

Western NSW Community Legal Centre Inc

7 February 2018

Committee Secretary
Senate Legal and Constitutional Affairs Legislation Committee
PO Box 6100
Parliament House
CANBERRA ACT 2600

By Email: legcon.sen@aph.gov.au

Dear Sir

RE: Inquiry into the Family Law Amendment (Parenting Management Hearings) Bill 2017

Introduction

The Western NSW Community Legal Centre ("the Centre") was established in the financial year 1995/1996, under the then Government's Justice Statement. The Centre employs seven solicitors, an Executive Officer, three administrative staff and two caseworkers who support female victims of family and domestic violence. We cover a geographic region in central and north-western NSW of approximately 180-200,000 square kilometres that takes in remote communities with high levels of disadvantage. We are strong advocates of social justice for disadvantaged people whom often do not have a voice.

The Centre aims to meet the legal needs of our far-reaching community by providing community legal education, law reform activities and media comment on issues of importance to that community. Providing casework to disadvantaged clients who cannot access other publicly funded legal services is a significant part of what we do. The most common, but by no means the only areas of law in which the Centre assists, are Family Law, Domestic

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Violence, Child Support, Child Protection, Credit and Debt, Discrimination, Victims'

Compensation, Social Security and Employment.

The Centre also operates a specialist Women's Domestic Violence Unit where we provide a

holistic legal service to women who are victims of family and domestic violence. We have one

senior solicitor, a solicitor and two case workers who meet with the clients, refer, advise,

conduct risk and safety assessments, and provide advice and representation services.

Recommendations

1. We support the use of a less formal body to resolve "simple" family law matters where

parties are unrepresented. However, suitably qualified people must assess the

appropriateness of matters being dealt with via PMH's including screening for the

absence of family violence, domestic violence, and child abuse; imbalance of power

between parties; cultural complexities; serious mental health issues; and extensive

history of violent criminality. Where any of these issues are present, or become

evident throughout the course of a matter, it is our preference that the matter be

referred to the appropriate court, rather than being dismissed.

2. PMH's must be accessible to people in rural, regional and remote areas by ensuring

that they are located/sitting regularly in country regions across Australia.

3. Filing and other fees related to proceedings must be kept to a minimum to allow

accessibility to disadvantaged people. In the alternative, fee waivers must be available

to low income earners, clients of Community Legal Centres and Legal Aid, and all

people on Centrelink benefits.

4. We support having appropriately qualified legal and non-legal members on the PMH

but we have concerns that, if matters involving family violence, domestic violence and

child abuse can be determined, a minimum of five years' experience is insufficient to

properly gain the necessary skills to make decisions. This could have potentially

significant ramifications where outcomes can include removing parental responsibility

from a parent.

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5. Parties in matters involving family violence, domestic violence and child abuse must

have access to legal representation. However we propose that legal representatives'

primary role is that of advising parties along the way and not conducting the

proceedings on their behalf. An inquisitorial approach is supported and direct

communication with the parties is preferred.

6. Given the lack of evidence supporting the successful viability of using the PMH model,

the approach should be referred to the ALRC Inquiry for more thorough analysis

before embarking on this course.

7. If the PMH model proceeds, we support the announcement of additional funding from

the Commonwealth Government for more family consultants. Currently there is a large

delay in the Family Court and Federal Circuit Courts, especially those sitting in

Western NSW. This is largely due to the extended waiting times for a family consultant

and family report. If PMH's are going to be referring matters to a family consultant it is

imperative that they are adequately funded to ensure a timely process.

Endorsement

We endorse the submission provided by Women's Legal Services Australia.

If anything further is required please do not hesitate to contact the writer.

Yours faithfully

Western NSW Community Legal Centre

Per:

Emma Johnson

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