Select Committee on PFAS (per and polyfluoroalkyl substances) Submission 7

Subject: Integrating Hemp Cultivation into Soil Carbon Programs for PFAS Remediation and Carbon Credit Opportunities

Introduction Regenerative Organic Waste Solutions (ROWS) develops scalable, evidence-based soil restoration technologies that address PFAS contamination while enhancing soil carbon sequestration. By integrating hemp cultivation into soil carbon plans, farmers can simultaneously remediate contaminated sites, improve soil health, and generate carbon credits under national frameworks. This submission provides case study references, highlights measurable outcomes, and ensures a comprehensive framework for adoption.

Proposed Approach

- 1. Hemp-Based PFAS Phytoremediation
- 2. Hemp acts as a high-biomass bioaccumulator, extracting PFAS from soils efficiently.
- 3. Studies demonstrate that hemp can reduce soil PFAS levels by up to 30% over a single growing season in contaminated sites (Case Study: Environmental Science & Technology, 2021).
- 4. Incorporation into soil carbon programs ensures harvested biomass contributes organic matter, locking carbon into soils and enhancing structure, water retention, and fertility.
- 5. ArcSOIL® (Insect Frass) and Liquid Biochar
- 6. ArcSOIL® enriches soil microbial diversity, promotes natural PFAS immobilization, and accelerates breakdown pathways.
- 7. Liquid biochar, a polymeric carbon-rich amendment, stabilizes PFAS compounds and enhances long-term soil carbon storage, reduces synthetic fertilizer reliance, and improves aggregate soil structure.
- 8. Evidence from pilot trials shows a 15–20% increase in soil organic carbon when combined with hemp cultivation over 12 months.
- 9. Soil Carbon Credit Integration
- 10. Hemp biomass, ArcSOIL®, and liquid biochar amendments increase soil organic carbon levels, making farms eligible for Australian Carbon Credit Units (ACCUs).
- 11. This creates a direct financial incentive for farmers to adopt PFAS-remediating hemp crops, aligning environmental remediation with economic benefit.
- 12. Frameworks for quantification and reporting of carbon credits have been successfully applied in other regenerative cropping systems, ensuring transparency and compliance.
- 13. Circular Economy and Farm Resilience
- 14. ROWS' model integrates organic waste, regenerative soil amendments, and hemp cultivation, delivering sustainable, climate-positive, and economically attractive land management solutions.
- 15. By reusing waste streams to produce soil amendments, the approach reduces landfill burden and supports broader bioeconomy initiatives.
- 16. Pilot sites report increased crop yield resilience and reduced synthetic input costs by up to 25%.

Policy Alignment - National Soil Strategy (2021–2030): Promotes regenerative practices and soil carbon enhancement. - Australian Government PFAS Action Plan: Supports innovative remediation strategies

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including phytoremediation and soil stabilization. - ACCUs & Carbon Farming Initiatives: Hemp-based soil carbon enhancement aligns with carbon credit frameworks, enabling monetization of environmental stewardship. - Bioeconomy & Circular Economy Policies: Supports reuse of organic waste, regenerative soil amendments, and scalable remediation solutions.

Conclusion By integrating hemp into soil carbon programs, ROWS provides a dual-benefit solution: remediating PFAS-contaminated soils while generating carbon credits for farmers. This approach demonstrates measurable environmental and economic outcomes, aligns with national policy objectives, and positions hemp as a strategic crop for sustainable land management and climate-positive practices in Australia.

Case Study Reference - Environmental Science & Technology, 2021. "Hemp Phytoremediation of PFAS-Contaminated Sites: Efficacy and Soil Carbon Impact."

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