist for Vessel Masters and information on the Vessel Compliance Scheme to ensure compliance with the department's requirements.

Vessel Pratique and Ship Sanitation



Pratique is granted to the MS ARTANIA for all ports in Australia^c.

The department has since been notified that there are human health issues on board the vessel, which will be assessed at the next port of arrival.

The Quarantine Signal (letter Q in the International Code of Signals) is not required to be displayed.

The vessel's master or agent must notify the department as soon as practicable if any individuals on board have signs or symptoms of a listed human disease during the current Australian voyage.

A Ship Sanitation Control Certificate is in place. Ensure all control conditions specified in the certificate are adhered to.

Specific Conditions for Pratique

These conditions are set for this vessel on this voyage and must be adhered to in addition to all others listed above.

Vessel has new SSC issued in BENOA 26/02/2020 Control Cert listed in Original PAR issued in Oct 09/10/2019 in Bremerhaven (Germany) is not current.



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Ballast Status



Based on the information available to the department, the ballast water in the following tanks has not been managed in accordance with the *Biosecurity Act 2015* and is NOT eligible for discharge: 7 PS 1 DB (Tank Empty)

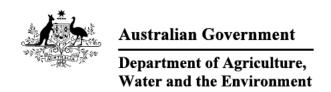
The vessel has declared that it does not intend to discharge from the following tanks: 1 FPT, 11 BWT DB, 12 PS DT, 12 SB DT, 13 SB DT, 7 PS 7 DT, 7 PS DB, 7 SB 1 DB, 7 SB 7 DT, 7 SB DB, 8 BWT DB, 8 PS DB and 8 SB DB. A new Ballast Water Report must be submitted if discharge intentions change.

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Ballast water exchange must not be conducted in the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park, as set out in the Australian Ballast Water Requirements.

The vessel may commit an offence if sediment is discharged in Australian seas from any tank on this vessel. All ballast sediment should be removed to a landside facility in accordance with Australian federal and state waste management policies. Disposal of ballast tank sediment outside the 200Nm limit is an acceptable management practice.



Footnotes

These footnotes provide more detail on the conditions specified in this document. This document does not release the vessel's cargo from biosecurity control. It also does not supersede any reporting requirements, directions or security determinations from other Australian or State Government agencies.

More information on this document can be found on the department's website: http://www.awe.gov.au/biosecurity/avm/vessels

Ref	Section Title
а	This vessel is released from biosecurity control under Section 218 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . This is a notice releasing the vessel from biosecurity control under section 219. The vessel may become subject to biosecurity control in the future, if it:
	 enters Australian territory on a journey that commenced outside Australia;
	 is exposed to another conveyance or to prescribed goods that are subject to biosecurity control;
	 leaves Australian territory and is exposed to another conveyance.
	If the vessel becomes subject to biosecurity control in the future, additional reporting will be required.
b	Permission to moor at a port that is not a declared first point of entry may be issued under section 247 of
	Biosecurity Act 2015. Permission to unload goods at a port that is not a declared First Point of Entry may be issued under section 146.
С	Pratique is granted to this vessel under the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> . Pratique is granted at the "Issued On" time stated on the first BSD that this condition appears.
d	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are subject to biosecurity control or are on board a
	conveyance that is subject to biosecurity control. A biosecurity control notice has been issued under section 129 or 203 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
е	The goods or conveyance specified by this notice are required to be treated as specified, in accordance with section 133 or 208 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .
f	The goods specified in this notice have been brought into Australia in contravention of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. Unless you comply with this notice within the timeframe specified, the Director of Biosecurity will determine that the goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth under section 628 of the <i>Biosecurity Act</i> 2015. If goods are forfeited to the Commonwealth, a biosecurity officer may take possession of the goods and cause the goods to be sold, destroyed, removed from Australian territory or otherwise disposed of.
g	The conveyance specified in this notice has been directed to move to a place not outside Australian territory under section 202 of the <i>Biosecurity Act 2015</i> .



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

Q6: Attachment 30

From:

agriculture.gov.au>

Sent:

Tuesday, 24 March 2020 8:54 PM

To:

'PHEOC'

Cc:

@health.wa.gov.au'

Subject:

FW: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]



Not sure if you have this. I've been having trouble with my e-mail, hence sending to you now.

I'm checking where the transits are going...I'm assuming to the airport the fly out.

The crew that are joining are ok to join, as long as they stay with the vessel (no shore leave) and sail with it at 17:00 on 25 March.

Please let me know if this is incorrect.

Thanks

From:

- ISS Fremantle [mailto:

@iss-shipping.com]

Sent: Monday, 23 March 2020 6:47 PM

Subject: RE: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Regarding the numbers of Pax:

28/2 (762 Pax arrived into Australia in the first port Darwin on the 29th March) 13/3 (607 Pax embarked in Sydney during our call) (all from Europe (Germany))

14-15/3 (35) approx. disembarked in Sydney from 14th to 15th)

Therefore: 454 Pax remaining onboard who embarked in Sydney 13/3. - correct

Transits: 378 - correct

Pax on Arrival: 832 - correct Crew on Arrival: 503 - correct

POB 25 Mar 0600

ETA 25 Mar 0700 *as advised, usually 1.5hr to All Fast therefore may be gangway down by 0730

ETD 25 Mar 1700

Next Port: Kiel, Germany

Kind Regards

Cruise Vessel Operations - Fremantle

CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com

@iss-shipping.com

T+61 (0)

D+61(0)M+61(0)

www.iss-shipping.com

Follow us:



inchcape Shipping Services, 10D Lancaster House, 2 Lancaster Street, Spearwood, Western Australia, 6163, Australia



From: @awe.gov.au>

Sent: Monday, 23 March 2020 3:06 PM

- ISS Fremantle < <u>@iss-shipping.com</u>>

Subject: RE: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Ĥί

Can you please send me the pax and crew information/numbers.

Thanks

From: - ISS Fremantle [mailto:

@iss-shipping.com1

Sent: Monday, 23 March 2020 1:12 PM

To: @awe.gov.au

Subject: RE: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Hi

As far as I know! I'm still frantically working on it and receiving emails from them.

But I did that for Broome and Geraldton ships which were cancelled only the afternoon before, and the Chief Purser (my act person on the ship) didn't even know!

It's in Australian waters so am assuming so.

I'll send you the pax info/numbers I've given ABF, confirmed today by the ship.

Kind Regards

Cruise Vessel Operations - Fremantle

CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com

@iss-shipping.com

T+61 (0)

D+61 (0)

M+61 (0)

www.iss-shipping.com

Follow us:





inchcape Shipping Services, 10D Lancaster House, 2 Lancaster Street, Spearwood, Western Australia, 6163, Australia



@awe.gov.au>

Sent: Monday, 23 March 2020 12:56 PM

To: @iss-shipping.com

Subject: FW: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Hi

Is this vessel still calling at Fremantle?

Thanks

From: WA Cruise Ships [mailto:wacruiseships@abf.gov.au]

Sent: Friday, 20 March 2020 8:18 AM

@agriculture.gov.au>

Subject: FW: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

UNCLASSIFIED

A guara trans

A query from at Inchape, with the initial email below

Kind Regards

Senior Border Force Officer Maritime Travellers Operations WA Regional Command | Port Operations Command ABF Operations Group

Australian Border Force
P: (08) M:

M: @abf.gov.au

W: www.abf.gov.au

UNCLASSIFIED

From: Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle < CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com>

Sent: Friday, 20 March 2020 6:48 AM

To: WA Cruise Ships < wacruiseships@abf.gov.au >

Subject: Fwd: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle

Hi

I'm just forwarding this to you as I've received it.

Can you please advise. Technically I think they can embark but given the history and knowledge we have on these crew members, it's not a decision I wish to make.

Kind Regards

Sent from my Samsung Galaxy smartphone.

----- Original message -----

From: csde-smc-crew01 <csde-smc-crew01@schultecruise.com>

Date: 19/3/20 10:06 pm (GMT+08:00)

To: Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle < Cruise Ops - ISS Australia

<<u>CruiseOps.Australia@ISS-Shipping.com></u>

Cc: Cruise Ops - ISS Sydney < CruiseOps.Sydney@iss-shipping.com >,

(CSDE-SMC)"

@schultecruise.com>, csde-smc-crew01 < csde-smc-crew01@schultecruise.com>

Subject: Artania - Crew - crew joining at Fremantle

Dear Sirs.

We currently have two crewmembers from vessel Artania in quarantine in Sydney which are supposed to re-join Artania in Fremantle after the period of 14 days quarantine after they were together in a plane with one confirmed COVID-19 case on the 9th of March. Currently they do not show any symptoms, but we still wondering if possible to re-join them in Fremantle or are there any general restrictions from Australian authorities regarding embarkation of vessels? The crew would re-join on 26th after they fly from Sydney to Fremantle on the 24th? We understood that there would be still an risk as they need to travel again (on a domestic flight) and could get in contact with infected persons again during that travel.

Vessel Artania is currently supposed to call Fremantle at 26th of March.

Pls check with your authorities about the case and let us know the suggestions from their side.

Many thanks in advance and

Best regards/Mit freundlichen Grüßen

Fleet Personnel Officer as agent and manager only on behalf of the Owners



Bernhard Schulte Cruise Services GmbH & Co.KG

Vorsetzen 54 | 20459 | Hamburg | Germany

T. | M.

www.schultecruise.com

600

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Q6: Attachment 31

From: @agriculture.gov.au> Sent: Wednesday, 25 March 2020 8:27 AM **PHEOC** To: Cc: @health.wa.gov.au Subject: FW: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED] TRAVELLER RECORD FORM for PAX - CREW declared Medical Health Form .pdf **Attachments:** Importance: High You may have already received this information, but to be sure Vessel contact email is chpurser@ms-artania.com Regards Assistant Director - Biosecurity Operations Division - Inspections Group Phone 1800 900 090 | Mobile

Department of Agriculture 16 Mews Road South Fremantle WA 6162 PO Box 606 Welshpool WA 6986

@agriculture.gov.au



Subject: FW: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED] **Importance:** High

Hi**ggs**,

Good morning, just enquiring if you have had any information sent to you regarding the Artania and if there was anything else we should be considering to manage its arrival.

Exert from email below:

Most recent Human Health Update submitted 24/03/20 reported:

29 illness within the past 14 days

- 23 x temperature over 38 Degrees C
- 6 x muscle aches
- 7 x Gastro intestinal illness

Kind regards

Manager | Inspections Group | Biosecurity Operations Division

Tel: (08) 94752602 Mob:

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment 16 Mews Road, Fremantle South Fremantle, 6162

PO Box 606 Welshpool WA 6986

From: WEST Agriculture - Shipping Frem Sent: Wednesday, 25 March 2020 7:31 AM

To: @agriculture.gov.au>; @agriculture.gov.au>

Subject: FW: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Is there additional information I'm not yet privileged to in regards to this vessel. This vessel is/was scheduled to berth tomorrow 0645 26th March.

Kindest regards

Inspections Group | Biosecurity Operations Division

Email

@agriculture.gov.au

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

16 Mews Rd

Fremantle WA 6162

GPO Box 858, Canberra, ACT, 2601, Australia

From: Maritime NCC

Sent: Wednesday, 25 March 2020 5:23 AM

To: WEST Agriculture - Shipping Frem < Fremantle.seaports@agriculture.gov.au >

@agriculture.gov.au>

Subject: FW: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Good morning all,

FYI: -

Please see attached Travelller Record Forms for the subject vessel due in Fremantle.

Kind	regard	S

Maritime National Co-ordination Centre (MNCC) | Assessment Services Group (ASG)

Outside Australia

Phone: +61 Fax: +61 8 8201 6176

Within Australia

Phone: 1300 004 605 | Fax: 1300 005 882

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment Sir Donald Bradman Drive, Export Park SA 5950 Australia

PO Box 63 Export Park SA 5950 Australia Email: maritimencc@AWE.gov.au

Web: Vessels - Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

From: Artania Chief Purser [mailto:chpurser@ms-artania.com]

Sent: Tuesday, 24 March 2020 10:53 PM

To: Maritime NCC < Maritime NCC@agriculture.gov.au >

Cc: ISS Fremantle Branch < Fremantle@ISS-Shipping.com >; (CSDE-SMC)

@schultecruise.com>; Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle < CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com>; Artania Hospital < hospital@ms-artania.com>; Artania Doctor < hospital@ms-artania.com>; Artania Master < hospital@ms-artania.com>; csde-smc-portops < hospital@ms-artania.com>; csde-smc-marine-operations < hospital@ms-artania.com>; csde-smc-marine-operations@schultecruise.com>; (CY-SMC) < hospital@ms-artania.com>

shipmanagement.com>; csde-smc-technical <<u>csde-smc-technical@schultecruise.com</u>>

Subject: RE: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Dear All

Good Evening

Please find attached Traveller Record Form of each passenger and crew as per our Human Health Form updated 24.03

As per confirmation from Hospital Team pls be advised:

- > muscle ache can belong to occur AGE and fever.
- > each case declared on the Human Health Declaration, it's not a suspicious case of COVID-19.

Please see below our Contact details in AUSTRALIA/ Fremantle:

Cruise Vessel Operations - Fremantle

CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com

@iss-shipping.com T+61 (0) D+61 (0) M+61 (0)

Please confirm safe receipt.

with best regards and many thanks,

Chief Purser
MS ARTANIA
Satelite Phone :
Fax
Sat. Phone:

From: Maritime NCC [mailto:MaritimeNCC@agriculture.gov.au]

Sent: 24 March 2020 10:18
To: Artania Chief Purser
Cc: ISS Fremantle Branch

Subject: MS ARTANIA - reported illness on current voyage ART239 [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Hello agent/master

Please complete the attached Traveller Record Form for **each** person reported as yes to illness (symptoms reported yes) and yes to Gastro and return to MNCC (<u>maritimenac@awe.gov.au</u>)

Vessel: MS ARTANIA 8201480 Voyage ART239, intended port of arrival Fremantle 25/03/2020

Most recent Human Health Update submitted 24/03/20 reported:

29 illness within the past 14 days

- 23 x temperature over 38 Degrees C
- 6 x muscle aches
- 7 x Gastro intestinal iliness

These forms for each person reported ill (29) <u>must</u> be returned to MNCC **prior to arrival at your next port of call on voyage ART239** to prevent any delays to berthing.

Note: your most recently submitted Human Health update will only be assessed once the MNCC has received these forms.

Regards

Maritime National Co-ordination Centre (MNCC) | Assessment Services Group (ASG)

Outside Australia

Phone: +61 Fax: +61 8 8201 6176

Within Australia

Phone: 1300 004 605 | Fax: 1300 005 882

Department of Agricultue, Water and the Environment Sir Donald Bradman Drive, Export Park SA 5950 Australia

GPO Box 858, Canberra ACT 2601.

Email: maritimencc@awe.gov.au | Web: Vessels - Department of Agriculture

Q7: Attachment 32

From:

@agriculture.gov.au>

Sent:

Vuesday, 12 May 2020 11:20 AM

To:

WEST Agriculture - Shipping Frem

Subject:

FW: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia URGENT

[SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

With regards

Senior Biosecurity Officer | Inspections Group | Biosecurity Operations Division



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment

16 Mews Road South Fremantle WA 6162 GPO Box 858 Canberra ACT 2601.

Phone 1800 900 090 Mobile: 0401 593 827

@agriculture.gov.au

From: Arrivals [mailto:Arrivals@agriculture.gov.au]

Sent: Wednesday, 18 March 2020 8:46 AM

To: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee <mtpc@abf.gov.au>

@agriculture.gov.au>; fremantle.seaports@awe.gov.au Cc

Subject: RE: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia URGENT [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Good morning

The department supports these arrivals as they fall within the exemption criteria.

Kind regards

Policy Officer | Conveyances and Ports

Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment **Compliance Controls | Compliance Division** 7 London Circuit **GPO Box 858** Canberra ACT 2601



The department acknowledges the traditional custodians of country throughout Australia and their continuing connection to land, sea and community. We pay our respects to traditional custodians, their cultures and elders past and present.

From: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee [mailto:mtpc@abf.gov.au]

Sent: Wednesday, 18 March 2020 11:12 AM

To: Agriculture

Subject: FW: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia URGENT [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED]

Importance: High

UNCLASSIFIED

Thanks,

ABF National Event Coordination | Strategic Coordination Branch Strategic Border Command | Australian Border Force P: (02) E: mtpc@abf.gov.au

Please note I work part time - Mon-Thurs

UNCLASSIFIED

From: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee Sent: Wednesday, 18 March 2020 10:08 AM

To: VIC Cruise Ships < viccruiseships@abf.gov.au >; Shipping Adelaide < ShippingAdelaide@abf.gov.au >; Shipping Fremantle < shipfremantle@abf.gov.au >; "Agriculture Arrivals" (arrivals@agriculture.gov.au) '< arrivals@agriculture.gov.au >;

@infrastructure.gov.au>; 'Health (humanbiosecurity@health.gov.au)'

<humanbiosecurity@health.gov.au>

Cc: WA Cruise Ships <<u>wacruiseships@abf.gov.au</u>>; Maritime Travellers Processing Committee <<u>mtpc@abf.gov.au</u>> Subject: FW: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia URGENT [SEC=UNCLASSIFIED] Importance: High

UNCLASSIFIED

Good Morning All

Please see amended application for the ARTANIA.

Arrival into:

MELBOURNE: 20/032020 ADELAIDE: 22/03/2020 FREMANTLE 25/03/2020

Nil disembark aside from day trippers.

- Breakdown of passenger / crew Australian/international
 Nil Australian Citizen, pls see attached Nat. Breakdown of Crew & Pax
- Age break down on crew/passengers Over 65/Under 65.

Passengers

40 Passenger are under 65 age (not included)

792 Passengers over 65 age (included)

Crew

501 Crew are under 65 age (not included)

4 Crew over 65 age (included)

I have attached information the vessel has provided.

Thanks,

ABF National Event Coordination | Strategic Coordination Branch Strategic Border Command | Australian Border Force P: (02) E: mtpc@abf.gov.au

Please note I work part time - Mon-Thurs

UNCLASSIFIED

From: Cruise Ops - ISS Australia < CruiseOps.Australia@ISS-Shipping.com >

Sent: Wednesday, 18 March 2020 9:12 AM

To: Artania Chief Purser < chpurser@ms-artania.com>

Cc: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee < mtpc@abf.gov.au >; csde-smc-portops < csde-smc-

<u>portops@schultecruise.com</u>>; Cruise Ops - ISS Melbourne <<u>CruiseOps.Melbourne@iss-shipping.com</u>>; Cruise Ops - ISS Adelaide <<u>CruiseOps.Adelaide@ISS-Shipping.com</u>>; Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle <<u>CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-</u>

shipping.com>; Cruise Ops - ISS Australia < CruiseOps.Australia@ISS-Shipping.com>

Subject: RE: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia

/ Hi

See attached completed application.

At this time there will be no passenger / crew disembarks.

The time time there will be no pussenger / crew dischibute.

Many thanks

Cruise Coordinator - Australia & South Pacific

Cruiseops.Australia@iss-shipping.com

T+61

M +6:

www.iss-shipping.com

Inchcape Shipping Services, Ground Floor, 120 Christie Street St Leonards NSW 2065

Follow us:



From: Artania Chief Purser <chpurser@ms-artania.com>

Sent: Tuesday, March 17, 2020 6:10 PM

To: Cruise Ops - ISS Australia < Cruise Ops. Australia@ISS-Shipping.com >

Cc: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee < mtpc@abf.gov.au; csde-smc-portops < csde-smc-portops@schultecruise.com; Cruise Ops - ISS Melbourne < Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle@iss-shipping.com; Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle < CruiseOps.Fremantle@iss-shipping.com; Cruise Ops - CruiseOps.F

Subject: RE: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia



I sent the information, pls find attached one more time.

- Arrival date/time for each port
- Melbourne 20 March 0800 1700
- ➤ Adelaide 22 March 0900 1700
- ➤ Fremantle 26 March 0800 1700
- Passenger loads

what do you mean?

- Breakdown of passenger / crew Australian/international
 Nil Australian Citizen, pls see attached Nat. Breakdown of Crew & Pax
- Age break down on crew/passengers Over 65/Under 65.

Passengers

40 Passenger are under 65 age (not included)

792 Passengers over 65 age (included)

Crew

501 Crew are under 65 age (not included)

4 Crew over 65 age (included)

Pls confirm safe receipt.

with best regards and many thanks,

Chief Purser
MS ARTANIA
Satelite Phone :

Sat. Phone:

From: Cruise Ops - ISS Australia [mailto:CruiseOps.Australia@ISS-Shipping.com]

Sent: 17 March 2020 17:49 To: Artania Chief Purser

Cc: Maritime Travellers Processing Committee; csde-smc-portops; Cruise Ops - ISS Australia; Cruise Ops - ISS

Melbourne; Cruise Ops - ISS Adelaide; Cruise Ops - ISS Fremantle

Subject: MTPC application Artania - permission to continue voyage in Australia

Hi

Before a decision can be made with Authorities please complete the below & attached for MTPC, hit reply all as I have cc them on this email.

MTPC is seeking information with regards to the Artania's voyage in Australia. This is part of the Government's response to the COVID-19 outbreak and will enable them to facilitate this vessel's arrival into all Australian Ports from the 15th March 2020

Please provide the following information as soon as possible:

- Arrival date/time for each port
- Passenger loads
- Breakdown of passenger / crew Australian/international
- Age break down on crew/passengers Over 65/Under 65.

Many thanks

Cruise Coordinator - Australia & South Pacific

Cruiseops.Australia@iss-shipping.com

T+61

M +61

www.iss-shipping.com

Inchcape Shipping Services, Ground Floor, 120 Christie Street St Leonards NSW 2065

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Q7: Attachment 33

14 A 15 A 16	
From: Sent: To:	<pre>@abf.gov.au> Friday, 17 April 2020 4:32 PM @iss-shipping.com; (DFAT); (Director, CDCD);</pre>
Subject: Attachments:	@transport.wa.gov.au RE: ARTANIA Departure [DLM=For-Official-Use-Only] ARTANIA - plan.docx
	For-Official-Use-Only
Hi All	
Please find attached updated pla	n for tomorrow.
I think I captured the main points	s from our meeting.
Regards	
Superintendent Maritime Oper Regional Command Western A ABF Operations Group Australian Border Force P: M:	rations sustralial Port Operations Command E: @abf_gov

For-Official-Use-Only

From:			
Sent: Friday, 17 April 2020 1:38 PM			
To:	@ABF.GOV.AU>;	@gmail.co	m>;
@iss-shipping.com;	@/	ABF.GOV.AU>;	(DFAT)
<pre>@dfat.gov.au>;</pre>	(Director, CDCD) <	@health.wa.go	v.au>;
@health.wa	.gov.au>;	@polic	ce.wa.gov.au>;
@agricult	ure.gov.ali>;	@ABF.GOV	.AU>;
@transport.wa	gov.au' < @transp	oort.wa.gov.au>	
Subject: RF: ARTANIA Departure [D]	M=For-Official-Use-Onlyl		

For-Official-Use-Only

Good Morning All

Please find attached draft plan that will be finalised at our 2pm teleconference this afternoon.

Regards Superintendent Maritime Operations Regional Command Western Australia | Port Operations Command ABF Operations Group Australian Border Force @abf.gov.au For-Official-Use-Only ----Original Appointment----From: @abf.gov.au> Sent: Thursday, 16 April 2020 12:13 AM To: @iss-shipping.com; (DFAT); (Director, CDCD); Subject: ARTANIA Departure [DLM=For-Official-Use-Only] When: Thursday, 16 April 2020 3:30 PM-4:45 PM (UTC+08:00) Perth. Where: Telecon For-Official-Use-Only Good morning all, Thank you again for meeting this afternoon. Hoping you may all be free at 1530 for a teleconference so that relevant updates can be provided. Australia Toll free: 1800 047396 Participant passcode: then # Kind regards,

If you have feedback prior to the 2pm meeting please let me know so I can incorporate.

Regional Commander WA
Regional Command WA | Port Operations Command
ABF Operations Group
Australian Border Force
P: | M: | M: |
E: @abf.gov.au

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ARTANIA – SCHEDULE – 17 APRIL 2020

Time	Activity	Role	Notes
1700	Catering – final hot meal	AUSMAT LEAD	
		Caterer	
1800	MSS to commence removing security	MSS Security (from AUSMAT to advise on	MSS will finalise removal by 2100.
	cameras	cleaning). ABF to store cameras and associated	All MSS officers to be clear of the
		equipment in office)	ship by 2100.
2100	Disembarkation of 14 skeleton crew and	AUSMAT LEAD	
	transport to Novotel for 14 day quarantine.	AUSMAT to engage SHIIC to organise a bus.	
		ABF to organise Police escort to Novotel.	
2130	ISS to cease security guarding by 2130	ISS	
2140	Quarantine officially ceases	AUSMAT LEAD	
2200 - 0500	Cleaning of Artania to commence.	AUSMAT LEAD	Must cease by 0500 on 18 April to
(18 April)		AUSMAT to engage with PROMPTCORP to organise	allow for provisioning of ship?
		cleaning and schedule.	

		0/15			0700		0600	0500	18 APRIL	Time
		ABF to undertake passport checks to ensure all identified pax and crew embark bus to Fremantle Passenger Terminal.		(FINAL LIST NOT YET CONFIRMED)	AUSMAT will organise for each passenger by floor to present to ABF near the bus entrance or lobby for face to passport check.	To be transported to Artania for journey back to Germany.	All hold luggage from those departing on charter flight on 19 April to be in secure lobby location in Novotel by 0600 at latest.	Provisioning of Artania commences through shell door		Activity
		ABF LEAD (AUSMAT has commenced engaging with pax and crew about requirements to be ready to depart hotel by 0700.	WAPF has organised escort for buses to Fremantle Passenger Terminal.	ABF LEAD (Felicity Horrocks and Tim Sutton) Four buses organised for Novotel (Shafto Lane) to arrive at 0700 for transport of passengers to Fremantle Passenger Terminal.	Loaded onto buses with those returning to the Artania at 0800.	SHIPS AGENT/AUSMAT AUSMAT advised approximately 15 suitcases.	SHIP/SHIPS AGENT LEAD to organise		Role
							AUSMAT to arrange for luggage to be disinfected at hotel and loaded onto buses by hotel staff.	Nil bunkers required		Notes

		escort to assemble at 1030.	
		Fremantle Passenger Terminal. Police	
	Same buses and escorts that were used in original transfer.	Buses x 4 to transport crew from Artania to Novotel to assemble in carpark of	1030
	به بمنکردن	(FINAL LIST NOT YET CONFIRMED)	
	Requirement to inform crew that no food is to be taken off board in hand luggage (JC speaking to	crew with WAPF directions — to confirm.	
	Agriculture indicated no screening will be required	Potentially required to hand WAPF letter to	
	ABF LEAD (John Sweet) ABF to direct crew through Fremantle Passenger Terminal to buses.	ABF to undertake face to passport checks to ensure the identity of crew disembarking as they exit gangway.	1030
A.			
	disembark by gangway.	checks.	
	organised by 1030. Hand luggage (7kg) only. Will	4 gangway ready for ABF face to passport	
	to disembark for bus transportation to Novotel are	0900 19 April) to assemble on ship at Level	
	Artania/ships agent to ensure that crew scheduled	Artania to be escorted to Novotel (flight on	
	SHIP/AGENT	Crew that are scheduled to disembark the	1030
	SHIP	Pax and crew onboard on Artania from Novotel (FINAL)	0900
	Passenger Terminal to Level 4 gangway. Head count only off bus.		
	ABF will direct pax and crew through the Fremantle	Passenger Terminal.	
	ABF LEAD (John Sweet)	Buses to park in carpark of Fremantle	0830
		and proceed to Fremantle Passenger Terminal.	
	WAPF	Buses with police escort to depart Novotel	0800
Notes	Role	Activity	Time

and Notes AUSMAT to organise gangway to be disinfected.	SHIPS AGENT LEAD		
		Pilot to commence Artania voyage	1300
	SHIPS AGENT LEAD	Crane will remove gangway.	1230
		check as per normal hotel guest.	
	SHIP AGENT LEAD	Buses to arrive at Novotel. Passengers to	1130
		correct numbers	
		board to be provided by Artania to ensure	
Notes	SHIP/ABF LEAD and	Final manifest of crew and passengers on	1100
	Role	Activity	Time
light on 19 April 2020.	movement to charter flight on 19 April 2020.		
Novotel hotel room until	direction to remain in Novotel hotel room until	Passenger Terminal for Novotel	
form passengers verbally of	WAPF to potentially inform passengers verbally of	Buses and police escort to leave Fremantle	1100