DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND TRADE CANBERRA

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF AUSTRALIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ISLE OF MAN ON THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES

(London, 29 January 2009)

Not yet in force [2009] ATNIF 5

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF AUSTRALIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ISLE OF MAN ON THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES

Whereas Australia and the Isle of Man ("the Parties") recognise that present legislation already provides for cooperation and the exchange of information in criminal tax matters;

Whereas the Parties have long been active in international efforts in the fight against financial and other crimes, including the targeting of terrorist financing;

Whereas it is acknowledged that the Isle of Man under the terms of its Entrustment from the United Kingdom has the right to negotiate, conclude, perform and, subject to the terms of this Agreement, terminate a tax information exchange agreement with Australia;

Whereas the Isle of Man on the 13th December 2000 entered into a political commitment to the OECD's principles of effective exchange of information and actively participated in the drafting of the OECD Model Agreement on Exchange of Information in Tax Matters;

Whereas the Parties wish to enhance and facilitate the terms and conditions governing the exchange of information with respect to taxes;

Now, therefore, the Parties have agreed to conclude the following Agreement, which contains obligations on the part of the Parties only:

ARTICLE 1

OBJECT AND SCOPE OF THIS AGREEMENT

The Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment, enforcement, recovery or collection of such taxes, with respect to persons liable to such taxes, or to the investigation or prosecution of tax matters in relation to such persons. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative

practice of the Requested Party remain applicable. The Requested Party shall use its best endeavours to ensure that the effective exchange of information is not unduly prevented or delayed.

ARTICLE 2

JURISDICTION

The Requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession of or obtainable by persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 3

TAXES COVERED

1 The existing taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are:

(a) in Australia, income tax including the Petroleum Resource Rent Tax and Fringe Benefits Tax imposed under the federal law of Australia; and

(b) in the Isle of Man, taxes on income or profits.

2 This Agreement shall also apply to any identical or substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of signature of this Agreement in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. This Agreement shall also apply to such other taxes as may be agreed in an exchange of letters between the Parties. The competent authorities of the Parties shall notify each other of any substantial changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures covered by this Agreement.

3 This Agreement shall not apply to taxes imposed by states, municipalities or other political subdivisions, or possessions of a Party.

ARTICLE 4

DEFINITIONS

1 For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:

(a) the term "Australia", when used in a geographical sense, excludes all external territories other than:

- (i) the Territory of Norfolk Island;
- (ii) the Territory of Christmas Island;
- (iii) the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands;
- (iv) the Territory of Ashmore and Cartier Islands;
- (v) the Territory of Heard Island and McDonald Islands; and
- (vi) the Coral Sea Islands Territory,

and includes any area adjacent to the territorial limits of Australia (including the Territories specified in this subparagraph) in respect of which there is for the time being in force, consistently with international law, a law of Australia dealing with the exploration for or exploitation of any of the natural resources of the seabed and subsoil of the continental shelf;

(b) the term "collective investment scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term "public collective investment scheme" means any collective investment scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed with the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed "by the public" if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

(c) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;

(d) the term "competent authority" means, in the case of Australia, the Commissioner of Taxation or an authorised representative of the Commissioner and, in the case of the Isle of Man, the Assessor of Income Tax or an authorised delegate;

(e) the term "criminal laws" means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes;

(f) the term "criminal tax matters" means tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the Requesting Party;

(g) the term "information" means any fact, statement or record in any form whatever;

(h) the term "information gathering measures" means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Party to obtain and provide the requested information;

(i) the term "Isle of Man" means the island of the Isle of Man;

(j) the term "Party" means Australia or the Isle of Man as the context requires;

(k) the term "person" includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;

(1) the term " principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;

(m) the term " publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold " by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

(n) the term "recognised stock exchange" means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Parties;

(o) the term "Requested Party" means the Party requested to provide information;

(p) the term "Requesting Party" means the Party submitting a request to, or having received information from, the Requested Party; and

(q) the term "tax" means any tax to which this Agreement applies.

2 As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

ARTICLE 5

EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION UPON REQUEST

1 The competent authority of the Requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the Requested Party if such conduct occurred in the territory of the Requested Party.

2 If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the Requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures necessary to provide the Requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the Requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.

3 If specifically requested by the competent authority of the Requesting Party, the competent authority of the Requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.

4 Each Party shall ensure that it has the authority, for the purposes referred to in Article 1, to obtain and provide, through its competent authority and upon request:

(a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person, including nominees and trustees, acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity;

(b) (i) information regarding the legal and beneficial ownership of companies, partnerships, foundations, "Anstalten" and other persons, and within the constraints of Article 2 any other persons in an ownership chain, including in the case of collective investment schemes, information on shares, units and other interests;

(ii) in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees, protectors and beneficiaries.

5 This Agreement does not create an obligation for a Party to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment schemes, unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.

6 The competent authority of the Requesting Party shall provide the following information to the competent authority of the Requested Party when making a request for information under this Agreement to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:

(a) the identity of the person under examination or investigation;

(b) a statement of the information sought including its nature and the form in which the Requesting Party wishes to receive the information from the Requested Party;

(c) the tax purpose for which the information is sought;

(d) reasonable grounds for believing that the information requested is held in the territory of the Requested Party or is in the possession of or obtainable by a person within the jurisdiction of the Requested Party;

(e) to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in possession of or able to obtain the requested information;

(f) a statement that the request is in conformity with the law and administrative practices of the Requesting Party, that if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the Requesting Party then the competent authority of the Requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the Requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice and that it is in conformity with this Agreement;

(g) a statement that the Requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.

7 The competent authority of the Requested Party shall acknowledge receipt of the request to the competent authority of the Requesting Party within 60 days of receiving the request, advise if there are any unexpected delays in obtaining the requested information within 90 days of receiving the request, and shall use its best endeavours to forward the requested information to the Requesting Party with the least possible delay.

ARTICLE 6

TAX EXAMINATIONS ABROAD

1 The Requested Party may, to the extent permitted under its domestic laws, allow representatives of the competent authority of the Requesting Party to enter the territory of the Requested Party to interview individuals and examine records with the written consent of the persons concerned. The competent authority of the Requesting Party shall notify the competent authority of the Requested Party of the time and place of the meeting with the individuals concerned.

2 At the request of the competent authority of the Requesting Party, the competent authority of the Requested Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the Requesting Party to be present at the appropriate part of a tax examination in the territory of the Requested Party.

3 If the request referred to in paragraph 2 is acceded to, the competent authority of the Requested Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the Requesting Party about the time and place of the examination, the authority or official designated to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the Requested Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions with respect to the conduct of the tax examination shall be made by the Requested Party conducting the examination.

ARTICLE 7

POSSIBILITY OF DECLINING A REQUEST

1 The Requested Party shall not be required to obtain or provide information that the Requesting Party would not be able to obtain under its own laws for purposes of the

administration or enforcement of its own tax laws. The competent authority of the Requested Party may decline to assist where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement.

2 The provisions of this Agreement shall not impose on a Party the obligation to provide information subject to legal privilege or to supply information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process. Notwithstanding the foregoing, information of the type referred to in Article 5, paragraph 4 shall not be treated as such a secret or trade process merely because it meets the criteria in that paragraph.

3 The Requested Party may decline a request for information if the disclosure of the information would be contrary to public policy (ordre public).

4 A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax claim giving rise to the request is disputed by the taxpayer.

5 The Requested Party may decline a request for information if the information is requested by the Requesting Party to administer or enforce a provision of the tax law of the Requesting Party, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the Requested Party as compared with a national of the Requesting Party in the same circumstances.

ARTICLE 8

CONFIDENTIALITY

1 All information received by the competent authorities of the Parties shall be kept confidential. Such information may be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) in the jurisdiction of the Requesting Party concerned with the assessment or collection of, the enforcement or prosecution in respect of, or the determination of appeals in relation to, the taxes covered by this Agreement. Such persons or authorities shall use such information only for such purposes. They may disclose the information in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions. The information may not be disclosed to any other person or entity or authority without the express written consent of the competent authority of the Requested Party.

2 The information provided to the Requesting Party under this Agreement may not be disclosed to any other jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 9

COSTS

The incidence of costs incurred in providing assistance shall be agreed by the competent authorities of the Parties.

ARTICLE 10

IMPLEMENTATION LEGISLATION

The Parties shall enact any legislation necessary to comply with, and give effect to, the terms of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11

MUTUAL AGREEMENT PROCEDURE

1 Where difficulties or doubts arise between the Parties regarding the application or interpretation of this Agreement, the respective competent authorities shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.

2 The Parties may also agree on other forms of dispute resolution.

ARTICLE 12

ENTRY INTO FORCE

1 This Agreement shall enter into force when each Party has notified the other in writing through the appropriate channel of the completion of its necessary internal procedures for entry into force.

2 Upon entry into force, the provisions of this Agreement shall have effect:

(a) for criminal tax matters on that date; and

(b) for all other matters covered in Article 1 on that date, but only in respect of taxable periods beginning on or after that date or, where there is no taxable period, all charges to tax arising on or after that date.

ARTICLE 13

TERMINATION

1 This Agreement shall remain in force until terminated by either Party.

2 Either Party may terminate this Agreement by giving notice of termination in writing through the appropriate channel. Such termination shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of 6 months after the date of receipt of notice of termination by the other Party.

3 Notwithstanding any termination of this Agreement, the Parties shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 8 with respect to any information obtained under this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned, duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at London, this twenty ninth day of January, 2009, in duplicate in the English language.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF

AUSTRALIA: THE ISLE OF MAN:

H.E. John Dauth LVO The Hon Allan Bell

High Commissioner Minister of the Isle of Man Treasury