

Senate inquiry into indefinite detention

Department of the Senate

Community Affairs Committee



Easy English February 2016

This factsheet has some hard words.

The first time we write a hard word it is in blue.

We will say what the hard word means.

What this factsheet is about



This factsheet is about the **Senate inquiry** into indefinite detention in Australia.

The **Senate** is a group of politicians from the Australian Parliament.

Sometimes politicians talk to people about **problems**. This is called an **inquiry**.

Who can be part of this inquiry?



You are in indefinite detention and have a

- cognitive impairment or
- psychiatric impairment

or

you have been in indefinite detention before and you have a

- cognitive impairment or
- psychiatric impairment.

What is indefinite detention?



Indefinite detention is when a person is

• in a jail



in a hospital for people with psychiatric impairment

and



• not allowed to leave that place.



No one knows when the person will be allowed to leave the jail or hospital.



A person could be sent into indefinite detention by

a court



a judge



a doctor.

What is cognitive impairment?



Impairment means something does **not** work the right way.

Cognitive impairment means a person can find it hard to



- learn new things
- remember.



A person might have a cognitive impairment because they have

- down syndrome
- intellectual disability



a brain injury.

What is psychiatric impairment?



Psychiatric impairment means a person sometimes has problems with

• the way they think



• feelings



behaviour.

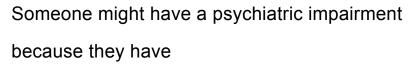


A person with a psychiatric impairment might be

very sad



- very worried
- very confused.

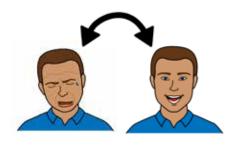




• depression



schizophrenia



• bipolar mood disorder.

What we want to know



Are you in or have you been in indefinite detention?

For example

• in a jail



 in a hospital for people with psychiatric impairment

and



• you are **not** allowed to leave.

Do you have a cognitive or psychiatric impairment?

For example



- brain injury
- intellectual disability



mental health problems



 foetal alcohol syndrome. This means your mum had too much alcohol while pregnant.
 You have a disability because of this.



Do you get help from the government?



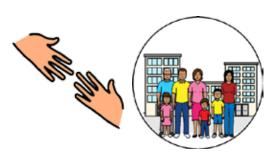
Does the government help you to

get tests

• get treatment



• find somewhere to stay?



Do other groups in the community help you?



For example

• church groups



community health services

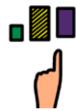


• support groups.



Have you had an advocate?

An advocate can help you



• make decisions



say what you want



understand.



An advocate can be a

- friend
- family member
- volunteer
- staff member.



Programs in jail

If you are in a jail, are there programs to help you? Tell us



• how many different programs there are



do the programs work?



Services in hospital

If you are in hospital, are there services to help you? Tell us



• how many different services there are



do the services work?



Have you ever tried to hurt yourself?



What help did you get?



Have you ever tried to hurt other people?



What help did you get?



Has someone tried to hurt you?



What help did you get?

Have you been restrained?

Restrained means you are **not** able to move freely.



For example have you been

strapped to a chair



• tied to a bed?



Are you Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander?



Are you

• in a jail



 in a hospital for people with psychiatric impairment



and you are **not** allowed to leave?

How to tell us about it



You can

Write

Senate Standing Committees on

Community Affairs

PO Box 6100

Parliament House

Canberra ACT 2600



Call

02 6277 3515



Email

community.affairs.sen@aph.gov.au

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You **must** tell us about it before **8 April 2016**.

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Scope's Communication and Inclusion Resource Centre wrote the Easy English. February 2016 www.scopevic.org.au

To see the original contact The Department of the Senate.

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