

THE PARLIAMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS

No. 18

FRIDAY, 19 APRIL 1985

1 The House met, at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Mr Speaker (the Honourable Dr H. A. Jenkins) took the Chair, and read Prayers.

2 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE—EXTRADITION (COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES) AMENDMENT BILL 1985: The following message from the Senate was reported:

Message No. 27

Mr Speaker,

The Senate returns to the House of Representatives the Bill for "*An Act to amend the 'Extradition (Commonwealth Countries) Act 1966'*", and acquaints the House that the Senate has agreed to the Bill with the Amendments indicated by the annexed Schedule, in which Amendments the Senate requests the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

D. McCLELLAND
President

The Senate,
Canberra, 17 April 1985

Ordered—That the amendments be taken into consideration, in committee of the whole House, forthwith.

In the committee

SCHEDULE OF THE AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE

No. 1—Page 3, clause 4, lines 1 to 20, leave out the clause.

No. 2—Pages 5 and 6, paragraph 9 (b), line 38 (page 5) to line 13 (page 6), leave out the paragraph.

No. 3—Page 6, after clause 9, insert the following new clause:

"9A. After section 14 of the Principal Act the following sections are inserted:

Searches after apprehension

'14A. (1) A Police Officer who apprehends a person pursuant to a warrant issued under section 14 may search the person or the clothing that the person is wearing, and any property under the control of the person, if the Police Officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that there is concealed, on, or in the clothing of, the person or in that property, any article, including a sum of money—

(a) that may be material as evidence in proving an offence to which the requisition for the surrender of the person relates; or

(b) that has been acquired by the person as a result of such an offence.

'(2) Sub-section (1) does not authorize a Police Officer to remove, or to require the person to remove, any of the clothing that the person is wearing.

'(3) A Police Officer may seize any article found as a result of a search in accordance with sub-section (1) and may retain any article so seized pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

'(4) The powers conferred by this section are in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other powers conferred by law.

'(5) In this section, "Police Officer" means a member or special member of the Australian Federal Police or a member of the Police Force of a State or Territory.

Search warrants

'14B. (1) Where an information on oath is laid before a Magistrate alleging that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that there may be upon any land, or upon or in any premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle, any article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence to which the requisition for the surrender of a person relates or that has been acquired by a person as a result of such an offence, and the information sets out those grounds, the Magistrate may issue a search warrant in accordance with the appropriate form prescribed for the purposes of this sub-section authorizing a Police Officer named in the warrant, with such assistance as the Police Officer thinks necessary, and if necessary by force—

- (a) to enter upon the land or upon or into the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle;
- (b) to search the land, premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle for any such article; and
- (c) to seize any such article found upon the land or upon or in the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle.

'(2) A Magistrate shall not issue a warrant under sub-section (1) unless—

- (a) the informant or some other person has given to the Magistrate, either orally or by affidavit, such further information (if any) as the Magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the issue of the warrant is being sought; and
- (b) the Magistrate is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for issuing the warrant.

'(3) There shall be stated in a warrant issued under this section—

- (a) a statement of the purpose for which the warrant is issued, which shall include a reference to the nature of the offence in relation to which the entry and search are authorized;
- (b) whether entry is authorized to be made at any time of the day or night or during specified hours of the day or night;
- (c) a description of the kind of articles authorized to be seized; and
- (d) a day, not being later than one month after the day of issue of the warrant, upon which the warrant ceases to have effect.

'(4) If, in the course of searching in accordance with a warrant issued under this section, for an article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence or has been acquired as a result of an offence, being an article of a kind specified in the warrant, a Police Officer finds any article, including a sum of money, that the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds to be connected with the offence, although not of a kind specified in the warrant, and the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to seize that article in order to prevent its concealment, loss or destruction, the warrant shall be deemed to authorize the Police Officer to seize that article.

'(5) Where a Police Officer seizes an article found as a result of a search in accordance with this section, the Police Officer may retain the article pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

'(6) In this section, "Police Officer" has the same meaning as in section 14A.'.

No. 4—Page 12, clause 16, lines 4 to 22, leave out the clause, insert the following clause:

"16. After section 25 of the Principal Act the following sections are inserted:

Searches after apprehension

'25A. (1) A Police Officer who apprehends a person pursuant to a warrant issued under section 24 or 25 may search the person or the clothing that the person is wearing, and any property under the control of the person, if the Police Officer has reasonable

grounds for suspecting that there is concealed, on, or in the clothing of, the person or in that property, any article, including a sum of money—

- (a) that may be material as evidence in proving an offence in respect of which the warrant was issued; or
- (b) that has been acquired by the person as a result of such an offence.

‘(2) Sub-section (1) does not authorize a Police Officer to remove, or to require the person to remove, any of the clothing that the person is wearing.

‘(3) A Police Officer may seize any article found as a result of a search in accordance with sub-section (1) and may retain any article so seized pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

‘(4) The powers conferred by this section are in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other powers conferred by law.

‘(5) In this section, “Police Officer” means a member or special member of the Australian Federal Police or a member of the Police Force of a State or Territory.

Search warrants

‘25B. (1) Where an information on oath is laid before a Magistrate alleging that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that there may be upon any land, or upon or in any premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle, any article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence in respect of which a warrant for the apprehension of a person was issued under section 24 or 25 or that has been acquired by a person as a result of such an offence, and the information sets out those grounds, the Magistrate may issue a search warrant in accordance with the appropriate form prescribed for the purposes of this sub-section authorizing a Police Officer named in the warrant, with such assistance as the Police Officer thinks necessary, and if necessary by force—

- (a) to enter upon the land or upon or into the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle;
- (b) to search the land, premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle for any such article; and
- (c) to seize any such article found upon the land or upon or in the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle.

‘(2) A Magistrate shall not issue a warrant under sub-section (1) unless—

- (a) the informant or some other person has given to the Magistrate, either orally or by affidavit, such further information (if any) as the Magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the issue of the warrant is being sought; and
- (b) the Magistrate is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for issuing the warrant.

‘(3) There shall be stated in a warrant issued under this section—

- (a) a statement of the purpose for which the warrant is issued, which shall include a reference to the nature of the offence in relation to which the entry and search are authorized;
- (b) whether entry is authorized to be made at any time of the day or night or during specified hours of the day or night;
- (c) a description of the kind of articles authorized to be seized; and
- (d) a day, not being later than one month after the day of issue of the warrant, upon which the warrant ceases to have effect.

‘(4) If, in the course of searching in accordance with a warrant issued under this section, for an article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence or has been acquired as a result of an offence, being an article of a kind specified in the warrant, a Police Officer finds any article, including a sum of money, that the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds to be connected with the offence, although not of a kind specified in the warrant, and the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to seize that article in order to prevent its concealment, loss or destruction, the warrant shall be deemed to authorize the Police Officer to seize that article.

‘(5) Where a Police Officer seizes an article found as a result of a search in accordance with this section, the Police Officer may retain the article pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

‘(6) In this section, “Police Officer” has the same meaning as in section 25A.’.’
 On the motion of Mr Bowen (Attorney-General), the amendments were agreed to, after debate.
 Resolution to be reported.

The House resumed; Mrs Child reported accordingly.
 On the motion of Mr Bowen, the House adopted the report.

3 MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE—EXTRADITION (FOREIGN STATES) AMENDMENT BILL 1985: The following message from the Senate was reported:

Message No. 28

Mr Speaker,

The Senate returns to the House of Representatives the Bill for “*An Act to amend the ‘Extradition (Foreign States) Act 1966’*”, and acquaints the House that the Senate has agreed to the Bill with the Amendments indicated by the annexed Schedule, in which Amendments the Senate requests the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

D. McCLELLAND
 President

The Senate,
 Canberra, 17 April 1985

Ordered—That the amendments be taken into consideration, in committee of the whole House, forthwith.

In the committee

SCHEDULE OF THE AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE

No. 1—Page 3, paragraph 4 (a), after proposed sub-section (1A), insert the following sub-section:

“(1B) If, after the commencement of this sub-section, an extradition treaty comes into force between Australia and a foreign state specified in the Schedule, this Act has effect as if the reference in the Schedule to that foreign state were omitted.”; and”.

No. 2—Pages 4 and 5, paragraph 7 (b), line 26 (page 4) to line 2 (page 5), leave out the paragraph.

No. 3—Page 5, after clause 7, insert the following new clause:

“7A. After section 16 of the Principal Act the following sections are inserted:

Searches after apprehension

‘16A. (1) A Police Officer who apprehends a person pursuant to a warrant issued under section 16 may search the person or the clothing that the person is wearing, and any property under the control of the person, if the Police Officer has reasonable grounds for suspecting that there is concealed, on, or in the clothing of, the person or in that property, any article, including a sum of money—

- (a) that may be material as evidence in proving an offence to which the requisition for the surrender of the person relates; or
- (b) that has been acquired by the person as a result of such an offence.

‘(2) Sub-section (1) does not authorize a Police Officer to remove, or to require the person to remove, any of the clothing that the person is wearing.

‘(3) A Police Officer may seize any article found as a result of a search in accordance with sub-section (1) and may retain any article so seized pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

‘(4) The powers conferred by this section are in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other powers conferred by law.

‘(5) In this section, “Police Officer” means a member or special member of the Australian Federal Police or a member of the Police Force of a State or Territory.

Search warrants

'16B. (1) Where an information on oath is laid before a Magistrate alleging that there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that there may be upon any land or upon or in any premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle, any article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence to which the requisition for the surrender of a person relates or that has been acquired by a person as a result of such an offence, and the information sets out those grounds, the Magistrate may issue a search warrant in accordance with the appropriate form prescribed for the purposes of this sub-section authorizing a Police Officer named in the warrant, with such assistance as the Police Officer thinks necessary, and if necessary by force—

- (a) to enter upon the land or upon or into the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle;
- (b) to search the land, premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle for any such article; and
- (c) to seize any such article found upon the land or upon or in the premises, vessel, aircraft or vehicle.

'(2) A Magistrate shall not issue a warrant under sub-section (1) unless—

- (a) the informant or some other person has given to the Magistrate, either orally or by affidavit, such further information (if any) as the Magistrate requires concerning the grounds on which the issue of the warrant is being sought; and
- (b) the Magistrate is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for issuing the warrant.

'(3) There shall be stated in a warrant issued under this section—

- (a) a statement of the purpose for which the warrant is issued, which shall include a reference to the nature of the offence in relation to which the entry and search are authorized;
- (b) whether entry is authorized to be made at any time of the day or night or during specified hours of the day or night;
- (c) a description of the kind of articles authorized to be seized; and
- (d) a day, not being later than one month after the day of issue of the warrant, upon which the warrant ceases to have effect.

'(4) If, in the course of searching in accordance with a warrant issued under this section, for an article, including a sum of money, that may be material as evidence in proving an offence or has been acquired as a result of an offence, being an article of a kind specified in the warrant, a Police Officer finds any article, including a sum of money, that the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds to be connected with the offence, although not of a kind specified in the warrant, and the Police Officer believes on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to seize that article in order to prevent its concealment, loss or destruction, the warrant shall be deemed to authorize the Police Officer to seize that article.

'(5) Where a Police Officer seizes an article found as a result of a search in accordance with this section, the Police Officer may retain the article pending any direction from the Attorney-General as to the manner in which the article is to be dealt with.

'(6) In this section, "Police Officer" has the same meaning as in section 16A.'.

On the motion of Mr Bowen (Attorney-General), the amendments were agreed to. Resolution to be reported.

The House resumed; Mrs Child reported accordingly.

On the motion of Mr Bowen, the House adopted the report.

4 **SUPPORTED ACCOMMODATION ASSISTANCE BILL 1985:** The order of the day having been read for the resumption of the debate on the question—That the Bill be now read a second time—

Debate resumed.

Question—put and passed—Bill read a second time.

Message from the Governor-General: Message No. 17, dated 27 March 1985, from His Excellency the Governor-General was announced recommending an appropriation of revenue for the purposes of the Bill.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole.

In the committee

Bill, by leave, taken as a whole.

Proposed new clause—

Mr Braithwaite moved—That the following new clause be inserted in the Bill:

Agreements between the Commonwealth and any State or States

“4A. (1) In this section, ‘agreement’ means an agreement or a further agreement of the kinds referred to in section 4 between the Commonwealth and any State or States.

“(2) An agreement shall be such that guidelines of the kind referred to in sub-clause 8 (2) of the form of agreement contained in the Schedule shall be required under the agreement.

“(3) Section 48 (except paragraphs (1) (a) and (b)) and section 49 of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901* apply to guidelines approved under an agreement as if the references in those sections to regulations were references to guidelines and the references to the making of regulations were references to the approval of guidelines.”.

Debate ensued.

Question—That the new clause proposed to be inserted be so inserted—put.

The committee divided (the Chairman, Mrs Child, in the Chair)—

AYES, 51

Mr Aldred	Mr Conquest	Mr Howard	Mr Robinson
Mr Andrew	Mr Cowan	Mr Jull	Mr Rocher
Mr Beale	Mr Downer	Mr Katter	Mr Ruddock
Mr Blunt	Mr Drummond	Mr McArthur	Mr Shack
Mr Braithwaite	Dr H. R. Edwards	Mr McGauran	Mr Shipton
Mr N. A. Brown	Mr Fife	Mr MacKellar	Mr Sinclair
Mr Burr	Mr T. A. Fischer	Mr McVeigh	Mr Slipper
Mr Cadman	Mr Goodluck	Mr Miles	Mr Smith
Mr D. M. Cameron	Mr Halverson	Mr Millar	Mr Spender
Mr E. C. Cameron*	Mr Hawker	Mr Moore	Mr Tuckey
Mr Cobb	Mr Hicks*	Mr Nehl	Mr Webster
Mr Coleman	Mr Hodges	Mr Porter	Mr Wilson
Mr Connolly	Mr Hodgman	Mr Reith	

NOES, 73

Mr Baldwin	Mr Duffy	Mrs Kelly	Mr O’Neil
Mr Beazley	Mr Duncan	Mr Kent	Mr Price
Mr Beddall	Mr R. F. Edwards	Mr Keogh	Mr Punch
Mr Bilney	Ms Fatin	Mr Kerin	Mr Saunderson
Mr Blanchard	Mr Fitzgibbon	Dr Klugman	Mr Scholes
Dr Blewett	Mr Free	Mr Lamb	Mr Scott
Mr Bowen	Mr Gayler	Mr Langmore	Mr Simmons
Mr J. J. Brown	Mr Gear	Mr Lee	Mr Snow
Mr R. J. Brown	Mr Gorman	Mr Lindsay	Mr Staples
Mr Brumby	Mr Grace	Ms McHugh	Dr Theophanous
Mr Charles	Mr Griffiths	Mr McLeay	Mr Tickner
Dr Charlesworth	Mr Hand	Mr Maher	Mr Uren
Mr Chynoweth	Mr Hayden	Mr Martin	Mr West
Mr Cleeland	Mr Holding	Mrs Mayer	Mr Willis
Mr Cohen	Mr Hollis	Mr Mildren	Mr Wright
Mr Cross	Mr Howe	Mr Milton	Mr Young
Mr Cunningham*	Mr Humphreys*	Mr A. A. Morris	
Mr Dawkins	Mrs Jakobsen	Mr Mountford	
Mr Dubois	Mr Keating	Mr O’Keefe	

* Tellers

And so it was negatived.

Bill agreed to.

Bill to be reported without amendment.

The House resumed; Mrs Child reported accordingly.

On the motion of Mr Howe (Minister for Social Security), the House adopted the report, and, by leave, the Bill was read a third time.

- 5 **APPROPRIATION BILL (NO. 3) 1984-85:** The order of the day having been read for the resumption of the debate on the question—That the Bill be now read a second time—
Debate resumed.

Mr Rocher addressing the House—

It being 12.45 p.m., the debate was interrupted in accordance with sessional order 101A, and the resumption of the debate made an order of the day for a later hour this day.

- 6 **QUESTIONS:** Questions without notice were asked.

- 7 **QUEENSLAND ELECTRICITY (CONTINUITY OF SUPPLY) ACT—REPORT BY HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION—MOTION TO TAKE NOTE OF PAPER:** Mr Bowen (Attorney-General) presented the following paper:

Human Rights Commission Act—Human Rights Commission—Report No. 12—*Queensland Electricity (Continuity of Supply) Act 1985*, dated 29 March 1985.

Mr Young (Leader of the House) moved—That the House take note of the paper.

Debate adjourned (Mr MacKellar), and the resumption of the debate made an order of the day for the next sitting.

- 8 **PAPERS:** The following papers were presented:

Farm costs—Papers petitioning the Parliaments of Australia, its States and Territories, to take all measures within their powers to reduce the burden of imposed costs and regulation on Australian farmers.

Fishing Industry Act—Report on the operation of the Act for year 1983-84.

- 9 **FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND DEFENCE—JOINT COMMITTEE—REPORT ON AUSTRALIA AND ASEAN—GOVERNMENT RESPONSE—MINISTERIAL STATEMENT:** Mr Hayden (Minister for Foreign Affairs), by leave, made a ministerial statement informing the House of the Government's response to the report of the Joint Committee on Foreign Affairs and Defence on Australia and ASEAN—Challenges and opportunities.

Mr MacKellar and Mr Shipton, by leave, also made statements in connection with the matter.

- 10 **PETITIONS:** The Clerk announced that the following Members had each lodged petitions for presentation, viz.:

Mr Keogh, Ms McHugh, Mr McLeay, Mr Maher and Mr A. A. Morris—from certain citizens praying that wild horses be protected from industry and indiscriminate slaughter.

Mr Kent, Mr Milton, Mr Scott and Mr Staples—from certain citizens praying that the Government support the stand taken by the New Zealand Government on nuclear vessels and that the policy of developing zones of peace and nuclear free zones in the Indian and Pacific Oceans be implemented.

Mr R. J. Brown, Mr Drummond and Mr Ruddock—from certain citizens praying that the national flag not be changed except by a referendum.

Mr E. C. Cameron—from certain citizens in similar terms to the last preceding petition.

Mr Keogh, Ms McHugh and Mr McLeay—from certain citizens praying that a national park be set aside for wild horses and action be taken to ensure that killing of feral animals be undertaken in a humane manner.

Mr Kerin, Ms McHugh, and Mr McLeay—from certain citizens praying that the export of koalas be discontinued, their habitats be revegetated and funding be made available for research into koala diseases.

- Mr Beddall and Mr Tuckey—from certain citizens praying that the Industries Assistance Commission recommendation that no assistance be provided to the frozen pea industry be rejected and proposals for import restrictions and other measures of support be accepted.
- Mr Cadman and Mr Drummond—from certain citizens praying that the Social Security and Repatriation Assets Test Abolition Bill be passed.
- Mr Blanchard—from certain citizens praying that the recommendations of the House of Representatives Expenditure Committee concerning Telecom's zonal charging policies be implemented.
- Mr Blanchard—from certain residents of Western Australia praying that the customs regulation prohibiting the importation of obscene, indecent or blasphemous materials be restored.
- Mr Braithwaite—from certain residents of Queensland praying that no action be taken to change the national flag.
- Mr Cadman—from certain citizens praying that the Government reconsider the assets test.
- Mr Slipper—from certain residents of the Division of Fisher in similar terms to the last preceding petition.
- Mr Cadman—from certain citizens praying that the term of the Costigan Commission be extended, all necessary resources be provided to enable it to conclude its investigations and Parliament not be dissolved until its report has been fully debated by both Houses.
- Mr E. C. Cameron—from certain citizens praying that the importation and sale of hard core pornography and grossly obscene publications be prevented, that imported pornographic video tapes be registered with the Film Censorship Board for non-commercial use and that the censor be required to reflect responsible community attitudes.
- Mr E. C. Cameron—from certain residents of the Division of Indi praying that young Australians who have undertaken employment while at school be eligible for Tertiary Education Assistance allowances.
- Dr H. R. Edwards—from certain citizens praying that the nation's total dependence on God the Creator in accordance with the Constitution and the standing orders of the House of Representatives be reaffirmed.
- Mr T. A. Fischer—from certain citizens praying that the laws which banned the entry and sale of hardcore and violent pornography be re-enacted.
- Mr Hawker—from certain citizens praying that the assets test on pensions be repealed.
- Mr Kent—from certain citizens praying that the Omega base in Victoria be closed.
- Mr Kent—from certain citizens praying that the Tertiary Education Assistance allowance be raised to the level of the unemployment benefit.
- Mr Langmore—from certain residents of the Australian Capital Territory and New South Wales praying for the immediate establishment of an FM public radio station devoted to music and the arts in Canberra and Queanbeyan.
- Mr Porter—from certain residents of South Australia praying that commercial television reception in Pinnaroo, SA, and adjacent areas be upgraded.
- Mr Rocher—from certain citizens praying that the existing national flag remain sacrosanct.
- Mr Slipper—from certain residents of the Division of Fisher in similar terms to the last preceding petition.
- Mr Staples—from certain citizens praying that there be no increase in State aid to private schools and that the primary obligation to government schools be reaffirmed.
- Mr Tickner—from certain citizens praying that the decision to assist the testing of MX Peacemaker missiles be reversed and Australia's commitment to a nuclear free zone in the South Pacific be maintained.

Petitions received.

- 11 **DISCUSSION OF MATTER OF PUBLIC IMPORTANCE—ASSETS TEST:** The Deputy Speaker informed the House that Mr Braithwaite had proposed that a definite matter of public importance be submitted to the House for discussion, namely, "The excessive hardship imposed on elderly Australians by the Government's assets test".

The proposed discussion having received the necessary support—

Mr Braithwaite addressed the House.

Mr Howe (Minister for Social Security) addressing the House—

Adjournment negatived: It being 3.45 p.m.—The question was proposed—That the House do now adjourn.

Mr Howe requiring the question to be put forthwith without debate—

Question—put and negatived.

Mr Howe continued his speech.

Discussion concluded.

- 12 **ADJOURNMENT:** Mr Holding (Minister for Aboriginal Affairs) moved—That the House do now adjourn.

Debate ensued.

The House continuing to sit until 4.30 p.m.—Mr Speaker adjourned the House until Monday next at 2 p.m.

PAPERS: The following papers were deemed to have been presented on 19 April 1985:

Canberra College of Advanced Education Act—Statute—No. 57—Courses and Awards Amendment 1985.

Defence Act—Determinations—1985—

No. 18—Reserve Allowance.

No. 19—Defence Force Rental Expense Assistance Allowance and Temporary Accommodation Allowance.

No. 20—Temporary Rental Allowance.

MEMBERS PRESENT: All Members were present (at some time during the sitting) except Mr Adermann, Mr Campbell, Mr Carlton, Mrs Darling, Mr Dobie, Mr Everingham, Mr P. S. Fisher, Mr Hunt, Mr Hurford, Mr Jacobi, Mr Jones, Mr Lloyd, Mr Macphee, Mrs Sullivan and Mr White.

D. M. BLAKE

Clerk of the House of Representatives