















SITE	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 1</p> <p>Channel Island Rd</p> <p>Middle Arm Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°33'48S</p> <p>Long. 130°54'34E</p>	<p>Active 2015 – used for pearl oyster nursery production</p>	<p>Freehold</p>		 <p>The image is a satellite view of an aquaculture farm. It shows several large, rectangular pens or tanks arranged in a row, with a yellow pin labeled 'Farm 1' pointing to one of them. In the background, there are various buildings, including a large orange-roofed structure, and a road labeled 'Wickham'. The surrounding area appears to be a mix of developed land and natural vegetation.</p>

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SITE	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 2</p> <p>Aussie Prawns</p> <p>Middle Arm Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°35'18.71"S</p> <p>Long. 130°56'53.29"E</p>	<p>Not active 2015</p> <p>Former Barramundi and prawn farms</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>21 hectares of ponds</p> <p>288 hectares of land</p>	

SITE	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 3</p> <p>Wild River Farmed Seafood</p> <p>Lot1840/ Middle Arm Rd Weddell NT 0822</p> <p>Lat. 12°38'50.25"S Long. 130°59'21.55"E</p>	<p>Not Active, Prawn and Barramundi farm</p> <p>Site also has existing hatchery and processing facility</p>	<p>Section 1840 Hundred of Ayers Crown lease in perpetuity (CLP 02376) - The original subdivision of CLT1930 was surrendered in exchange for a Crown Lease in Perpetuity (No. 2376) over the reduced area of land - reduced by 367 Ha.</p>	<p>429 Ha Land</p> <p>30 Ha ponds</p>	 <p>The image is a satellite view from Google Earth showing a coastal area. A large, irregularly shaped body of water (likely a bay or estuary) is on the left. In the center, there is a cluster of buildings and structures, including what appears to be a processing facility and a hatchery. The surrounding land is mostly green, indicating vegetation. A road or path runs through the area. The Google Earth logo is visible in the bottom right corner of the image.</p>

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 4</p> <p>Ardatek</p> <p>Blackmore River Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°42'24.11"S</p> <p>Long. 130°57'39.96"E</p>	<p>Not active</p> <p>Prawn and Barramundi</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>15 hectares of ponds,</p> <p>130 hectares total land area</p>	

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 5 & 6</p> <p>Elizabeth River Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°34'30"S</p> <p>Long. 131°01'32"E</p>	<p>Not active</p> <p>Old Barramundi and Prawn ponds circa 1996</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>1 - 2 hectares of ponds,</p> <p>Approx. 20 hectares total land area</p>	

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 7</p> <p>Howard River Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°21'43"S</p> <p>Long. 131°01'39"E</p>	<p>Not active</p> <p>Old Barramundi and Prawn ponds circa 2000</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>Approx. 5 hectares of ponds,</p>	

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 8</p> <p>Adelaide River Darwin</p> <p>Lat. 12°33'05"S</p> <p>Long. 131°22'18"E</p>	<p>Active</p> <p>Barramundi farm</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>Approx. 70 hectares of ponds,</p>	

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 9</p> <p>Marine Harvest Farm Bathurst Island</p> <p>Lat. 12°38'51"S</p> <p>Long. 130°12'42"E</p>	<p>Not Active</p> <p>Barramundi farm Circa 2006</p>	<p>Crown Lease</p>	<p>,</p>	 <p>The image is an aerial satellite view of a coastal region. A yellow pin labeled 'Farm 9' is placed on a rectangular structure in the water, which appears to be an aquaculture farm. The surrounding water is a deep teal color, and there are some lighter patches that could be sandbars or shallow areas. The land in the foreground is green and appears to be a small island or peninsula.</p>

SITE	STATUS	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 10</p> <p>TAAU Australia Algal Farm Berry Springs</p> <p>Lat. 12°46'10"S</p> <p>Long. 131°01'42"E</p>	<p>Active</p> <p>Spirulina Farm</p>	<p>Freehold</p>	<p>96 ponds</p>	 <p>The image is a satellite view of an algal farm. It features a large rectangular area divided into a 3x4 grid of 12 smaller rectangular ponds. The ponds are filled with a dark, dense material, likely the algal culture. To the left of the grid, there is a bright, irregularly shaped area that appears to be a pond or a cleared area. Below the grid, there is a small building with a white roof and a dark roof, possibly a control room or processing facility. The surrounding area is mostly flat and appears to be a mix of dirt and sparse vegetation. A yellow pin is placed on the grid, labeled 'Farm 10'. The text 'Image © 2013 Google' is visible at the bottom of the image.</p>

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SITE	Contact details:	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 11</p> <p>Roper River Prawn Farm</p> <p>Lat. 14°46'18.55"S</p> <p>Long. 135° 9'21.18"E</p>	<p>No contact details available at present.</p> <p>Last Owner: Mr Li (Brisbane)</p>	<p>Not active</p>	<p>Carpentaria Aquafarm was located at St Vidgeon Station, Port Roper, NT. It was developed in the late 1980s by three Taiwanese aquaculture companies and it ceased operation in the early 1990s.</p> <p>The land is freehold title of approximately twelve thousand hectares and is apparently still owned by Carpentaria Aquafarm Pty Ltd. If you do a search of Land Titles it may bring up more information. A total of approximately 40 hectares was developed as prawn grow-out ponds.</p>	<p>12,000</p>	

SITE	Contact details:	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Farm 12</p> <p>Suntay Aquaculture</p> <p>Lat. 12°44'0.82"S</p> <p>Long. 130°33'17.57"E</p>	<p>N/A</p> <p>Information on the Crown Lease held by the Department of Lands and Planning</p>	<p>Not active, licence held</p> <p>No pond construction</p>	<p>NT Portion 3192 Volume 696 Folio 219</p> <p>Lease has lapsed</p>	<p>1997</p>	

SITE	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p data-bbox="47 256 165 284">Hatchery 1</p> <p data-bbox="47 376 203 403">Lat. 12°34'24"S</p> <p data-bbox="47 437 174 491">Long. 130°53'19"E</p>	<p data-bbox="241 231 416 373">Old prawn hatchery constructed circa 1985 to supply prawns to Farm 1</p> <p data-bbox="241 406 349 434">Not active,</p>	<p data-bbox="448 256 560 284">Freehold??</p>		 An aerial satellite image showing a coastal area with a yellow pin labeled 'Hatchery 1' pointing to a small structure near a waterway. The image shows a mix of green vegetation, brownish soil, and a body of water in the lower right corner.

SITE	Status	LEASE	HECTARES	Google Earth Image
<p>Hatchery 2 Channel Is</p> <p>Darwin aquaculture centre</p> <p>Lat. 12°34'24"S Long. 130°53'19"E</p>	<p>Government run Aquaculture facility built 1998 next to Channel Is power station</p> <p>Active,</p>		<p>Approx. 3 HA</p>	
<p>Hatchery 3 Stokes Hill</p> <p>This is the site of the old Darwin Aquaculture Centre</p>	<p>Buildings have been demolished for redevelopment.</p>			

Pearl lease Sites

Sites 1 and 2 in Darwin Harbour were not renewed and now are part of the INPEX gas development.

Full details on all the others sites are available.

NT Trepang Fishery

Licence History

Trepang fisheries in northern Australia date back to at least the 1700s, when traders from Makassar (Ujung Pandang) visited northern Australia to fish for the delicacy. Fishing activity in what is now the Northern Territory (NT), but formerly part of South Australia, declined around 1880 and the South Australian Government ceased issuing licences to Macassans in 1907, possibly due to the emergence of a local industry.

Small catches continued until 1945, but exports were almost non-existent from then until the early 1980s. Prior to this downturn, commercial operations were coordinated by European Australians with assistance from the Indigenous people of Arnhem Land. Increasing interest in the late 1980s led to the re-emergence of the NT Trepang Fishery.

Trepang were harvested in the territorial seas of the Northern Territory (NT) prior to 1 January 1993 under an endorsement to a general commercial fishing licence. Licences were issued by the Fisheries Division and entitled holders to undertake fishing for Trepang subject to specific conditions.

The modern NT Trepang Fishery was declared when the *Fisheries Regulations* came into force on 1 January 1993. A conservative approach to management of Trepang was adopted and the number of licences issued in the Fishery was restricted to 6, with 3 licences available in each of two designated zones. A limit on the total number of licences aims to reduce the impact of fishing activities in each zone and ensure that the fishery does not exceed sustainable harvest levels.

The six licences were initially owned by separate entities, including one by an Aboriginal Corporation on Groote Eylandt. All licences were traded on several occasions and by 2000 all had been purchased by the one company. This company also has Trepang access rights in other jurisdictions (WA, Qld and the Coral Sea) and spreads its fishing resources throughout these areas.

The catch in the Trepang fishery has fluctuated over the years from approximately 150 tonnes in 2003 to 30 tonnes in 2012. See 2012 Fishery Status Report.