The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

FUTURE AGEING

Report on a draft report of the 40th Parliament:

Inquiry into long-term strategies to address the ageing of the Australian population over the next 40 years

House of Representatives Standing Committee on Health and Ageing 41st Parliament © Commonwealth of Australia 2005 ISBN 0 642 78500 7

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Foreword

In the 40th Parliament, the House of Representatives Standing Committee on Ageing inquired into *the long-term strategies to address the ageing of the Australian population over the next 40 years*. The election was called in 2004 before a report was completed for tabling.

The House of Representatives Standing Committee on Health and Ageing, formed in the 41st Parliament, resolved to table the draft report from the inquiry without amendment or reopening the inquiry. Recommendations are not made in this publication, and thus a Government Response is not anticipated. To aid readers and future researchers, the committee inquiry process details are summarised and some conclusions are shared.

During the 40th Parliament inquiry a total of 192 submissions and 88 exhibits were received. The committee held 18 public hearings across the country (Adelaide, Alice Springs, Brisbane, Broken Hill, Canberra, Central Coast, Coffs Harbour, Darwin, Dubbo, Lake Macquarie, Melbourne, Perth, Sydney, and Western Sydney), undertook six site inspections to aged care facilities, a respite centre, the University of the Third Age, and four organisations at Tullamore NSW involved in work with aged people. From the public hearing program, the committee took evidence from 100 witnesses representing 88 organisations or themselves.

To maximise community opportunities for contributions to the inquiry, the committee also held six community forums associated with five of the public hearings (Gold Coast, Norah Head, Charlestown, Coffs Harbour, Alice Springs, Broken Hill). A total of 127 statements were made. The committee also received 17 private briefings. A report was drafted.

Since the report was drafted last Parliament, and the election announced in August 2004, there have been a number of Government policy announcements and the new committee acknowledges these initiatives might supersede some conclusions made in the earlier drafted inquiry report.

On 13 August 2004, the Minister for Ageing Julie Bishop announced a new taskforce to ensure full delivery and oversee the remaining aged care Government initiatives that were part of the \$2.2 billion Budget package, including:

- A new Internet-based service to provide information on the quality of care in aged care homes, as well as information on fees, services and workforce;
- An e-commerce platform for residential aged care payments and simplified resident classification scale, reducing paperwork for aged care staff and increasing efficiency in the information exchange between government and providers; and
- A provider-funded guarantee fund to further protect residents' bonds.

On 9 November 2004, the Minister for Ageing Julie Bishop announced the Government was taking applications for funding to train the aged care workforce:

- \$7.4 million for education providers to provide up to 5,250 Enrolled Nurses with training to administer medication; and
- \$56 million for vocational education and training opportunities for up to 15,750 aged care workers to upgrade their qualifications to Certificate III, Certificate IV and Enrolled Nurse level.

These measures were part of \$150 million funds the Australian Government was spending on education and training opportunities for aged care workers, including scholarships for rural and regional Australians wanting to study aged care, and new undergraduate nursing places at university.

On 18 November 2004, the Minister for Ageing Julie Bishop also announced and introduced legislation to enable older Australians to have more choice in health care and to make private health insurance more affordable. The private health insurance rebate is to be increased to 35% for people aged 65-69 and to 40% for people aged 70 and over, thus making private health insurance premiums \$100 to \$200 per year cheaper for approximately one million older Australians.

In the Governor-General's speech at the opening of the 41st Parliament, it was also announced that GP rebates would be increased from 85% to 100% of the Medicare fee for all consultations, and there would be greater access to mental health care especially with the burden of depression. While these issues affect all Australians, they are especially relevant to the ageing population.

The committee in the 41st Parliament considers it important to share with the community the evidence, developments and conclusions of the previous committee in the 40th Parliament. Parliamentary committee members are challenged throughout an inquiry process, balancing the electorate demands with burning parliamentary committee inquiry work. The previous committee members were committed to producing outcomes to vexed issues that all Australians will eventually face in the future. Thus, central to future progress is the need to make public any pertinent explorations.

Hon Alex Somlyay MP Chair viii

Membership of the Standing Committee on Health and Ageing -41st Parliament

Chair Hon Alex Somlyay MP

Deputy Chair Ms Jill Hall MP

Members Mr Alan Cadman MP Mrs Justine Elliot MP Mrs Kay Elson MP

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UNTITLED

Report on the inquiry into long-term strategies to address the ageing of the Australian population over the next 40 years

House of Representatives Standing Committee on Ageing 40th Parliament

August 2004 Canberra

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Membership of the Standing Committee on Ageing - 40th Parliament

Chair Mr John Cobb MP (from 5/11/03)

Dr Andrew Southcott (to 4/11/03)

Deputy Chair Ms Jill Hall MP

Members Ms Ann Corcoran MP Ms Annette Ellis MP Ms Teresa Gambaro MP Mr Luke Hartsuyker MP Mr Greg Hunt MP Mrs Margaret May MP Mr Frank Mossfield MP Mr Tony Smith MP

Terms of reference

On 26 June 2002, the Minister for Ageing, the Hon Kevin Andrews MP, asked the Committee to inquire into the long-term strategies to address the ageing of the Australian population over the next 40 years.

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List of abbreviations

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
AHMC	Australian Health Ministers' Conference
AIFS	Australian Institute of Family Studies
AIHW	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
AMA	Australian Medical Association
ASFA	Association of Superannuation Funds of Australia
ASIC	Australian Securities and Investments Commission
AWT	Australians Working Together
BCA	Business Council of Australia
CACP	Consumer Aged Care Package
CBP	Community Business Partnership
CDEP	Community Development Employment Program
COTA	Council on the Ageing
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
DEST	Department of Education, Science and Training
DEWR	Department of Employment and Workplace Relations
DIMIA	Department of Immigration, and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs
ENEPRI	European Network of Economic Policy Research Institutes

FaCS	Department of Family and Community Services
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
HACC	Home and Community Care
ICV	Indigenous Community Volunteers
IEP	Indigenous Employment Policy
ISFA	Investment and Financial Services Association
ISO	International Standards Organisation
IYOP	Year of the Older Person
NATSEM	National Centre for Social and Economic Modelling
NHMRC	National Health and Medical Research Council
NOM	Net Overseas Migration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBS	Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme
PMSEIC	Prime Minister's Science, Engineering and Innovation Council
SISFA	
	Small Independent Superannuation Funds Association
TAFE	Small Independent Superannuation Funds Association Technical and Further Education
TAFE TBL	
	Technical and Further Education
TBL	Technical and Further Education Triple Bottom Line

List of conclusions

2 Age friendly communities

Conclusion 1

The Committee concludes that the Department of Health and Ageing should ensure that the proposed quality assurance system for Australian Government funded community care programs covers the support provided to carers both directly by the National Carer Respite Program and through the provision of Community Care Packages. (para 2.56)

3 Ageing with dignity

Conclusion 2

The Committee concludes that in further developing the *National Strategy for an Ageing Australia*, the Australian Government should include a statement of the underpinning the Strategy. In the first instance, the values would promote a basis for debate. Subsequently as a goal /vision against which further development should be tested and measured.

The Committee concludes that in further implementing the *National Strategy for an Ageing Australia,* key messages and information must be developed in such ways as to engage people of all ages, of different backgrounds and relevant to the contexts in which people are living and working. (para 3.76)

Conclusion 3

The Committee concludes that the Community Services Ministers' Advisory Council should direct the Positive Ageing Taskforce to broaden the scope of their work on elder abuse to identify and develop guidance on ways in which older people can be assisted to maintain control over their lives and affairs.

The Committee further concludes that guidance be implemented by all State and Territory Governments to provide a consistent approach across Australia to protecting the dignity of all older Australians. (para 3.79)

Conclusion 4

The Committee concludes that the Attorney General should work with the State and Territory Attorneys General to review, streamline and unify the legal instruments used for planning end of life decisions relating to management of affairs and assets, protection from abuse and care preferences. (para 3.82)

4 Housing and transport

Conclusion 5

The Committee concludes that the Australian Government through the Health and Community Ministers' Council and the Housing Ministers' Conference should lead the development of longer term strategies to address the housing needs of an ageing Australia that:

- build on the research being undertaken by the Australian Building Codes Board;
- promptly action any national building standard recommended by the research being undertaken by the Australian Building Codes Board;
- facilitate the development of a national 'age friendly home standard' which must be included in all rental and sales advertisements for domestic dwellings; and
- entitle purchasers 65 years and over to reduced transaction costs for the purchase of a freehold title domestic dwelling (with registrable and transferable interests) that qualifies for the national 'age friendly home standard'. (para 4.46)

Conclusion 6

The Committee concludes that the Australian Transport Council identify older people's transport needs and develop a national action plan to improve the safety, accessibility, availability and affordability of public transport to support older people's independence and participation in their communities. (para 4.51)

5 Healthy ageing

Conclusion 7

The Committee concludes that the Australian Government fund research to establish reliable baseline data on obesity and longitudinal studies to track changes over time and the impact of changes on health status. (para 5.46)

Conclusion 8

The Committee concludes that the Department of Health and Ageing ensure that the expanded role of Aged Care Assessment Teams in case management include early identification and management of nutritional problems.

Nutritional problems should be included in the Aged Care Assessment Program National Minimum Data Set and reported against annually. (para 5.48)

6 Workforce participation

Conclusion 9

The Committee concludes that the Prime Minister's Community Business Partnership should explicitly advocate improving employment opportunities for older people as a component of corporate social responsibility and triple bottom line reporting by Australian employer organisations. (para 6.78)

Conclusion 10

The Committee concludes that employer organisations including government departments should voluntarily demonstrate their commitment to the employment of older people by :

- developing indicators for and reporting on improving employment opportunities for older people within their own organisations; and
- extending their corporate social responsibility activities to improving employment opportunities for older people more generally. (para 6.79)

7 Financial security in later life

Conclusion 11

The Committee concludes that a comprehensive study of the impacts of demographic compression on the capacity of families to save for retirement be undertaken jointly by the Department of Family and Community Services and the Treasury. (para 7.73)

8 Aged care and health services

Conclusion 12

The Committee concludes that the Department of Health and Ageing liaise with the state and territory agencies so that:

• the new dementia care supplement should be set at two levels, consistent with the rates for the new medium care and high care RCS categories; and

 the medium care level supplement should also be made available for the care of people with challenging behaviours who are still living in the community. (para 8.273)

Conclusion 13

The Committee concludes that, to provide a better incentive for aged care providers to provide respite care, including for people with complex high care needs, the subsidy for respite care in residential aged care facilities should be set at two levels, consistent with the rates for the new medium care and high care RCS categories. (para 8.274)

Conclusion 14

The Committee concludes that Australian Health Ministers, through the Australian Council for Safety and Quality in Health Care, should identify the care of older people while in hospital as a safety and quality priority and recommend specific actions to improve the standard of their care. (para 8.276)

9 Aged care and health services: Looking to the future

Conclusion 15

The Committee concludes that the Australian Government actively monitors funding for National Health Priorities research to ensure that by the end of 2005, at least one third of the funding priority is directed to research related to Ageing well, and ageing productively. (para 9.16)

Conclusion 16

The committee concludes that, in the next funding round, the NHMRC should give priority to research aimed at gaining a better understanding of nutrition for people aged over 65 years. (para 9.18)

Conclusion 17

The Committee concludes that the Department of Education, Science and Training should work with the Committee of Deans of Australian Medical Schools to increase the focus of the health of older people in the curriculum for under-graduate medical education. (para 9.23)